Asit C. Mehta FINANCIAL SERVICES LTD.

36th ANNUAL REPORT 2019-20

Financial Highlights

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16
Net Worth*	901	878	573	574	606
Borrowings	3140	3,461	3,755	3,339	2,427
Net fixed Assets (including revaluation)	27	27	28	30	6,554
Investments	1572	1,572	1,568	1,560	1,547
Book Value per share (in rupees)	84.80	85.96	79.79	81.04	12.23
Gross Income	636	1,092	652	663	340
Operating and Other expenses	681	730	709	672	582
Profit Before Tax	(45)	362	(58)	(9)	(243)
Profit After Tax	(45)	306	(59)	(18)	(229)
Equity Dividend Per share – (in rupees)		-	-	-	-

^{*}Excluding revaluation reserve

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COMPANY DETAILS

ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED (CIN: L65900MH1984PLC091326) (ISIN: - INE041B01014) Registered Office: Nucleus House, Saki-Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai: 400072. Tel: 022-28570781 / 28583333 Website: www.acmfsl.com Email id: investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in

Corporate information

Board of directors

Mr. Asit C. Mehta

Chairman DIN: 00169048

Mrs. Deena a. Mehta

Non-Executive Director

DIN:00168992

Mr. Kirit H.Vora

Non-Executive Director

DIN: 00168907

Mr. Vijay Ladha

Independent Director

DIN: 00168663

Dr. Radha Krishna Murthy

Independent Director

DIN: 00221583

Mr. Pundarik Sanyal

Independent Director

DIN: 01773295

Manager

Mr. Pankaj Jeevanlal Parmar

Statutory Auditors

M/s Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J K Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants, 4th floor, Padmavati Complex, Near Jain Temple, Cow Circle, Akota, Vadodara-390020

Internal Auditors

M/s. Mehta Chokshi & Shah , Chartered Accountants, maker Bhavan 3, 214, 2nd floor, New marine lines, mumbai-400020

Secretarial Auditor

M/s. Mehta & Mehta, Company Secretaries, 201-206, Shiv Smriti, 2nd floor, 49/A, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Above Corporation Bank Worli, Mumbai 400 018

Registrar and transfer agent

Link Intime India Private limited, C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (west), Mumbai - 400083.

Phone no: 022- 4918 6270 fax no.:022-4918 6060

website: www.linkintime.co.in

Bankers

ICICI Bank
Bank of India
State Bank of India
Yes Bank Limited
IndusInd Bank Limited
Kotak Mahindra Bank Limited

Registered office Address

Nucleus House, Saki-Vihar Road, Andheri (East), mumbai: 400072 Tel. No: 022- 28570781/28583333

E-mail: investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in

website: www.acmfsl.com

CIN: L65900MH1984PLC091326

(CIN: L65900MH1984PLC091326)

Registered Office: Nucleus House, Saki-Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai: 400072

Tel: 022-28570781 / 28583333

Website: www.acmfsl.com Email id: investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the **THIRTY SIXTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** of Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Limited will be held at the registered office of the Company situated at Nucleus House, Saki-Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai: 400072 at 11.00 a.m. (Indian Standard Time), on Wednesday, 30th September, 2020; through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements containing the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2020 and the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.

To consider and pass, if thought fit with or without modification, the following resolutions as an Ordinary Resolutions:

- "RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 and the reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be and are hereby considered as approved and adopted."
- 2. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Asit C. Mehta (DIN: 00169048), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

To consider and pass, if thought fit with or without modification, the following resolutions as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Asit C. Mehta (DIN: 00169048), Non-Executive & Non-Independent Director, who retires by rotation at this Meeting, be and is hereby appointed as a Director of the Company."

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited

Date: 01st September, 2020

Place: Mumbai

ASIT C. MEHTA CHAIRMAN DIN: 00169048

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Nucleus House, Saki- Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400 072 CIN: L65900MH1984PLC091326

Information for Members

Notes:

- To prevent fraudulent transactions, members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified from time to time.
- 2. Members holding shares in electronic form are requested to intimate immediately any change in their address or bank mandates to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their Demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to notify change of address, if any, to the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
- 3. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant dealing in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN to the Company / Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.

- 4. Members are requested to inform the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent i.e. Link Intime India Private Limited, C-101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai-400083 about the changes, if any, in their registered address along with the Pin Code, quoting their Folio Number and DP ID. All correspondence relating to transfer of shares may be sent directly to the aforesaid Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company.
- 5. SEBI vide its notification dated 8th June, 2018, as amended on 30th November, 2018, has stipulated that w.e.f. 1st April, 2019, the transfer of securities (except transmission or transposition of shares) shall not be processed, unless the securities are held in the dematerialized form. The Company has complied with the necessary requirements as applicable, including sending of letters to shareholders holding shares in physical form requesting them to demat their physical holdings.
- 6. To comply with the above mandate, members who still hold share certificates in physical form are advised to dematerialise their shareholding to avail numerous benefits of dematerialisation, which include easy liquidity, ease of trading and transfer, savings in stamp duty and elimination of any possibility of loss of documents and bad deliveries.
- 7. Relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and in the Explanatory Statement, if any, are open for inspection by the Members at the Company's Registered Office on all working days of the Company during business hours up to the date of the Meeting.
- 8. Electronic copy of the Annual Report for Financial Year 2019-20 and the Notice of 36th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") are being sent to all the Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agents /Depository Participant(s) for communication purposes, unless any Member has requested for a physical copy of the same. To support the 'Green Initiative', the Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses are requested to register the same with the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agents/ Depositories.

CDSL e-Voting System - For Remote e-voting and e-voting during AGM

- 9. As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020. The forthcoming AGM/EGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing 36th Annual general Meeting through VC/OAVM.
- 10. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM/EGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM will be provided by CDSL.
- 11. The Members can join the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the 36th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committees and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 12. The attendance of the Members attending the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the guorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 13. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 14. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the 36th Annual General Meeting has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.acmfsl.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited, at www.bseindia.com. The AGM/EGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM/EGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 15. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDRES FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- (i) The Remote E-Voting period begins on Sunday, 27th September, 2020 at 9.00 A.M and ends on Tuesday 29th September, 2020 at 5.00 P.M. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialised form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of Wednesday 23th September 2020, may cast their vote electronically. The Remote e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter i.e. Remote E-Voting will disabled on 29th September, 2020 at 5.00 PM.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue (At the of AGM held through VC/OAVM).
- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- (v) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

OR

Alternatively, if you are registered for CDSL's **EASI/EASIEST** e-services, you can log-in at https://www.cdslindia.com from Login-Myeasi using your login credentials. Once you successfully log-in to CDSL's **EASI/EASIEST** e-services, click on **e-Voting** option and proceed directly to cast your vote electronically.

- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below;
- (iv) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below;

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
PAN	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
OR Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (x) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for the relevant Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.

- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "m-Voting". The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.
- (xx) Ms. Ashwini Inamdar, Partner, M/s. Mehta & Mehta, Practicing Company Secretaries or failing her Mr. Atul Mehta, Partner, M/s. Mehta & Mehta, Practicing Company Secretaries, has been appointed as the Scrutiniser to scrutinise the voting at the meeting and remote e-voting process (including the Poll Paper/ E-voting received from the Members who are attending at the time of 36th AGM via VC/OAVM) in a fair and transparent manner.
- (xxi) The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, which sets out details relating to Special Business at the meeting. Is not applicable as there is no special business, in the Notice of the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- For Physical shareholders please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
- For Demat shareholders please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhaar Card) to Company/RTA email id.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE ENSUING 36TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING THROUGH VC/OAVMARE AS UNDER:

- 1. Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at https://www.evotingindia.com under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- 2. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 3. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their requesting advance atleast 2 working days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/ folio number, email id, mobile number at investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 2 working days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in). These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 6. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE ENSUING 36TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the ensuing 36th Annual General Meeting is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those shareholders, who are present in the 36th Annual General Meeting through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 3. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the 36th AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the 36th AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

(xxii) Note for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- 1. Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- 2. A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- 3. After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- 4. The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk. evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- 5. A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and /or Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- 6. Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorised signatory who are authorised to vote, to the Scrutiniser and to the Company at the email address viz; investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in (designated email address by company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the e-Voting System, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact Mr. Nitin Kunder (022-23058738) or Mr. Mehboob Lakhani (022-23058543) or Mr. Rakesh Dalvi (022-23058542).

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited

Date: 01st September, 2020 Place: Mumbai

> ASIT C. MEHTA CHAIRMAN DIN: 00169048

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Nucleus House, Saki- Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400 072 CIN: L65900MH1984PLC091326

Details of Director(s) seeking appointment / re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Pursuant to Clause 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and other applicable regulations

Particulars	Mr. Asit C. Mehta			
Date of Birth	24 th August 1959			
24th August 1959	1 st April, 2001			
Age	61			
Qualifications	B. Com., ACA, PG Diplor	ma in Securities Law.		
Expertise in specific / functional areas	Corporate Debt, Inter-bank, Forex Broking, Investment Banking, Portfolio management, Stock Broking.			
Remuneration last drawn	Nil (Except sitting fees)			
No. of Meetings of the Board attended during the year.	Held Attended 4			
Directorships held in other Companies	Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited Asit C Mehta Forex Private Limited Asit C. Mehta Real Estate Services Private Limited AVM Resolution Professionals LLP. ACM Commodity Services Pvt. Ltd.			
Memberships/Chairmanships held in committees of the Board of other companies	Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	Member of Audit Committee		
Number of shares held in the Company	22,91,638 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each.			
Relationship with other Directors	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta Spouse			
	1			

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Members,

Your Directors present the Thirty Sixth Annual Report and the Company's Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance, for the year ended March 31, 2020 is summarised below:

Particulars	Standalone (Rs. In lakh)		Consolidated (Rs. In lakh)	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Total Revenue	638.67	1092.05	3108.65	4572.79
Profit before Interest, Depreciation & Tax	486.51	898.74	113.92	1261.58
Less: Interest	399.56	401.26	847.55	696.71
Less: Depreciation	136.84	137.09	234.66	235.87
Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax	(49.89)	360.49	(968.29)	329.00
Tax Expenses				
Current Tax	0	30.69	0	48.26
Deferred Tax	0.70	46.69	98.45	40.54
MAT credit entitlement	0	(21.13)	0	(38.70)
Prior Period tax	0	0.71	(1.27)	0.81
Net Profit/ (Loss) after Tax	(49.18)	305.52	(871.11)	278.09
Other comprehensive	0.10	(0.15)	(332.50)	9.63
Total comprehensive income	(49.08)	305.67	(1,203.61)	287.72
Appropriations:				
Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	
Tax on Proposed Dividend	-	-	-	
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	(49.08)	305.67	(1,203.61)	287.72
Paid up Equity Share Capital	495.26	495.26	495.26	495.26
EPS (Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)	(1.02)	6.32	(18.02)	5.75
Basic & Diluted (in Rs.)*				

^{*} Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share is calculated excluding 1,18, 985 treasury shares.

Notes

- a. The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) with effect from 1st April 2017, and accordingly these financial results along with the comparatives have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles stated therein.
- b. The consolidated figures include the figures of Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited, Wholly Owned Subsidiary and Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited, Controlled Subsidiary (pursuant to Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 110) for entire year.

2. DIVIDEND

Your Directors do not recommend any dividend for the financial year 2019-20 as during the year company was in loss.

3. OPERATIONAL REVIEW/COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE

On a Standalone basis, the gross earnings reduced to Rs 638.67 lakh from Rs. 1092.05 lakh as compared to previous year. The year ended with a Loss after tax of Rs 49.18 lakh as compared to Profit after tax of Rs. 305.52 lakh in the previous year.

The Company has let out part of the Office premises on Lease/ Leave and License basis to external companies including ICICI Bank Limited. The Company offered advisory and consultancy services to certain clients and earned the fees aggregating to Rs.86.09 lakh from Advisory and Consultancy Division.

On a consolidated basis, the gross revenues reduced to Rs 3108.65 lakh as compared to Rs. 4572.79 lakh in the previous year and loss after tax was at Rs. 871.11 lakh as against profit after tax of Rs 278.09 lakh in the previous year.

Income from operations from Nucleus IT Enabled Services Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the company – engaged in to ITeS services, was reduced to Rs. 240.25 Lakh as compared to Rs. 280.71 Lakh in the previous year and the loss before depreciation and finance cost was Rs. 208.74 lakh as compared to loss before depreciation and finance cost of Rs. 138.92 lakh in the previous year. The overall loss stood at Rs. 300.10 lakh as against Rs. 257.94 lakh in the previous year.

Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited is controlled Subsidiary of the company as per Indian Accounting Standard (IND AS) 110) for the entire year.

4. SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

The Company has one subsidiary as on March 31, 2020. There are no associate companies within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). There has been no change in the nature of the business of the subsidiary.

The Company has a wholly owned subsidiary viz. Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited pursuant to section 2(87) of the Act and Controlled Subsidiary viz. Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited as per Ind AS 110.

Pursuant to provisions of Section 129 (3) of the Act, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of the Company's subsidiaries in Form AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company.

Your Company has formulated and adopted a "Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries" so that your company could identify such subsidiaries and formulate governance framework for them. The same is also available on the website of the Company www.acmfsl.com.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 136 of the Act, the financial statements of the Company, consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents and separate audited accounts in respect of subsidiaries, are available on the website of the Company.

5. SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital as on 31st March, 2020 was Rs.4,95,25,600/- divided into 49,52,560 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each. There is no change in Equity Share Capital of the Company during the year.

6. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

a. Directors

As on the date of this report, Company's Board comprises of 6 (Six) Directors, out of which, 3 (Three) independent directors representing 50% of total strength of the Board and remaining 3 (Three) are Non-Executive Directors (NEDs) represent 50% of the total strength including 1 (one) Woman Director.

Further, as per the Regulation 15 (2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, produced as it is herein read as "The compliance with the corporate governance provisions as specified in regulations 17, 12[17A,]18,19,20,21,22,23,24,13[24A,]25,26,27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V shall not apply, in respect of –

(a) the listed entity having paid up equity share capital not exceeding rupees ten crore and net worth not exceeding rupees twenty five crore, as on the last day of the previous financial year:

Provided that where at a later date, such listed entity shall comply with the requirements those regulations within the provisions of the regulations specified in this regulation becomes applicable to a listed entity six months from the date on which the provisions became applicable to the listed entity."

Therefore to have minimum Six Directors on the board of the listed entity is not applicable to our company as our paid-up Capital is less than Rs. 10 Crores and also Net Worth of the company is less than Rs. 25 Crores.

b. Retirement by Rotation

In accordance with the provisions of the Act, Mr. Asit C. Mehta (DIN: 00169048), Non-Executive Director of the Company, retires by rotation and being eligible has, offered himself for re-appointment.

c. Independent Directors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act 2013, Dr. Radha Krishna Murthy and Mr. Pundarik Sanyal were re-appointed as Independent Directors at the 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on Friday, September 27, 2019 and Mr. Vijay Ladha, was appointed as Independent Director at the 31st Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 24, 2015. The terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are as per Schedule IV of the Act.

They have submitted a declaration that each of them meets the criteria of independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and there has been no change in the circumstances, which may affect their status as Independent Director during the year.

As Mr. Vijay Ladha (DIN: 00168663) was appointed as an Independent Directors at the 31st Annual General Meeting (2015) to hold office as such for a period of his second term of five Consecutive years up to 36th Annual General Meeting (2020) of the Company.

Pursuant to Regulation 15(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. Read with the applicability of Regulation 17 (1) (c) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 does not apply to company to have minimum Six Directors on the Board.

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149 and 152 read with Schedule IV and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, Dr. Radha Krishna Murthy (DIN: 00221583) and Mr. Pundarik Sanyal (DIN: 01773295), are eligible to be re-appointed as an Independent Directors of the Company, not liable to retire by rotation and to hold office for a second term of 5 (five) consecutive years after the expiry of there present term of office i.e. with effect from the 35th AGM (2019) till the date of the 40th AGM (2024) of the Company (both dates inclusive).

d. Board Effectiveness

- i. Familiarisation Programme for the Independent Directors: In compliance with the requirement of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company has put in place a familiarisation programme for the Independent Directors to familiarise them with their role, rights and responsibility as Directors, the working of the Company, nature of the industry in which the Company operates, business model etc. The details of the familiarisation programme is available on the website of the Company www.acmfsl.com.
- ii. Evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees and the Directors:

The Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, Board Committees and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the corporate governance requirements as prescribed under SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The evaluation framework for assessing the performance of Directors comprises of the following key areas:

- Expertise;
- b. Objectivity and Independence
- c. Guidance and support in context of life stage of the Company;
- d. Understanding of the Company's business;
- e. Understanding and commitment to duties and responsibilities;
- f. Willingness to devote the time needed for effective contribution to Company;
- g. Participation in discussions in effective and constructive manner;
- h. Responsiveness in approach;
- i. Ability to encourage and motivate the Management for continued performance and success;

The evaluation involves Self-Evaluation by the Board Member and subsequently assessment by the Board of Directors. A member of the Board will not participate in the discussion of his / her evaluation. Accordingly a process of evaluation was followed by the Board for its own performance and that of its Committees and individual Directors and also the necessary evaluation was carried out by Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Independent Directors at their respective meetings held for the purpose.

Outcome of the Evaluation: The Board of your Company was completely satisfied with the functioning of the Board and its Committees. The Committees are functioning well and besides the Committee's terms of reference, as mandated by law, and important issues are brought up and discussed in the Committee Meetings. The Board was also satisfied with the contribution of Directors, in their respective capacities, which reflects the overall engagement of the Individual Directors.

e. Key Managerial Personnel

The following persons have been designated as Key Managerial Personnel of the Company pursuant to Section 2(51) and Section 203 of the Companies Act 2013, read with the Rules framed thereunder for the period ended 31st March, 2020;

- a. Ms. Mamta Gautam, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) (Resigned w.e.f 5th July, 2019).
- b. Mr. Akshay Pawan Kumar Jain, Chief Financial Officer (CFO) (Appointed w.e.f 13th August, 2019) and has resigned with effect from 31st July, 2020.
- c. Mr. Pankaj Jeevanlal Parmar, Manager
- d. Ms. Meha Singh Sikarwar, Company Secretary (Resigned w.e.f 16th January, 2020)

7. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act. 2013 the Board of Directors states that:

a. in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2020, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation and there are no material departures from the same;

- b. they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year March 31, 2020 and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period;
- they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the
 provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other
 irregularities;
- d. they have prepared the annual accounts on a 'going concern' basis;
- e. there were no frauds reported in the company, during the year under review;
- f. they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- g. they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

8. MEETINGS

a. Board Meetings

Four meetings of the Board of Directors were held during the year on 29.05.2019, 13.08.2019, 13.11.2019 and 14.02.2020.

b. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises three members. The Chairman of the Committee is an Independent Director. The Committee met four times during the year on 29.05.2019, 13.08.2019, 13.11.2019 and 14.02.2020.

c. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of three members. The chairperson of the committee is an Independent Director. There were two meetings of the committee held during the year on 29.05.2019 and 13.08.2019.

d. Stakeholders and relationship Committee

The Stakeholders and relationship committee comprises of two members. The chairperson of the committee is Non-Executive Director as per compliance with section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013.

9. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable material weakness in the design or operation was observed.

10. AUDITORS

a. Statutory Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, M/s. Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J K Shah & Co., Chartered Accountants, Vadodara, (F.R.No.101676W) were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years, to hold office from the conclusion of Thirty Fourth 34th AGM held on September 29, 2018 till the conclusion of the Thirty Ninth (39th) AGM to be held in the year 2023.

b. Secretarial Audit

The Company has appointed M/s. Mehta & Mehta, Company Secretaries, to undertake the Secretarial Audit for the year under review, of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014.

11. AUDITORS' REPORT AND SECRETARIAL AUDITORS' REPORT

 $The \, Auditors' \, Report \, does \, not \, contain \, any \, qualifications, \, reservations \, or \, adverse \, remarks.$

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year 2019-20 in Form MR -3 given by M/s. Mehta & Mehta, Company Secretaries in Practice is attached as Annexure I with this report. The Secretarial Audit Report (MR-3) does not contain any qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks.

12. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Amounts outstanding as at 31st March, 2020.

(Rs. in lakh)

<u>Particulars</u>	Amount
Loans given	0.00
Guarantees given	630.00
Investments made	1,572.23

Name of Entity	Relation	Amount (in lakh)	Particulars of Loan/ Guarantee/Investments	Purpose
Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited (ACMIIL)	Controlled Subsidiary of the Company As per Ind AS 110	1,266.27	Investments	Investment in Equity Shares of the company
Omniscience Capital Advisor Pvt Ltd	None	5.96	Investments	Investments in preference Shares of the company
Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited (NITES)	Wholly Owned Subsidiary	300.00	Investments	Investment in Equity Shares of the company
Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited (ACMIIL)	Controlled Subsidiary of the Company As per Ind AS 110	630.00	Security / Guarantee	Financial Support

13. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company has not entered into any material contracts, with the related parties during the year 2019-20 and other contracts or arrangements are in the ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis, which were approved by the Audit Committee and the Board from time to time. Therefore, there are no particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 to disclose in the prescribed form AOC-2 and may be treated as not applicable.

14. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company is not required to constitute a Corporate Social Responsibility Committee as it does not fall within purview of Section 135(1) of the Act, and hence it is not required to formulate policy on Corporate Social Responsibility.

15. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION & REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with requirements, inter-alia, of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. An Internal Compliance Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary and trainee) are covered under this policy. The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the Financial Year 2019-20:

- No. of complaints received: NIL
- No. of complaints disposed off: NIL

16. INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (IND AS)

The annexed financial statements comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

17. ANNUAL RETURN

As provided under Section 92(3) of the Act, the Annual Return (MGT-7) has been uploaded on the website of the company and can be accesses in Investor Relation Tab link is http://www.acmfsl.com/inv_info.htm. We also attach the Extract of Annual Return as Annexure II in the prescribed Form MGT-9, which forms part of this report.

18. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required under Section 197 of the Act read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are given below:

i. The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year:

The Directors of the Company are not paid any remuneration except the sitting fees. Hence, the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees is NIL.

ii The percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

The Board of the Company consists of Non-executive Directors. The non-executive directors are paid no remuneration except the sitting fees plus reimbursement of actual travel expenses, if any.

There is no increase in the remuneration of Company Secretary, Manager and Chief Financial Officer of the Company during the financial year.

iii. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year:

The Company has 2 (Two) permanent Employees on the rolls of Company during the Financial Year 2019-20 and One employee has left during the year, therefore it is not possible to ascertain the increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year.

iv. The number of permanent employees on the rolls of company:

The Company has 2 (Two) permanent Employees on the rolls of Company as on 31st March, 2020 and one employee left during the year.

v. The explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and company performance:

Employees have not received any annual increase based on individual performance as there was only 2 employees out of which 1 has left the company.

vi. Comparison of the remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company:

(Rs. in Lakh)

<u>Particulars</u>	Amount
Aggregate remuneration of Key Managerial Personal	13.71
Revenue	638.67
Remunerations of KMP (as % of above)	2.15
Profit / Loss before tax	(49.88)
Remunerations of KMP (as % of Loss before tax)	(0.27)

- vii. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration: Not Applicable
- viii. Comparison of the each remuneration of the Key Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company:

(Rs. in Lakh)

<u>Particulars</u>	Chief Financial Officer	<u>Manager</u>	Company Secretary
Remuneration in FY 2019-20	13.71	-	-
Remuneration as % of revenue	2.15		
Profit / Loss before tax (PBT)	(49.88)	(49.88 <u>)</u>	(49.88 <u>)</u>
Remuneration as % of PBT	(0.27)	Not computable	Not computable

ix. The key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the directors:

No remuneration is paid to the Directors except for the sitting fees. Therefore, there are no variable components availed by any of the Directors of the Company.

x. The ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid director to that of the employees who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year:

The Directors of the Company are not paid any remuneration except the sitting fees; therefore there is no highest paid director in the Company.

xi. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.

The Company affirms that the remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

xii. The statement containing particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014:

There are no employees who were employed for a part of the financial year or throughout the financial year and are in:

- a. receipt of remuneration which was not less than sixty lakh per annum;
- b. five lakh rupees per month;
- c. in receipt of remuneration which is in excess of that drawn by Managing Director/Whole-time Director/Manager and holds by himself or along with his spouse and dependent children two percent or more of the equity shares of the company.

Therefore, the statement containing particulars of employees is not required to be attached.

19. DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

- As per Regulation 15 (2) read with Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)
 Regulations, 2015. And explanation provided above para 6 (a), Corporate Governance Report is not applicable to the
 company.
- However, Management Discussion and Analysis is attached, which form part of the Annual Report.
- Details of the Familiarization Programme of the independent directors are available on the website of the Company.
 (URL:http://www.acmfsl.com/pdf/Policies/Familiarisation programme for Independent Directors.pdf)
- Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries of the Company is available on the website of the Company.
 (URL:http://www.acmfsl.com/pdf/Policies/Policy for determination of material subsidiary.pdf)
- Policy on Dealing with Related Party Transactions is available on the website of the Company.
 - (URL: http://www.acmfsl.com/pdf/Policies/Related Party Transactions Policy.pdf)
- The Company has formulated and published a Whistle Blower Policy to provide Vigil Mechanism for employees including directors of the Company to report genuine concerns. The provisions of this policy are in line with the provisions of the Section 177(9) of the Act.

(URL: http://www.acmfsl.com/pdf/Policies/Whistle Blower Policy.pdf)

20. DEPOSITS FROM PUBLIC

The Company has not accepted any deposits from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on the date of the balance sheet.

21. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO Conservation of Energy

The operations of your company involved low energy consumption. Energy conservation efforts are being pursued on a continuous basis. Close monitoring of power is maintained to minimise wastage and facilitate optimum utilisation of energy.

Your Company has installed Roof-Top Solar PV system at the registered office of the Company in March, 2017. Installation of 25kw capacity of system will result in energy saving of 37,500 kwh approx.

Technology Absorption

During the year under review, there is no technology absorption. The company has neither imported any technology nor incurred any expenditure on research and development of technology.

Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

Foreign Exchange Outgo: Nil

Foreign Exchange Earnings is as follows:

(Rs. in Lakh)

<u>Particulars</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Advisory charges - Export	29.09

22. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENT IF ANY AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY OCCURRED BETWEEN THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR TO WHICH THIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RELATE AND THE DATE OF THE REPORT

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company occurred between the end of the financial year to which this financial statements relate and the date of this report.

The First half of the financial year 2020-21 has witnessed unprecedented time due to spread of global pandemic Covid-19. The business has come to a standstill. The problem is likely to continue the couple of months more. Covid-19 has direct impact on demand for rental properties. Our company is witnessing substantial number of vacant premises and lower revenue during the current year.

23. ORDER PASSED BY REGULATOR OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS

There are no Material orders passed by the regulator or courts or tribunals against the company impacting its status as going concern and on its operations.

24. COMPLIANCE WITH SECRETARIAL STANDARDS

The Board of Directors affirms that the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (SS1 and SS2) respectively relating to Meetings of the Board, its Committees and members of the Company which have mandatory application during the year under review.

25. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors thank the Company's employees, customers, vendors, investors and academic institutions for their continuous support.

The Directors also thank the Government of India, the Governments of various states in India and concerned Government Departments/Agencies for their co-operation.

The Directors appreciate and value the contributions made by every member of the team of Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Ltd.

For and on Behalf of Board of Directors Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited

Date: 01st September, 2020

Place: Mumbai

ASIT C. MEHTA CHAIRMAN DIN: 00169048

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Nucleus House, Saki- Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400 072 CIN: L65900MH1984PLC091326

Annexure I

FORM MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020 [Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, **Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Limited,** Nucleus House, Saki-Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400072.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Limited (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conduct, statutory compliance and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings(during the period under review not applicable to the Company);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (during the period under review not applicable to the Company);
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits)Regulations, 2014(during the period under review not applicable to the Company);
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (during the period under review not applicable to the Company);
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client (during the period under review not applicable to the Company);
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (during the period under review not applicable to the Company); and
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities)Regulations, 2018 (during the period under review not applicable to the Company);

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- a) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India;
- b) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

The Company is in the business of providing advisory and consultancy services on Fund mobilization and restructuring of Companies and renting vacant properties. As per the representation made by the Company, the business activities of the Company are not regulated by any authority, hence, we cannot comment on the same.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of the Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views, if any, are captured and recorded as part of the Minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period there were no specific events / actions having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc.

Note: Due to lockdown under COVID-19, Certification on this Form MR-3 is done on basis of the documents made available to us in the electronic form (i.e. over email) by the Secretarial Team of the Company and such documents will be verified physically after the lockdown is lifted.

For Mehta & Mehta, Company Secretaries (ICSI Unique Code P1996MH007500)

Atul Mehta Partner FCS No: 5782 CP No: 2486

Place: Mumbai Date: August 27, 2020

UDIN:F005782B000622068

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'ANNEXURE A' and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To, The Members, **Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Limited,** Nucleus House, Saki-Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai – 400072.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3) We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4) Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5) The compliance of the provisions of corporate laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6) The secretarial audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For Mehta & Mehta,

Company Secretaries

(ICSI Unique Code P1996MH007500)

Atul Mehta

Partner

FCS No: 5782 CP No: 2486

Place: Mumbai

Date: August 27, 2020

UDIN:F005782B000622068

Annexure II

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 [Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

1. Corporate Identification Number (CIN) L65900MH1984PLC091326

2. Registration Date January 25, 1984

3. Name of the Company Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Limited.

4. Category/Sub-category of the Company Company Limited by Shares/ Indian Non-Government Company

5. Address of the Registered office & contact Nucleus House, Saki- Vihar Road, Andheri (East),

details Mumbai: 400072.

Tel. No.:022-28570781/28583333

Email id: investorgrievance@acmfsl.co.in

Website: www.acmfsl.com

Yes, Listed only on BSE Ltd.

6. Whether listed company

7. Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.

Address & contact details of the Link Intime India Pvt. Ltd.,

C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli (West),

Mumbai - 400083.

Phone no: 022- 4918 6270 Fax no.:022-4918 6060

Website: www.linkintime.co.in.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY (All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)

S. No.	Name And Description Of Main Products / Services	Nic Code Of The Product/service	% To Total Turnover Of The company
1.	Advisory & Consultancy	66190	13.48
2.	rental Income	68100	77.98

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES-

sr. no	name and address of the Company	Cin/GLn	Holding/subsidiary/asso- ciate	% of shares held	applicable section
1.	Nucleus IT Enabled services limited (NITEs) Nucleus house, sa-ki-Vihar road, Andheri (East), mumbai: 400072		wholly owned subsidiary	100%	2(87)
2	Asit C.mehata Invest- ment Intermediates Ltd Nucleus house, sa- ki-Vihar road, Andheri (East), mumbai: 400072	U65990MH1993PLC075388	Controlled Subsidiary	44.09	Controlled Subsidiary As per (Indian Accounting Standard) IND AS 110

I. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity) (a). Category-wise Share Holding

Category of shareholders	No. Of Shares Held At The Beginning Of The Year[As on 1-April -2019]				No. Of Shares Held At The End Of The Year As On[31-March-2020]				% Change During the
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	year
a. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ huf	32,79,516	0	32,79,516	66.22	32,79,516	0	32,79,516	66.22	0
b) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) state Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
d) Bodies Corp.	4,14,370	0	4,14,370	8.37	4,14,370	0	4,14,370	8.37	0
e) Banks / fl	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
f) Any other	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_
sub-total (a) (1):-	36,93,886	0	36,93,886	74.59	36,93,886	0	36,93,886	74.59	0
(2) foreign			00,00,000				00,00,000		
a) Nrl - Individuals	_	_	-	-		_	_		_
b) Other Individuals	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_
c) BodiesCorporate	_	_	-	-		_		_	_
d) Banks/fl	_	_	_	-		_		_	_
e) Any other	<u>-</u>	_	-	-		_			_
sub-total (a)(2): -		_	-	-		-			_
total shareholding	36,93,886	0	36,93,886	74.59	36,93,886	0	36,93,886	74.59	0
of Promoter (a) = (a) (1)+(a)(2)	30,93,000		30,93,000	74.59	30,93,000	0	30,93,000	74.59	0
B. Public sharehold- ing									
1. Institutions									
a) mutual funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / fl	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Central Govt	24,576	-	24,576	0.50	24,576	-	24,576	0.50	0
d) state Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Compa nies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) flls	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h) foreign Venture Capital funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
sub-total (B)(1): -	24,576	-	24,576	0.50	24,576	-	24,576	0.50	0
2. non-institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	1,68,636	2,500	1,71,136	3.46	1,23,357	2,500	1,25,857	2.54	(0.91)
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
b) Individuals									
i) Individual share- holders holding nomi- nal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	2,36,703	98,779	3,35,482	6.77	2,40,062	94,579	3,34,641	6.76	(0.017)
i) Individual share- holders holding nomi- nal share capital in excess of Rs. 1 lakh	6,69,653	0	6,69,653	13.52	7,13,869	0	7,13,869	14.41	0.89

Category of shareholders			t the Beginnin -april -2018]	g of the	No. of Shares Held at the End of the year As on [31-march-2019]			e year	% Change During the
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	year
c) Others (specify)									
Qualified foreign Investor (Individual & Corporate)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Clearing member	595	-	595	0.01	310	0	310	0.0063	(0.0057)
foreign Portfolio Investor (Individual & Corporate)	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	
market maker	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Office Bearers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nrl's (repatriable)	1,005	-	1,005	0.02	1005	-	1005	0.02	-
Nrl's (Non-repatri - able)	11,211	-	11,211	0.23	12,711	-	12,711	0.26	0.03
holding Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
huf	44,966	-	44,966	0.91	45,705	-	45,705	0.92	0.01
Trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NBfCs registered with RBI	50	-	50	0.0010	0	0	0	0	(0.001)
sub-total (B)(2): -	11,32,819	1,01,279	12,34,098	24.92	11,37,019	97,079	12,34,098	24.92	0
total Public share- holding (B)=(B)(1)+ (B)(2)	11,57,395	1,01,279	12,58,674	25.41	11,61,595	97,079	12,58,674	25.41	0
C. shares held by Custodian for GDrs & ADrs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand total (a+B+C)	48,26,478	1,26,082	49,52,560	100	48,51,281	1,01,279	49,52,560	100.00	-

(b). Shareholding of Promoters & Promoter Group

Sn	Shareholder's name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year (As on 01-04-2019)		Shareholdi (As	% Change in Share-			
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	%of Shares Pledged / encum- bered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encum- bered to total shares	holding during the year
1	Asit C. mehta	22,91,638	46.27	0	22,91,638	46.27	0	No change
2	Deena A. mehta	9,00,358	18.18	0	9,00,358	18.18	0	No change
3	Asit C.mehta Commodityser-vices limited	4,00,470	8.09	0	4,00,470	8.09	0	No change
4	Asit C mehta huf	77,000	1.55	0	77,000	1.55	0	No change
5	Asit C. mehta forex private limited	13,900	0.28	0	13,900	0.28	0	No change
6	Jayesh Desai huf	7,120	0.14	0	7,120	0.14	0	No change
7	Gopa Jayesh Desai	1,900	0.04	0	1,900	0.04	0	No change
8	rupa Atul shah	1,500	0.03	0	1,500	0.03	0	No change
	total	36,93,886	74.59	0	36,93,886	74.59	0	

(c). Change in Promoters & Promoter Group shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

Sr. No	DP ID Client ID/ Folio	Name of the Shareholder	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the Beginning of the year		Sharehold	ılative ling during year	Remarks
					No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	
1.	1201320000000023	Asit C. mehta	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	22,91,638	46.27	22,91,638	46.27	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			22,91,638	46.27	No change
2.	1201320000000019	Deena A. mehta	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	9,00,358	18.18	9,00,358	18.18	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			9,00,358	18.18	No change
3.	1201320001703896	Asit C. mehta Commodity ser-	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	4,00,470	8.09	4,00,470	8.09	
		vices limited	31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			4,00,470	8.09	No Change
4.	1201320000576191	Asit C mehta HUF	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	77,000	1.55	77,000	1.55	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			77,000	1.55	No Change
5.	1201320000005775	Asit C. mehta Forex Private	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	13,900	0.28	13,900	0.28	
		Limited	31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			13,900	0.28	No Change
6.	1201320000007597	Aditya Asit mehta	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	0	0.00	0	0.00	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			0	0.00	No Change
7.	1201320001087905	Jayesh Desai HUF	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	7,120	0.14	7,120	0.14	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			7,120	0.14	No Change
8.	1201320000334594	Gopa Jayesh Desai	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	1,900	0.04	1,900	0.04	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year			1,900	0.04	No Change
9.	1302340000293910	Rupa Atul Shah	01-Apr- 2019	at the beginning of the year	1,500	0.03	1,500	0.03	
			31-Mar- 2020	at the end of the year	_		1,500	0.03	No

(d). Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders: (Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No.		beginning	hareholding at the ginning of the year (2019)		uring the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year (2020)	
	Name & Type of Transaction	No. Of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company	DATE OF TRANSACTION	No. Of Shares	No. Of Shares Held	% Of Total Shares Of The Company
1.	KETAN J KARANI	232691	4.6984			232691	4.6984
	Transfer			03 May 2019	(1028)	231663	4.6776
	Transfer			31 May 2019	(227924)	3739	0.0755
	Transfer			07 Jun 2019	235507	239246	4.8308
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					239246	4.8308
2.	TRUPTI K KARANI					235506	4.7552
	Transfer			31 May 2019	226824	462330	9.3352
	Transfer	235506	4.7552	07 Jun 2019	(235506)	226824	4.5799
	Transfer			09 Aug 2019	1277	228101	4.6057
	Transfer			06 Sep 2019	250	228351	4.6108
	Transfer			13 Sep 2019	100	228451	4.6128
	Transfer			20 Sep 2019	1032	229483	4.6336
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					229483	4.6336
3.	PURVI RAMESH AMBANIAT	118985	2.4025			118985	2.4025
	THE END OF THE YEAR					118985	2.4025
4.	SUMAN MARBLE INDUSTRIES PRIVATE LIMITED	50000	1.0096			50000	1.0096
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					50000	1.0096
5.	KIRIT HIMATLAL VORA	23520	0.4749			23520	0.4749
	Transfer			21 Jun 2019	26200	49720	1.0039
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					49720	1.0039
6.	RAVI NAVRATN JAIN	31781	0.6417			31781	0.6417
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					31781	0.6417
7.	KETAN JAYANTILAL KARANI (HUF)	27191	0.5490			27191	0.5490
	Transfer			06 Sep 2019	750	27941	0.5642
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					27941	0.5642
8.	NICHI INVESTMENT COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED	27000	0.5452			27000	0.5452
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					27000	0.5452
9.	VIPPY SPINPRO LTD	20000	0.4038			20000	0.4038
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					20000	0.4038
10.	BALMUKUND INVESTMENT COMPANY PRIVATE LIMITED	27500	0.5553			27500	0.5553
	Transfer			21 Jun 2019	(27500)	0	0.0000
	AT THE END OF THE YEAR					0	0.0000

V. Shareholding Of Directors And Key Managerial Personnel:

sn	Shareholding Of Each Director And Each Key Managerial Personnel	Shareholding At The Beginning Of The Year		Cumulative Shareholding During The Year		
		No. Of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	No. Of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	
1.	Asit Chimanlal mehta	22,91,638	46.27	22,91,638	46.27	
2.	Deena Asit mehta	9,00,358	18.18	9,00,358	18.18	
3.	Kirit himatlal Vora	23,520	0.47	23,520	0.47	
4.	Radha Krishna Murthy	1,000	0.02	1,000	0.02	
5.	Pundarik sanyak	-	-	-	-	
6.	Vijay ladha	-	-	-	-	
7.	Mamta Gautam (CfO)	-	-	-	-	
8.	Pankaj Jeevanlal Parmar (manager)	350	0.01	350	0.01	
9.	Meha Singh Sikarwar (Company secretary)	-	-			

Vi. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Secured Loans Excluding Deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	3,461.02	25.00	-	3,486.02
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	0.00	-	0.00
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	21.06	-	21.06
Total (i+ii+iii)	3,461.02	46.06		3,507.08
Change in indebtedness during the financial year				
* Addition	0	121.77	-	121.77
* reduction	320.99	-	-	320.99
Net Change	(320.99)	121.77	-	(199.22)
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	3,140.02	148.50	-	3,288.52
ii) Interest due but not paid	0		-	0
iii) Interest accrued but not due	0	19.34	-	19.34
Total (i+ii+iii)	3,140.02	167.84	-	3,307.86

Vii. I.REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

a. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-Time Directors and / or Manager:

(Rs.in lakhs)

Sr. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager
		Mr. Pankaj Jeevanlal Parmar Manager
1.	Gross salary	-
	(a) salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	-
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	-
2.	stock Option	-
3.	sweat Equity	-
4.	Commission - as % of profit	-
5.	Others, please specify	-
	Total (A)	-
	Ceiling as per the Act	

B. Remuneration to other directors

(Rs.in Thousands)

sn.	Particulars of Remuneration	Fees for attending Board / Committee meetings	Commission	others (pls specify)	total amount
1	independent directors				
	Mr. Vijay ladha	30.00	1	1	30.00
	Mr. Radha Krishna Murthy	30.00	-	-	30.00
	Mr. Pundarik sanyal	30.00	-	-	30.00
	Total (1)	90.00	-	-	90.00
2	other non-executive directors				
	Mr. Asit mehta	40.00	-	-	40.00
	Mrs. Deena mehta	40.00	-	-	40.00
	Mr. Kirit Vora	60.00	-	-	60.00
	Total (2)	140.00	-	-	140.00
	Total (B)=(1+2)	230.00	-	-	230.00
	Total managerial Remuneration	230.00	-	-	230.00
	Ceiling as per the Act (@ 1% of profits calculated under section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013)	N.A.			

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD / Manager / WTD

(Rs. in lakhs)

Sn	Particulars of Remuneration	Key managerial Personnel					
		Ms. mamta Gautam (Chief Financial Officer)	Mr. Akshay Jain (Chief Financial Officer)		Total		
1	Gross salary						
	a. Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	5.62	5.31	-	10.93		
	b. Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-		
	c. Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	-	-	-		
2	Stock Option	-	-	-	-		
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-	-		
4	Commission	-	-	-	-		
	- as % of profit	-	-	-	-		
5	Others, please specify	-	-	-	-		
	Total	5.62	5.31	-	10.93		

^{*} Ms. Mamta Gautam has resigned with effect from 05th July, 2019 from the post of Chief Financial Officer.

VIII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

There were no penalties, punishment or compounding of offences during the year ended March 31, 2020.

^{**} Mr. Akshay Jain has been appointed as Chief Financial Officer with effect from 13th August, 2019 and resigned with effect from 31st July, 2020.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Company earns revenues from letting out of properties to external, group and other concerns and also earns income from dividends / interest. The Company also owns through its wholly owned Indian subsidiary. The thrust of the business is to hold strategic control / investment in group companies. The Company also provides Advisory and Consultancy Services and earned gross income of Rs 86.09. lakh from Advisory and Consultancy Services during the year under review.

Nucleus IT Enabled Services Ltd. (NITES), the wholly owned Indian subsidiary is engaged into ITeS / BPO services and Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited (ACMIIL), a Controlled Subsidiary Company as per Ind AS 110, is engaged into stock broking, depository and allied services. ACMIIL has ceased to be a subsidiary of the Company with effect from October 04, 2018.

The top line performance of NITES for the year 2019-20 includes gross income of Rs 243.91 lakhs as against Rs. 285.65 lakhs in the previous year. The Company reported a loss after tax of Rs 300.10 lakhs as against Rs. 257.94 lakhs in the previous year. The Company operates into BFSI (banking, financial services & insurance) segment – mainly into Banking and insurance industry services.

The top line performance of ACMIIL for the year 2019-20 includes gross income of Rs. 2625.54. Lakh as against the Rs. 3524.14 lakh in previous year. The company has reported loss after tax of Rs. 586.84 lakh as against Profit after tax of Rs. 143.96 lakh in the previous year. The company provides investment related services over various asset classes and by various channels. The company has provided certain write off of constituent balances towards depository charges.

Financial Performance:

a) Consolidated Financial Results for the year ended 31st march 2020 as shown in table below is of the Company, its wholly-owned subsidiary (NITES).

Summarized Consolidated financials

(Rs. in Lakh)

Segme	nt Revenue		Segment Results Profit/(Loss) after depreciation and interest			
Particulars	2019-20	2018-19	Particulars	2019-20	2018-19	
ITes	236.90	1327.35	ITes	(120.74)	(50.03)	
Investments Activities	181.07	148.15	Investments Activities	(36.52)	(83.45)	
Advisory and Consultancy	86.09	1058.63	Advisory and Consultancy	43.50	929.19	
stock Broking and allied services	2292.03	1767.38	stock Broking and allied services	(319.52)	(41.29)	
unallocable	312.55	271.29	unallocable	0	0	

B) standalone Financial Results:

The following table gives an overview of the standalone financials of the Company (Unconsolidated):

(Rs. in Lakh)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
revenues from Operations	584.11	1053.71
Other Income	54.56	38.34
Total revenue	638.67	1092.05
Total Expenditure	688.56	729.56
Profit or (loss) Before Tax	(49.89)	362.49
Profit or (loss) After Tax	(49.19)	305.52

The Share Capital remained unchanged. The Networth of the Company decrease from Rs. 9,01,39,210/- to Rs. 8,78,33,826/-. The Bank term loans borrowing stood at Rs. 3,140.02/- Lakhs as at March 31, 2020 from Rs 3,461.03 Lakhs at March 31, 2019.

Opportunities, Threats, Risks and Concerns

The Company's income mainly comprises of rents and advisory charges. The company will be affected as per the impact on the investee companies that are held by it as investments. Demand for rental properties and supply of the same in and around its properties will impact its revenues accordingly. Also, slowdown in the growth of Indian economy and /or volatility in the financial market could adversely affect the performance.

The Company is actively pursuing its efforts to generate more income from Advisory and Consultancy Services. Demand for the Company's services emanate from entities seeking growth money or structuring of new projects etc. Risks associated with the Advisory and Consultancy Services includes competition from small unorganised advisors as well as large national and multinational level advisory firms, employees' attrition, incorrect project assessments etc.

The performance of its wholly owned subsidiary – Nucleus IT Enabled Services Ltd (formerly Nucleus GIS And ITES Ltd) which is engaged into ITeS Services would depend on the growth of BFSI industry. The WOS operates in BFSI vertical (mainly banking and insurance) which represents a mature and large BPO market opportunity. Though the market continues to be competitive, the Company believes that business opportunities exist as it has competitive advantage due to domain expertise in the relevant business segment. New products such as debt collection services are being introduced by the company and will stabilize over the next few quarters.

The outlook of the Controlled Subsidiary (As per Ind AS 110) ACMIIL would largely depend on the status of markets, economy, investment habits and preferences of the investing population, company's own offerings and competitive position in the industry. The Controlled Subsidiary extensively operates in the Capital Market and is subject to extensive regulation. Besides, it continues to witness intense competition, fall in the brokerage rates and technological obsolescence.

Current developments in the country on economic and political fronts coupled with those in the international market downturn are likely to impact the performance of the industry in India.

Internal Control systems and their adequacy

The Company continues to have in place adequate and proper systems of internal control commensurate with the nature and size of its operations. The Company also continues to avail the services of external firm for conducting internal audits at periodic intervals. The Audit Committee meets at regular intervals and reviews inter alia the internal checks and their accuracy.

Human Resources

The relations with the employees (including that of its subsidiary) remained cordial.

Cautionary Statement

Certain statements made in the Management Discussion and Analysis Report relating to the Company's objectives, projections, outlook, expectations, estimates and others may constitute 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from such expectations whether expressed or implied. Several factors could make significant difference to the Company's operations. These include climatic and economic conditions affecting demand and supply, government regulations and taxation, natural calamities over which the Company does not have any direct control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Report on the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone Ind AS financial statements of **ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at **31**st **March 2020**, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), Statement of changes in Equity and Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the standalone Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended (Ind AS), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2020, and its loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in Equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the "Code of Ethics" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the "Code of Ethics". We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements of the current period. We, based on our professional judgement, have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other information

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including annexures thereto, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance Report, but does not include the standalone Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management and those charged with governance for the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone Ind AS financial statements, the management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, and on the basis of the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate, we give in the **Annexure A**, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flows Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone Ind AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over reporting of the company with reference to these standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in **Annexure B**. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls.
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - As per the records and based on the further information and explanations, the Company's Board consists of non-executive directors and independent directors only. These directors are paid only sitting fees for attending the Board meetings and Committees meetings plus reimbursement for actual travel expenses incurred to attend the said meetings. In our opinion, such payments by the Company to the said directors during the year are in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
 - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone Ind AS financial statements Refer Note 32 to the standalone Ind AS financial statements;
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as required under the applicable law or accounting standards; and
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For CHANDRAKANT & SEVANTILAL & J. K. SHAH & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101676 W

(Kiran C. Shah), Partner Membership No.: 032187 UDIN: 20032187AAAAAF2306

Mumbai Dated:31st July,2020

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date)

- i. In respect of the Company's fixed assets:
 - a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - b. The Company has a program of verification to cover all the items of fixed assets in a phased manner which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, fixed assets were physically verified by the management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - c. According to the information and explanations given to us, and examination of the title deeds, of the immovable properties, are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.
- ii. The Company is in the business of providing services and does not have any physical inventories. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has granted unsecured loan to a body corporate, covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of which:
 - a. The terms and conditions of the grant of such loans are, in our opinion, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
 - b. The schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has not been stipulated as Loan transactions are on current accounts.
 - c. As the loan is given on current account the Company has not ascertained any overdue amounts for more than ninety days.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities.
- v. The Company has not accepted deposits during the year and no such order were passed by Company Law Board or National Company Law Tribunal or Reserve Bank of India or any Court or any other Tribunal.
- vi. The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for the business activities carried out by the Company. Thus, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - a. The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, applicable to it; except dues outstanding as on last date of financial year payable to local municipal authorities of Rs17,03,812/-, which remained unpaid for a period of more than six months from the date it became payable.
 - There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Customs Duty, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2020 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b. Details of dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Excise Duty and Value Added Tax which have not been deposited as at March 31, 2020 on account of dispute are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of dues	Amount in Rs.	Period to which it relates	Forum where dispute is pending
foreign Exchange regulation Act, 1973	Contravention of FERA regulations	1,35,00,000/- and 26,86,000/-	1994-95	Appellate Tribunal foreign Exchange and Bombay high Court.
finance Act, 1994, Chapter V- service tax	service tax & penalties on certain income	1,01,97,579/-	1996-2000	Customs, Excise & service tax Appellate Tribunal, mumbai
The Income tax Act, 1961	Tax demand	19,910/-	A.y. 2010-11	rectification u/s 154 pending with Assessing Officer
The Income tax Act, 1961	Tax demand	5,89,874/-	A.y. 2016-17	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)
The Income tax Act, 1961	Tax demand	1,16,76,021/-	A.y. 2017-18	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)

- viii. The company has not defaulted in repayment of loan taken from financial institution. The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from government or has not issued any debentures.
- ix. The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. As reported in clause 2(g) of section "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" in our audit report only sitting fees are paid to the director.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly paid convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For CHANDRAKANT & SEVANTILAL & J. K. SHAH & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101676 W

(Kiran C. Shah), Partner Membership No.: 032187 UDIN: 20032187AAAAAF2306

Mumbai Dated:31st July,2020

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

[Referred to clause (f) of paragraph 2 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of **ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED** ("the Company") as of **31**st **March**, **2020** in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the "Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting" (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, considering nature of activities, size of operation and organizational structure of the Company and exercise of controls through personal supervision by the management, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has maintained, in all material respects, internal financial controls with reference to the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2020, based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For CHANDRAKANT & SEVANTILAL & J. K. SHAH & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101676 W

(Kiran C. Shah), Partner Membership No.: 032187 UDIN: 20032187AAAAAF2306

Mumbai

Dated:31st July,2020

BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31,2020

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Note No.	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
i. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets (a) Property, Plant and Equipment (b) Investment Property (c) Other Intangible assets	3A 3B 3C	2,449.51 6,00,834.07	2,735.61 6,14,231.87
(d) Financial Assets (i) Investments (ii) loans (e) Non-Current Tax Assets	4 5 6	1,57,238.64 1,260.24 11,323.38	1,57,185.67 1,136.97 5,598.34
(f) Other non-current assets	7	1,691.53	1,793.03
Total Non Current Assets		7,74,797.37	7,82,681.47
(2) Current assets (a) Financial Assets (i) Trade receivables (ii) Cash and cash equivalents (iii) Bank balance other than (ii) above (iv) Loans (v) Others financial Assets (b) Other current assets	8 9 10 11 12 13	3,027.62 1,913.80 8,769.52 18,418.25 2,810.57 1,324.23	50,425.16 2,228.48 8,769.52 80.00 1,169.09 1,990.24
Total Current Assets		36,263.99	64,662.49
		.,	. , , , , , ,
Total Assets		81,10,61.36	8,47,343.96
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity (a) Equity share capital (b) Other Equity	14 15	48,335.75 3,71,269.74	48,335.75 3,76,177.61
Total Equity		4,19,605.49	4,24,513.36
Liabilities (1) Non-current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii)Trade Payable	16	3,14,003.00	3,46,102.51 -
(b) Provisions	17	9.80	11.29
(c) Deferred Tax liabilities (net) (d) Other non-current liabilities	18 19	295.88 292.67	362.41 418.67
Total Non- Current Liabilities		3,14,601.34	3,46,894.88
(2) Current liabilities (a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings (ii) Trade payables	22	33,585.08	37,256.74
(A) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (B) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises (iii) Other financial liabilities (b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions (d) Current Tax liability (net)	21 22 23 24 25	7,146.76 33,880.37 2,242.56 -	5,565.69 30,903.40 2,011.15 0.18 198.55
total Current Liabilities		76,854.76	75,935.71
total Liabilities		3,91,456.10	4,22,830.59
total equity and Liabilities		8,11,061.59	8,47,343.96

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 41

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm reg. No: 101676W

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187 Place: Mumbai Date: 31st July 2020

STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
INCOME			
Revenue from operations	26	5,84,11.36	1,05,370.88
Other Income	27	5,455.67	3,833.94
Total income		63,867.03	1,09,204.82
EXPENSES			,,,,,
Employee benefits expense	28	1,377.09	1,131.66
Finance costs	29	39,956.22	40,125.64
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3A to 3C	13,683.89	13,708.80
Other expenses	30	13,838.69	17,990.06
Total expenses		68,855.88	72,956.17
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(4,988.85)	36,248.64
Tax expense:			
- Current tax		-	3,068.58
- Deferred tax (Assets) / liability		(70.29)	4,669.29
- MAT Credit Entitlement		-	(2,112.64)
- Prior year tax adjustment Dr / (Cr)		-	71.20
Total tax expense		(70.29)	5,696.42
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(4,918.57)	30,552.22
Other comprehensive income			
i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
a) Re-measurement gains / (losses) on defined benefit plans		(14.45)	(0.71)
b) Effect of measuring Equity Instruments on fair Value		-	(9.73)
c) Income Tax on (a) and (b)		3.76	(4.75)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(10.69)	(15.19)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(4,907.88)	30,567.41
Earnings per equity share:			
Basic and Diluted (in ₹)		(1.02)	6.32
Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 41			

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 41

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes. For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

As per our report of even date attached

For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm reg. No: 101676W

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187 Place : Mumbai Date: 31st July 2020

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

A. Equity share Capital (refer note 15)

(₹ in '000)

	(* 555)
Particulars	Amount
Balance as at April 1, 2018	48,335.75
Add: Changes in Equity share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	48,335.75
Add: Changes in Equity share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	48,335.75

B. Other Equity

(₹ in '000)

Particulars		Reserves and Sเ	ırplus	Equity	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Instruments through OCi	
Balance as at April 1, 2018	759.50	41,043.96	3,03,851.20	(14.08)	3,45,640.58
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	30,552.22	-	30,552.22
Other Comprehensive Income for the year - Remeasurement gain/(loss) on Defined Benefit Plans (Net of tax)	-		(0.52)	-	(0.52)
Effect of measuring equity instruments at fair value			(28.74)	(14.66)	(43.41)
Adjustment for the year	-	-	-	28.74	28.74
Balance as at March 31, 2019	759.50	41,043.96	3,34,374.15	-	3,76,177.61
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	(4,918.57)	-	(4,918.57)
Other Comprehensive Income for the year - remeasurement gain/(loss) on Defined Benefit Plans (Net of tax)	-	-	10.69	-	10.69
Effect of measuring equity instruments at fair value	-	-	-	-	-
Balances as at March 31, 2020	759.50	41,043.96	3,29,466.28	-	3,71,269.74

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 41

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Chartered Accountants

Firm reg. No: 101676W

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187 Place : Mumbai Date : 31st July 2020

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

			(₹ in '000)
	Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
	Net Profit / (loss) before Tax	(4,988.85)	36,248.64
	Add / (Less):- Adjustments for Non-Cash / Non-Operating Items:		
	Depreciation and Amortisation	13,683.89	13,708.80
	Interest Income	(2,621.79)	(1,627.50)
	Dividend Income	-	(3.28)
	Provision for Bad and doubtful debts	-	619.21
	withdrawal from provision for Bad Debts	-	(1,986.00)
	Amortisation of financial guarantee	(1,976.49)	-
	Provision for Gratuity written back	(126.00)	(59.33)
	Foreign Exchange Difference (net)	-	
	Fixed Assets written off	(711.59)	1,221.87
	Adjustments for the year	-	429.43
	Finance Costs	39,956.22	40,125.64
	Operating Profit Before Changes in Working Capital	43,215.39	88,677.48
	adjustment for Changes in Working Capital		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Trade receivables	50,085.62	(46,125.18)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other financial Assets	(1,641.49)	941.99
	(Increase) / Decrease in short term loans and Advances	80.00	(80.00)
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	666.01	(1,299.33)
	(Increase) / Decrease in long term loan/Other Non Current Asset	(21.78)	96.36
	Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables, Other Current liabilities and short-term Provisions	1,613.74	1,784.50
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other financial liability	2,976.97	11,254.17
	Increase / (Decrease) in Other Non current liability/long term provision	12.95	351.96
	Cash Generated from operations	96,987.42	55,601.95
	less: Direct taxes refund/(paid) [net]	5,725.04	40.15
	NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY (A)	91,262.38	55,642.10
В.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
	Interest received	2,621.79	1,627.50
	Maturity / Placement of Bank fixed deposits - (Net)	-	2,578.17
	Dividend received	-	3.28
	Inter Corporate loan received back	-	11,280.95
	Inter Corporate loan Given	(18,418.25)	-
	Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	-	(396.13)
	(Purchase) / sale of Investment	(52.97)	(385.51)
	NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY (B)	(15,849.44)	14,708.26
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY		
	Finance Costs	(39,956.22)	(40,125.64)
	Long term borrowing (Net of Repayment)	(32,099.51)	(29,434.60)
	Repayments of Inter-corporate Deposit and Security deposit	(3,671.67)	889.50
	NET CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY (C)	(75,727.40)	(68,670.74)

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	For the Year ended march 31, 2020	For the Year ended march 31, 2019
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A) + (B) + (C)	(314.45)	1,679.62
Cash on hand	88.82	22.38
Balances with scheduled banks on current accounts	2,139.67	526.49
OPENING BALANCE OF CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,228.49	548.87
Cash on hand	258.18	88.82
Balances with scheduled banks on current accounts	1,655.62	2,139.67
CLOSING BALANCE OF CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,913.80	2,228.49
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(314.69)	1,679.62

^{1.} Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 specified under section 133 of the Companies Act,2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts)Rules,2014.

As per our report of even date attached For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm reg. No: 101676W

(Kiran C. shah) Partner

Membership No. 032187 Place : Mumbai Date : 31st July 2020 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

^{2.} Figures in brackets represent outflows / deductions.

1 Corporate information

Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited ("the company") is a Public Limited Company Incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office in Nucleus House, Saki Vihar Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400072. The shares of the company are listed on BSE Limited.

The Company is engaged in the business of Renting of immovable properties. The Company has classified the aforesaid business as an 'investment activities'. The Company is also rendering 'Advisory and Consultancy Services'.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

i Compliance with Ind As

Basis of Preparation

These financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

ii Historical cost convention

These Financial Statements are prepared on an accrual basis under the historical cost convention or amortised cost, except for the following assets and liabilities, which have been measured at fair value:

- i. Certain financial assets and liabilities
- ii. Defined Benefits Plans- Plan assets

iii Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency and all amounts are rounded off to the nearest thousand (INR '000) upto two decimals, except when otherwise indicated.

2.1 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

- PPE is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, non-refundable purchase taxes and any costs directly attributable to bring the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Cost includes, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the company's accounting policy.
- If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then those are accounted as separate items (major components) of PPE.
 - Material items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and service equipment are classified as and when they meet the definition of PPE, as specified in Ind AS 16 on "Property, Plant and Equipment".
- The carrying amount of an item of PPE is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefit is expected to arise from its continued use. Any gain or loss arising on the derecognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.2 depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on the Straight-Line Method in accordance with requirements prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has assessed the estimated useful lives of its PPE and has adopted the useful lives and residual value as prescribed therein.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any change in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

2.3 Investment Property

Property that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as an Investment Property. It is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. Subsequently, it is carried at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses (Refer Note 3B). Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property is determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the property and is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss. Transfer to, or from, investment property is done at the carrying amount of the property.

Depreciation on Investment property is provided on a pro rata basis on straight line method over the estimated useful lives. Useful life of assets, as assessed by the management, corresponds to those prescribed by the schedule II - Part 'C'.

2.4 Intangible Assets and Amortisation

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised as per Ind AS 38. Software is being amortised over a period of ten years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an Intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may have been impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount, which is the higher of its value in use or its fair value less costs of disposal, of the asset or cash-generating unit, as the case may be, is estimated and impairment loss (if any) is recognised and the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but upto the amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognized for that asset or cash generating unit. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.6 Statement of Cash Flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit or net los for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at banks, other short-term deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.7 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences if any to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

2.8 Segment Reporting

The company identifies primary segments based on the dominant source, nature of risk and returns and Internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker (CODM) in deciding how to allocate resources in assessing the performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in the line with the accounting policies of the Company.

Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to activities of the segment.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under "unallocated revenue/expenses/assets/liabilities" respectively.

2.9 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets

Provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provision is measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision is discounted using an appropriate pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A Contingent liability is disclosed in case of a present obligation arising from past events, when it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. A Contingent Liability is also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Contingent Assets are not recognised but where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements.

2.10 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits of a transaction will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Rental income

Rental Income is accounted as and when accrues.

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised on a timely basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of that financial asset.

Dividends

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Advisory

Revenue from advisory, brokerage and consultancy services is recognised on rendering of services / work performed and reported net of taxes.

2.11 Operating Leases

Leases are classified as operating leases whenever the terms of the lease do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Lease rentals on assets under operating lease are recognized or charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Assets leased out under operating leases are continued to be shown under the respective class of assets. Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Where the rental are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue.

2.12 Employee Benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Employee benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensated absences, expected cost of bonus and ex-gratia falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

(ii) Long-term employee benefits:

Defined Contribution Plan:

Provident Fund:

The eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive post-employment benefits in respect of provident, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the employee's eligible salary (currently 12%). The contributions if any, are made to the Central Provident Fund under the State Pension Scheme. Provident Fund is classified as Defined Contributions Plans as the Company has no further obligation beyond making the contribution. The Company's contribution if any, is charged to the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Defined Benefit Plan:

a. Gratuity:

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefits retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement or death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. The Company pays these benefits as and when due based on its own liquidity.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses is reflected immediately in the Balance Sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or Loss. Past service cost is recognised immediately for both vested and the non-vested portion. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

b. Compensated absences:

The Company provides for encashment of leave or leave with pay subject to certain rules. The liability is recognized based on number of days of unutilized leave at each balance sheet date on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

2.13 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated as per the applicable provisions and tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other tax laws, as applicable.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to the income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net or simultaneous basis.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.14 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end are translated at year end rates. In respect of monetary items which are covered by forward exchange contracts, the difference between the year end rate and the rate on the date of the contract is recognized as exchange difference and the premium on such forward contracts is recognized over the life of the forward contract. The exchange difference arising on settlement/ translation are recognized in the revenue accounts.

2.15 Earnings Per Share

The basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares, if any, outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

2.16 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets and Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Initial Recognition:

Financial assets and Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at Fair

Value through Profit or Loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial Assets

The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI") or Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL") on the basis of following:

- the entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

Amortised Cost:

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at amortised cost, if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Fair Value through other Comprehensive income (FVtoCi):

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fVTOCI, if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL):

A financial asset shall be classified and measured at fVTPI unless it is measured at amortised cost or at FVTOCI.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Classification and Subsequent Measurement: Financial liabilities:

financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPI or 'other financial liabilities'.

Financial Liabilities at FVtPL:

Financial liabilities are classified when the financial liability is held for trading or are designated upon initial recognition as fVTPI.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the statement of Profit and loss.

Other Financial Liabilities:

Other financial liabilities (including borrowings and trade and other payables) are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Impairment of financial assets:

The Company recognises loss allowance using expected credit loss model for financial assets which are not measured at fair Value through Profit or loss. Expected credit losses are weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at original effective rate of interest.

Derecognition of financial assets:

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognised in statement of profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in statement of profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g. when the Company retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), the Company allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in statement of profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in statement of profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments:

Classification as debt or equity:

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments:

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognised at the proceeds received.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

financial guarantee contracts issued by the Company are initially measured at their fair values and are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind As 109; and
- the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Ind As 18

when guarantee in relation to loans or other payables of subsidiaries are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognized as cost of investment.

Derecognition of financial liabilities:

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms

Offsetting:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.17 Critical accounting Judgements and Key sources of estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses, and accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key estimates, assumptions and judgements

The key assumptions concerning the future and other major sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below:

Income taxes

Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions as also to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits. Also, refer Note 32.

Property, Plant and equipment/intangible assets

Property, Plant and Equipment/ Other Intangible Assets are depreciated/amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes or commercial obsolescence. management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The depreciation/amortisaion for future periods is revised, if there are significant changes from previous estimates and accordingly, the unamortised/depreciable amount is charged over the remaining useful life of the assets.

Employee Benefit Plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other-post employment benefits and the present value of gratuity obligations and compensated absences are determined based on actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, attrition and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Recoverability of trade Receivables

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

Fair Value measurements of Financial instruments

when the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets (Net Assets Value in case of unitsnotual funds), their fair value is measured

using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash flow (DCf) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Impairment of Assets

The Company has used certain judgements and estimates to work out future projections and discount rates to compute value in use of cash generating unit and to access impairment. In case of certain assets independent external valuation has been carried out to compute recoverable values of these assets.

Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

2.18 Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

2.19 Ind AS 116: Lease

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019).

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a Lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies Ind AS 115 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'Other Operating Revenue under Revenue from Operations in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor in the comparative period were not different from Ind AS 116.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

- -Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax. Treatment This amendment is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12. According to the Appendix:
- (1) the entity needs to determine whether each tax treatment should be considered separately or whether some can be considered together. The decision should be based on the approach which better predicts of the resolution of the uncertainty;
- (2) the entity is to assume that the taxation authority will have right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations; and
- (3) entity has to consider whether it is probable that the taxation authority will accept the tax treatment and accordingly, determine taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates would depend upon the probability.

The Group does not expect any significant impact of the amendment on its financial statements.

- Consequences of Dividend

The amendments are in connection with accounting for dividend distribution taxes. The amendment clarifies that an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events.

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 3a: Property, Plant and Equipment:

Particulars	Furniture and Fixtures	Office and other Equipments	Electric Fittings	Computers	Air Conditioners	Solar System	Projector	Total
(i) Gross Carrying Value								
Balance as at April 1, 2018	1,121.70	481.15	29.39	2.71	17.59	2,182.96	7.43	3,842.93
Additions during the year	360.00	1	•	•	36.13		1	396.13
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	(197.16)	(70.14)	(29.39)	(2.71)	(2.40)			(301.80)
Other Adjustments during the year								'
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1,284.54	411.01	•	•	51.32	2,182.96	7.43	3,937.27
Additions during the year								'
Deductions/Adjustments during the year								'
Other Adjustments during the year								'
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,284.54	411.01	•	•	51.32	2,182.96	7.43	3,937.27
(ii) accumulated depreciation								
Balance as at April 1, 2018	716.21	158.77	•	2.10	•	122.96	•	1,000.05
Depreciation expense for the year	31.04	81.05	•	•	0.25	138.27	•	250.60
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	(7.83)	(39.05)		(2.10)				(48.98)
Balance as at March 31, 2019	739.42	200.77	•	1	0.25	261.23	•	1,201.67
Depreciation expense for the year	29.90	81.05			88'9	138.27	•	286.09
Deductions/Adjustments during the year								•
Balance as at March 31, 2020	799.32	281.82	•	-	7.12	399.50	-	1,487.76
net Carrying Value (i-ii)								•
Balance as at March 31, 2019	545.12	210.25	-	•	51.08	1,921.73	7.43	2,735.61
Balance as at March 31, 2020	485.22	129.20	•	•	44.20	1,783.47	7.43	2,449.51

Note 3B:

Investment Property:

(₹ in '000)

	(555)
Particulars	Office Premises
(i) Gross Carrying Value	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	6,53,735
Additions during the year	-
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-
Other Adjustments during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	6,53,735
(ii) accumulated depreciation	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	39,503
Depreciation expense for the year	13,398
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	52,901
Balance as at March 31, 2019	6,14,232
Balance as at March 31, 2020	6,00,834

Notes:

The Company has pledged above Investment property as security against the borrowings.

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 40 "Investment Property"

a. Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss from investment property:

(₹ in '000)

		,
Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Rental income derived from investment property	49,802	46,191
Direct operating expenses arising from investment property that generated rental income	(54,231)	(21,972)
Profit from investment properties before depreciation	(4,429)	24,219
Depreciation	(13,398)	(13,398)
Profit from Investment property	(17,826)	10,822

b. Fair Value of invesment Property

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	as at March 31, 2020	as at March 31, 2019
Fair Value of Investment Property	10,16,701	9,54,454
Total	10,16,701	9,54,454

Valuation is based on the report of an accredited independent valuer. fair value is based on market value approach where ever available.

Notes to Financial Statements:

c. Contractual obiligations

There is no contractual obligation to purchase, construct or develop investment property.

d. Leasing arrangements

Certain identifiable portions of investment properties are leased out to tenants under cancellable operating lease.

Note 3C:

Intangible Assets:

	(₹ in ,000)
Particulars	software
(i) Gross Carrying Value	
Balance as at March 31, 2018	396.50
Additions during the year	
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	(396.50
Other Adjustments during the year	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	
Additions during the year	
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	
Other Adjustments during the year	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	
(ii) accumulated depreciation	
Balance as at April 1, 2018	159.48
Depreciation expense for the year	60.4
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	(219.89
Balance as at March 31, 2019	
Depreciation expense for the year	
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	
Net Carrying Value (I-II)	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	
Balance as at March 31, 2020	

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 4:

Investments: Non-current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Investments measured at Cost		
In Equity Shares of Wholly-owned Subsidiary company		
Unquoted		
30,00,000 (As on 31st March 2019 - 30,00,000) equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid in Nucleus IT Enabled Services Ltd	30,000.00	30,000.00
In Equity Shares of controlled Subsidiary company		
Unquoted		
55,61,111 (As on 31st March 2019 - 55,61,111) equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid in Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Ltd (refer note 4.1)	1,26,627.07	1,26,127.07
Investments measured at Amortised cost In Preference shares of Others Unquoted		
2,50,000 (As on 31st March 2019 - 2,50,000) Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in Omniscience Capital Advisors Private Limited (rate of Dividend 0.01%)	608.87	558.60
Investments measured at Cost		
Unquoted		
In Equity Shares		
270 equity shares of Rs. 10 each in Chargein Kiosk Pvt Ltd fully paid	2.70	-
Total	1,57,239	1,56,186

4.1 Financial guarantee issued by the Company in respect of Bank Overdraft facility availed by Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmedaites Limited by way of mortgage of certain immovable property (office unit no.101-A & 103-A). Accordingly, the financial guarantee issued by the Company are initially measured at Fair value of ₹630 (₹ in '000)/ {as on 31.03.2019 ₹130 (₹ in '000)/-} and accounted as contribution and recognised as cost of Investment.

Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	1,57,238.64	1,57,185.67
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	-	-
Market Value of quoted investments	-	-

Note 5:

Loans: Non-current

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019	
Unsecured, considered good			
Security Deposits	1,260	1,137	
total	1,260	1,137	

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 6:

Current Tax Assets (net): Non-current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019	
Unsecured, considered good			
Income Tax	9,210.74	3,485.70	
MAT Credit Entilement	2,112.64	2,112.64	
Total	11,323	5,598	

Note 7:

Other Non-current assets

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
Prepaid component of 2,50,000 redeemable Preference Shares of `10 each of Omniscience Capital Advisors Private Limited (redeemable within 20 years as on 29/11/2037)	1,691.53	1,793.03
Total	1,691.53	1,793.03

Note 8:

Trade Receivables

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good	3,027.62	50,425.16
Unsecured, Considered doubtful	-	-
Less: provision for doubtful debts	-	-
Total	3,027.62	50,425.16

Note 9:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019	
Balances with Banks			
On Current Accounts	1,655.62	2,139.67	
Cash on hand	258.18	88.82	
Total	1,913.80	2,228.48	

Note 10:

Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalent

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Fixed Deposits with Bank (having maturity of more than 12 months)	676.52	676.52
Fixed Deposits pledged with Bank against Bank guarantee [having maturity of not more than 12 months] (refer note 33)	8,093.00	8,093.00
Total	8,769.52	8,769.52

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 11:

Loans : Current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Unsecured considered good		
Inter corporate Deposit		
to Subsidiary		
Nucleus IT Enabled services limited	14,918.25	-
to Other	3,500.00	-
Others (staff loan to KmP)	-	80.00
Total	18,418.25	80.00

Note 12:

Other Financial Assets:

(₹ in '000)

Description	Description As on March 31, 2020	
Unsecured considered good		
Interest receivable	1,739.60	151.70
Receivable on TDs accounts from NBfC	1,070.97	1,017.39
Total	2,810.57	1,169.09

Note 13:

Other Current assets

Description	As on March 31, 2020	
Unsecured considered good		
Balances with Government Authorities		
Service Tax / GST	520.27	524.05
Deposit for Service Tax Appeal	339.92	339.92
Others		
Prepaid Expenses	328.75	693.86
Prepaid amount on Preference Shares	101.49	101.49
Other advances	33.80	330.92
Total	1,324.23	1,990.24

Note 14:

Equity Share Capital

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
10,000,000 Equity shares at ₹ 10/- par value	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up :		
4,952,560 Equity shares at ₹ 10/- par value	49,526	49,526
less : 1,18,985 Treasury shares (Nucleus stock Trust)*	(1,190)	(1,190)
	48,336	48,336
Total	48,336	48,336

Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares

The Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.

Dividend, if any, is declared and paid in Indian Rupees. Final dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting except in case of Interim Dividend. However, no dividend is declared on equity shares for the year ended March 31, 2019 and March 31, 2020.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to number of equity shares held by shareholders.

* Treasury Shares

Treasury shares are held by Nucleus Stock Trust which represents 1,18,985 Equity Shares of `10/- each fully paid-up of the Company issued, pursuant to a Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Hon'ble High Courts of Bombay vide their Order dated February 10, 2006, to the Nucleus Stock Trust, created wholly for the benefit of the Company and is being managed by trustees appointed by it.

a. Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at Marc	h 31, 2019
	No. of Shares	(₹ in '000)	No. of Shares	(₹ in '000)
Equity shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year	4,833,575	48,335.75	4,833,575	48,335.75
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	4,833,575	48,335.75	4,833,575	48,335.75

b. Shareholders having more than 5% holding

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2020		As at Marc	h 31, 2019
	No. of Shares	% Holding	No. of Shares	% Holding
Mr. Asit C. mehta	2,291,638	46.27%	2,291,638	46.27%
Mrs. Deena A. mehta	900,358	18.18%	900,358	18.18%
Asit C mehta Commodity services Itd	400,470	8.09%	400,470	8.09%

c. Details of forfeited shares:

Class of shares	As at March 31, 2020		as at Marcl	h 31, 2019
	No. of Shares	Amount origi- nally paid up (₹ in '000)	No. of S hares	Amount orig- inally paid up (₹ in '000)
Equity shares with voting rights	1,47,700	7,38,500	1,47,700	7,38,500
Equity shares with voting rights*	4,200	21,000	4,200	21,000

^{*} these shares were originally issued by erstwhile Nucleus Netsoft And GIs (India) limited which was amalgamated with the Company.

Note 15: Other Equit

(₹ in '000)

description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Capital Reserve		
As per last Balance sheet	759.50	759.50
	759.50	759.50
Securities Premium		
As per last Balance sheet	41,043.96	41,043.96
	41,043.96	41,043.96
Retained earnings		
Balance as at the beginning of the year	3,34,374.15	3,03,851.20
Add : Net Profit after Tax transferred from the statement of Profit and loss	(4,919)	30,552
"Other Comprehensive Income for the year - remeasurement gain/ (loss) on Defined Benefit Plans (Net of tax)"	11	(0.52)
loss on Equity Instruments through OCI Transferred	-	(28.74)
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	3,29,466.28	3,34,374.15
Balance as at the beginning of the year	-	(14.08)
Add : Net Profit after Tax transferred from the statement of Profit and loss	-	(14.66)
Less : Transferred to Retained Earning	-	28.74
	-	-
	3,71,269.74	3,76,177.61
	3,71,269.74	3,76,177.61

Description of the nature and purpose of other equity

Capital Reserve: Capital reserves created by the Company due to forfeiture of Equity hares of the Company on occasion of Amalgamation.

securities Premium: securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

Retained earnings: retained Earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date and is net of amount transferred to other reserves such as general reserves etc., amount distributed as dividends and adjustments on account of transition to Ind As.

equity instruments through other Comprehensive income: This represents cumulative gains/(losses) arising on the measurement of equity instruments at fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 16:

Borrowings: Non-current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Secured loans		
A. From Bank		
a. Term loan from ICICI Bank (refer note (i) below)	15,288.74	17,592.82
B. From NBFC		
a. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (i) below)	23,528.56	25,021.86
b. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (ii) below)	52,173.34	64,084.17
c. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (iii) below)	40,434.61	44,769.64
d. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (iv) below)	1,82,577.52	194,634.04
Total	3,14,003.00	3,46,102.51

Nature of Security and Term of Repayment of Long-term Borrowing :

Name of Security	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
I Mortgage of commercial property on 4thfloor, 5th floor and 6th floor of 'B' wing at 'Nucleus house' Andheri E, mumbai (commencing from Apr'2016.) (tenure 120 months)	17,592.82	19,666.12
Rate of Interest : [31.03.2020 10.60%, 31.03.2019 10.60%]		
ii) Mortgage of commercial property situated at Nucleus house, saki Vihar road, Andheri (East), mumbai, bearing nos 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th & 7th floor 'A' wing, (commencing from Feb'16) (tenure 108 months)	64,084.17	74,743.79
rate of Interest : [31.03.2019 11.15%, 31.03.2018 9.75%]		
iii) secured by Equitable / registered mortgaged of the properties located at Nucleus house "B" wing, 2nd and 7th floor. (commencing from may'2014) (tenure 180 months)	44,769.64	48,649.28
Rate of Interest : [31.03.2020 11.15 % , 31.03.2019 11.15%]		
iv)- secured by Equitable mortgage of the properties located at Nucleushouse A wing 102, 201,202, 203 B wing 801 and 301. (commencing from March 2017) *[Bullet payment upto 15.02.2019 and thereafter payable at monthly installments) (tenure 156 months)	2,19,502.73	2,31,840.57
Rate of Interest: [31.03.2020 10.35% and 10.20 %, 31.03.2019 10.10%]		
Total	3,45,949.35	3,74,899.76
Less: Current maturities of Long-term debt (Refer note 23)	31,946.58	28,797.25
Total	3,14,002.77	3,46,102.51

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 17:

Provisions: Non-current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (unfunded)	9.80	11.29
Total	9.80	11.29

Note 18:

Deferred Tax Liabilities (net):

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Deferred Tax liabilities (net)	295.88	362.41
Total	295.88	362.41

Note 19:

Other Financial Liabilities: Non-Current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Financial Guarantee Contract (On behalf of Subsidiary)	293	419
Total	293	419

Note 20:

Borrowings : Current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Security Deposits	33,406.74	34,756.74
Inter Corporate Deposit	-	2,500.00
Loan from Director	178.34	
Total	33,585.08	37,256.74

Note 21:

Trade Payables

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
(a) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and	-	-
(b) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	7,146.76	5,565.69
Total	7,146.76	5,565.69

The Company has not received any intimation from the suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2002 ("MSMED Act"), and therefore no such disclosures under the Act is considered necessary. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

Amounts payable to Micro and Small Enterprises	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
(i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon	Nil	Nil
(ii) interest Paid during the year	Nil	Nil
(iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment	Nil	Nil
(iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil
(v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable	Nil	Nil

Note 22:

Other Financial Liabilities: Current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Current maturities of long Term borrowings	31,946.58	28,797.25
Interest payable on borrowings	1,933.79	2,106.15
Total	33,880.37	30,903.40

Note 23:

Other Current Liabilities

(₹ in '000)

Description As on March 31, 2020		As on March 31, 2019
Income received in advance	812.73	433.23
Financial Guarantee Contract (On behalf of subsidiary)	126.00	126.00
<u>Others</u>		
Statutory dues	1,303.84	1,451.94
Total	2,242.56	2,011.15

Note 24:

Provisions: Current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits :		
Provision for Gratuity	-	0.18
Total	-	0.18

Note 25:

Provisions: Current

		(< 111 000)	
Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019	
Current Tax provision (Net of Advance Tax)	-	198.55	
Total	-	198.55	

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 26:

Revenue from Operations

(₹ in '000)

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019	
Sale of services			
Rental Income	49,802.02	46,190.88	
Advisory charges	5,700.00	5,825.00	
Advisory charges - Export	2,909.34	53,355.00	
Total	58,411.36	105,370.88	

Note 27:

Other Income

(₹ in '000)

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Interest Income		
on Bank Deposits	579.77	649.65
on Income Tax Refund	58.18	272.75
from wholly owned subsidiary	1,684.22	591.52
on Inter Corporate Deposit	178.77	-
Interest on Preference shares measured at amortised cost	50.27	46.12
Interest on Electricity security Deposit	70.58	67.45
Dividend	-	3.28
Other Non- Operating Income		
Foreign Exchange Difference (net)	711.59	-
Withdrawal from provision for Bad Debts	-	1,986.00
Recovery of Bad Debts	1,976.49	-
Miscellaneous Income	19.81	157.83
Amortisation of financial guarantee	126.00	59.33
Total	5,455.67	3,833.94

Note 28:

Employee Benefit Expenses

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019	
salary and allowance	1,259.31	1,069.55	
staff welfare	5.70	30.52	
leave Encashment	99.31	20.13	
Gratuity Expenses	12.77	11.47	
Total	1,377.09	1,131.66	

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 29:

Finance Cost

(₹ in '000)

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
a) Interest Expense		
- Cash Credit	-	14,728.77
- Term loans / CC	38,624.10	25,025.58
- Director on loan	269.74	-
- Inter Corporate Deposits	737.24	57.26
- Others	22.61	2.54
- Interest on Preference Shares measured at amortised cost	101.49	101.49
b) Other borrowing cost		
Annual maintenance Charges for loan account to NBfC	201.04	210.00
Total	39,956.22	40,125.64

Note 30:

Other Expenses

description	description For the year ended March 31, 2020	
Advisory Charges	1,223.76	-
Rates and Taxes	4,086.08	4,104.48
Foreign Exchange Difference (net)	-	1,221.87
Electricity charges	638.92	642.09
Repairs and Maintenance – Building	1,526.33	2,116.79
Repairs and Maintenance – Other	1,727.81	1,124.16
Travelling & Conveyance	276.95	590.66
Legal and Professional fees	829.47	2,313.05
Auditors remuneration –		
Audit fees	450.00	450.00
Tax Audit	25.00	25.00
Other Services	250.00	150.00
Bad debts	-	2,605.21
Fixed Assets written off	-	429.43
Directors sitting fees	230.00	285.00
Insurance	87.27	94.96
Brokerage / Commission	353.51	96.49
Miscellaneous Expenses	2,133.61	1,740.87
Total	13,838.69	17,990.06

Note 31:

Disclosure pursuant to Ind-AS 12 on "Income Taxes"

A. Components of Tax Expenses/(Income)

(₹ in '000)

a. Profit or Loss Section	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Current Tax	-	3,068.58
Deferred Tax	(70.29)	4,669.29
Tax Adjustment of Earlier years	-	71.20
MAT Credit Entitlement	-	(2,112.64)
Income Tax Expense reported in Other Comprehensive Income	(70.29)	5,696.42

(₹ in '000)

b. Other Comprehensive income section	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans	3.76	0.18
Effect of measuring Equity Instruments on fair Value	-	(4.93)
income tax expense reported in other Comprehensive income	3.76	(4.75)

B. Reconciliation of Income Tax Expense/(Income) and Accounting Profit multiplied by domestic tax rate applicable in india

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Profit (loss) before Tax	(4,989)	36,249
Corporate Tax rate as per Income Tax Act, 1961 (excluding cess)	25.00%	25.00%
Tax rate u/s 115JB (excluding cess)	15.00%	18.50%
Tax on Accounting Profit	-	3,069
MAT Credit Entitlement	-	(2,113)
*tax effect of :		
Income Exempt from Tax	-	-
Income considered separately	-	-
Expenses Allowed separately	-	-
Current tax Provision (a)	-	956
Deferred Tax liability	(548)	4,672
Deferred Tax Asset	4	(3)
deferred tax (B)	(544)	4,669
Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous years (C)	-	71.20
Tax expenses recognised during the year (a+B+C)	(544)	5,696
effective tax rate	10.91%	15.71%

C. Deferred tax

2019-20

Components and Reconciliation of deferred tax (assets)/Liabilities

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in Profit or Loss	Recognised in other Comprehensive income	Closing Balance
Property, Plant and Equipment	352.96	(537.49)	-	(184.53)
Unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	-	-
House Property loss	-	-	-	-
Accrued Expenses allowable on cash basis (section 43B of IT Act)	(2.98)	2.98	-	-
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	12.43	(12.43)	3.76	-
Total	362.41	(546.79)	3.76	(180.77)

2019-20 Components and Reconciliation of Deferred Tax (Assets)/Liabilities

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Opening Balance	Recognised in Profit or Loss	Recognised in other Comprehensive income	Closing Balance
Property, Plant and Equipment	271.56	81.41	-	352.96
Unabsorbed depreciation	(3,671.93)	3,671.93	-	-
House Property loss	(906.37)	906.37	-	-
Accrued Expenses allowable on cash basis (section 43B of IT Act)	-	(2.98)	-	(2.98)
Unrealised (gain)/loss on fVTOCI equity securities	(4.88)	-	-	-
Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans		12.43	(4.88)	12.43
total	(4,311.63)	198.01	4.88	362.41

Note 32:

Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

a. Contingent Liabilities

	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended Narch 31, 2019
a. Claims against the Company/ disputed liabilities not acknowledged as debts		
i Income-tax matters under appeal (Ay 10-11)	19.91	19.91
ii. Income-tax matters under appeal (AY 16-17) (refer foot notes- 3)	589.87	589.87
iii. Income-tax matters under appeal (AY 17-18) (refer foot notes- 4)	11,676.02	-
iv. Service Tax matters under appeal (refer foot notes- 2)	10,197.58	10,197.58
v. FEMA matter (refer footnote- 1)	16,186.00	16,186.00
Total	38,669.38	26,403.49
b. Guarantee given (refer footnote)	16,186.00	16,186.00

Notes to Financial Statements:

footnote:

- 1. The Company received pay orders valuing to `5,072 (in '000) from a customer in the financial year 1994-95 in respect of Money Changing business that were dishonored by a nationalized bank as per the instructions of Directorate of Revenue & Intelligence. The Company had challenged the proceeding before the Customs, Excise and Gold (Control), Appellate Tribunal, Mumbai (CEGAT) which gave the ruling in favour of the Company for which the company has furnished a bank guarantee of `2,686 (`in '000) ((previous year `2,686 (in '000)). The Customs Department filed a reference petition before the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay and the same is pending for disposal.
 - During the financial year 2007-08, the Company received an order imposing a penalty of `16,186 (in '000) from the Office of the Special Director of Enforcement holding Company guilty in respect of defiance with the instructions contained in the FLM Memorandum. The Company contends that it has complied with the relevant regulations of the Reserve Bank of India as contained in FLM Memorandum of Instructions to Full-Fledged Money Changers. The Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal for Foreign Exchange (ATFE) contesting the order, which is pending.
- 2. The Service Tax Department had raised a demand of `10,197.58/-(` in '000), reflected above in contigent liability, by passing an Ex parte order dated 11th April 2008. The Company's appeal against this order was dismissed by commissioner (Appeals). Against this order the Company has filed appeal before CESTAT Mumbai. The management, based on expert advice, is confident that the demand is not sustainable and hence no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts.
- 3. The Company had received assessment order for financial year 2015-16 (Assessment year 2016-17) raising demand of Rs. 589,874/-. The said demand had arisen on account of disallowance of part of business expenditure by treating expenditure against house property income. The Company has deposited Rs 1,18,000/- against the said demand and had filed an appeal against the same. The Department has adjusted pending Refund for Previous years Amounting to Rs 4,25,540 of A.Y. 2018-19 and Rs 72,280 of AY 2017-18 against the said demand.
- 4. The Company had received assessment order for financial year 2016-17 (Assessment year 2017-18) raising demand of Rs. 116,76,021/-. The said demand had arisen on account of disallowance of part of business expenditure by treating expenditure against house property income. The Company has deposited Rs 12,15,000/- against the said demand and had filed an appeal against the same.
- 5. In respect of items above, it is not possible for the company to estimate the timings of cash outflows which would be determinable only on receipt of judgements pending at various forums/authorities.

The management, based on the expert's advice, is confident that the said tax demands are not sustainable and hence no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts.

The company does not expect any reimbursement in respect of above contingent liabilities.

B. Commitments	NII	NII

Note 33:

Disclosures of transactions with related parties required under Ind AS 24 on "Related Party Disclosures"

- List of Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year
 - (i) Related parties where control exists:

subsidiary	Principal place of	Proportionate ownership interest		
	business	as at march 31, 2020	as at march 31, 2019	
Nucleus IT Enabled services Itd	India	100%	100%	
Asit C mehta Investment Interrmediates Itd	India	44.10%	49.17%	

(II) Related parties where significant influence exists.

Asit C Mehta Forex Private Limited (No Transaction during the year)

Omniscience Capital Advisors Pvt Ltd

Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited

Edgytal Digital Merketing Pvt Ltd

(iii) Key management Personnel (KmP)

Mr. Asit C Mehta - Director and Chairman
Mrs. Deena A. Mehta - Non-Executive Director
Mr. Kirit Vora - Non-Executive Director
Mr. Vijay Ladha - Independent Director
Mr. Radha Krishna Murthy
Mr. Pundarik Sanyal - Independent Director

Ms. Purvi Ambani - Chief financial Officer (upto December 6, 2017)

Ms. Mamta Gautam - Chief financial Officer (from December 14, 2017)

Mr. Pankaj J Parmar - Manager

Ms. Meha Sikarwar - Company secretary and Compliance officer

(iV) Relative of Key management Personnel (KmP)

Mr. Aditya Mehta - Son of Chairman Mr. Aakash Mehta - Son of Chairman

(V) Public Charatable Trust in which two KMP are Trustees

Gajaraben Nanubhai Desai public Trust

B. Transactions With Related Parties

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
	Rental income		
i.	Nucleus IT Enabled services limited	11,535.00	11,216.00
ii.	Asit C. mehta Investment Interrmediates limited	20,160.00	20,160.00
iii.	Asit C mehta forex Private limited	-	60.00
iv.	Edgytal Digital marketing Private limited	720.00	720.00
V.	Asit C mehta Commodity services limited	120.00	120.00
vi.	Lasoon live- Aakash	-	60.00
	Interest Received on Loan		
i.	Nucleus IT Enabled services limited	1,684.22	591.52
	Interest paid on Loan		
i.	Deena Mehta	269.74	-
	Guarantee charges recovered (amortisation)		
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	126.00	59.33
	Balance Write off		
i.	Omniscience Capital Advisors Pvt Ltd	133.70	_
	Advisory Charges paid		
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	1,223.76	-
	Office Expense paid	,	
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	743.85	_
•	Repairs and maintenance (Building) paid	7 10100	
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	913.93	_
·	Reimbursement of Expenses (recovery)	0.10.00	
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited (electricity Expense)	249.06	_
ii.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited (Leave encashment)	27.61	_
 iii.	Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited (Electricity expense)	72.55	_
	Donation	12.00	_
i.	Gajaraben Nanubhai Desai public Trust	250.00	
1.	Remuneration/Sitting Fees to KMP	230.00	_
i.	Ms. Mamta Gautam	319.03	1,101.15
ii.	Mr. Akshay Jain	714.13	1,101.10
iii.	Mr. Asit C Mehta	40.00	40.00
iv.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	40.00	40.00
V.	Mr. Kirit Vora	60.00	60.00
vi.	Mr. Vijay Ladha	30.00	55.00
vii.	Mr. Radha Krishna Murthy	30.00	50.00
viii.	Mr. Pundarik Sanyal	30.00	40.00
VIII.	Lease Deposit Received /(refunded) towards Premises	30.00	40.00
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	_	1,000
ii.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	_	(1,000)
	Loan Given		(1,000)
i	Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited	84,420	43,330
i. ii.	Mamta Gautam	04,420	100
	Loan Taken	<u>-</u>	100
	Mrs Deena Mehta	10.400	
i	Loan Repaid	10,400	-
 i.	Mrs Deena Mehta	10,400	

(₹ in '000)

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
	Loan Received back		
i.	Nucleus IT Enabled services limited	69,502	55,688
ii.	Mamta Gautam	80.00	20.00
	Financial Guarantee for Overdraft Facility		
i.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	-	500

(₹ in '000)

Compensation of Key management Personnel of the Company	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
short-term employee benefits	1,123	1,101
Total	1,123	1,101

C. Outstanding Balances

(₹ in '000)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
	Closing balance Receivable		
i.	Nucleus IT Enabled services ltd		-
	i) Loan	14,918.25	-
	ii) Interest	1,515.79	-
	iii) Rent	106.92	-
	iv) Electricity	72.55	-
ii.	Mamta Gautam	-	80.00
iii.	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited	276.67	-
	Closing balance Payable		
i.	Deena Mehta (Interest on Loan)	178.34	-
	Property deposit Payable		
i.	Nucleus IT Enabled services ltd	2,000.00	2,000.00
ii.	Asit C. mehta Investment Interrmediates limited	26,251.74	26,251.74
iii.	Asit C mehta Commodity services limited	1,500.00	1,500.00
	Financial Guarantee Contracts Commission		
i.	Asit C. mehta Investment Interrmediates limited	418.67	544.67
	investments		
i.	Nucleus IT Enabled services Itd	30,000.00	30,000.00
ii.	Asit C. mehta Investment Interrmediates limited	126,627.07	126,627.07

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The transactions of services/sales to and services/purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances on account of trade receivable, trade payable, other receivable, other payable and interest receivable on loan at the year end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received in respect of outstanding receivables or payables from/to any related party. This assessment is undertaken in each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Note 34:

Disclosure required under Section 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 for Loans, Security provided and Investments:

	Nature of the transaction	Purpose	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1	Inter Corporate deposits and Loans (Unsecured)			
	Nucleus IT Enabled services ltd (formerly known as	Business Pur-	14,918	-
	Nucleus GIs And ITEs Itd)	pose		
2	Security provided by way of mortgage of certain immovable property to Bank for extending Banking facilities			
	Asit C mehta Investment Interrmediates limited	Business Purpose	63,000	63,000
3	Investments			
	for details refer note no. 4 to the accounts			

Note 35:

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
Net Profit after Tax as pestatement of Profit andoss attributable to Equity shareholders (₹ in '000)	(4,919)	30,552.22
Total weighted Average number of Equity shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPs	4,834	4,833,575
face Value per Equity share	10	10.00
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share	(1.02)	6.32

Note 36:

Lease

Where the Company is a lessor

The Company has given premises under operating lease. These lease agreements range for a period between 11 months to **9 years** and all are cancellable leases. Most of the leases are renewable for further period on mutual agreeable terms and also includes escalation clauses.

Rental Income Related to operating leases:

	r. o.	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
i	i	Rental Income recognised in statement of profit and loss account	49,802	46,191
		total	49,802	46,191

(₹ in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2020	As at 31 st March, 2019
i	Lease rental Income	-	-
	Total of lease rent Income for a period :		
	Not later than one year	28,380	50,466
	later than one year but not later than five years	17,348	36,576
	later than five years	-	2,182
	Total	45,728	89,224

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019). Accordingly, previous period information has not been restated.

Note 37:

Employee Benefits

The Company has classified various employee benefits as under:

A. Defined Contribution Plans

Provident Fund

The Provident Fund are operated by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. These funds are recognised by the Income Tax Authorities.

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Contribution to Provident fund	-	-
total	-	-

B. Defined Benefit Plans

Gratuity

Valuations in respect of above have been carried out by independent actuary, as at the balance sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

	Particulars	Valuation as at	
		31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
i.	Mortality	IAIm(2006-08)ult.	
ii.	Discount rate (per annum)	7.64%	7.69%
iii	rate of increase in Compensation levels (per annum)	5.00%	5.00%
iv	Attrition rate	0.8% for all ages	0.8% for all ages
٧	Retirement Age	58 years	58 years
vi	The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Government of India securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.		
vii	The estimate of future salary increases considered, takes into account t ments and other relevant factors.	he inflation, seniority	, promotion, incre-

Note on other risks:

Investment risk - The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Interest Risk – A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.sec. rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary risk – The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, anincrease in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Asset Liability matching Risk: The plan faces the Alm risk as to the matching cash flow. since the plan is invested in lines of rule 101 of Income Tax rules, 1962, this generally reduces Alm risk.

Mortality risk: since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan doesnot have any longevity risk.

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
		Gratuity Unfunded	Gratuity Unfunded
i.	Changes in Present value of obligation		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	11.47	-
	Current service Cost	0.88	-
	Interest Cost	11.90	10.76
	Actuarial (Gains)/loss on obligation		
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	-	-
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in experi ence adjustment	(14.45)	0.71
	Past service cost - Vested Benefits		
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year (PVO)	9.80	11.47
ii.	Fair value of Plan assets		
	fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	-	-
	Interest Income	•	-
	fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	-	-
iii.	amount to be recognised in the Balance sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss Account		
	PVO at end of period	9.80	11.47
	fair Value of Plan Assets at end of period	-	-
	funded status	-	-
	Net Assets/(liability) recognised in the Balance sheet	9.80	11.47
iv.	Net Benefit (Asset) /Liability		
	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of period	11.47	-
	fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	-	-
	Net Benefit Asset /(liability)	11.47	-

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
		Gratuity Unfunded	Gratuity Unfunded
V.	net interest Cost for Current Period		
	Interest Cost	11.90	10.76
	(Interest Income)	-	-
	Net Interest Cost for Current Period	11.90	10.76
vi.	Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
	Current service Cost	0.88	-
	Interest cost on benefit obligation (net)	11.90	10.76
	Total Expenses recognised in thestatement of Profit and loss	12.77	10.76
vii.	Remeasurement effects Recognised in other Comprehensive income for the year		
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in demographic assumption	-	-
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	-	-
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in experi ence adjustment	(14.45)	0.71
	return on plan asset excluding net interest		
	recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	(14.45)	0.71
viii.	movements in the Liability recognised in Balance sheet		
	Opening Net liability	11.47	-
	Adjustment to opening balance	-	-
	Expenses as above	12.77	10.76
	Contribution paid	-	-
	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	(14.45)	0.71
	Closing Net liability	9.80	11.47
ix.	Cash flow Projection: From the Fund		
	within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	0.02	0.36
	2nd following year	0.02	0.54
	3rd following year	0.02	0.73
	4th following year	0.02	0.92
	5th following year	0.17	1.11
	sum of years 6 To 10	0.99	8.71

(₹ in '000)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
		Gratuity Unfunded	Gratuity Unfunded
x.	sensitivity analysis		
	"Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions"		
	Delta Effect of +1% Change in rate of Discounting	7.62	-
	Delta Effect of -1% Change in rate of Discounting	12.70	-
	Delta Effect of +1% Change in rate of salary Increase	12.71	-
	Delta Effect of -1% Change in rate of salary Increase	7.59	-
xi.	the major categories of plan assets as a percentage of total		
	Insurer managed funds	-	-

Note on Sensitivity Analysis

sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumptions of the Company which are discount rate and salary assumptions as of the end of the reporting period, showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes is called out in the table above.

The method used to calculate the liability in these scenarios is by keeping all the other parameters and the data same as in the base liability calculation except for the parameters to be stressed.

There is no change in the method from the previous period and the points /percentage by which the assumptions are stressed are same to that in the previous year.

Note 38:

Financial Instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Valuation

- i) The fair values of investment in quoted equity shares is based on the current bid price of respective investment as at the Balance Sheet date.
- ii) The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Company does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

Fair Value measurement hierarchy

- i) The fair value of financial instruments as referred below have been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique.
- ii) The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The categories used are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical instruments in an active market;
- Level 2: Directly or indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and
- Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data.

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by class are as follows:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As	at March	31, 2020		As atMarch 31, 2019			
	Carrying Fair Value		Carrying	Fair Value				
	amounts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	amounts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets								
measured at amortised Cost								
Investment in Preference shares	609	-	-	-	559	-	-	-
loans	19,678	-	-	-	1,217	-	-	-
Trade receivable	3,028	-	-	-	50,425	-	-	-
Cash and Bank Balance	1,914	-	-	-	2,228	-	-	-
Other Bank Balance	8,770	-	-	-	8,770	-	-	-
Others	2,811	-	-	-	1,169	-	-	-
	36,809	-	-	-	64,368	-	-	-
measured at FVtoCi								
Investment in equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
total Financial assets	36,809	-	-	-	64,368	-	-	-
Financial Liabilities								
measured at amortised Cost								
Borrowing	3,47,588	-	-	-	3,83,359	-	-	-
Trade Payables	7,147	-	-	-	5,566	-	-	-
Others	33,880	-	-	-	30,903	-	-	-
total Financial Liabilities	3,88,615	-	-	-	4,19,828	-	-	

Note 39:

Capital management and Financial Risk management Policy

a. Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's Capital Management, Capital includes issued Equity Capital and all Other Reserves attributable to the Equity shareholders of the Company. The Primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise the shareholders' value. The Company's Capital Management objectives are to maintain equity including all reserves to protect economic viability and to finance any growth opportunities that may be available in future so as to maximise shareholder's value. The Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio as its base, which is total debt divided by total equity.

Debt Equity Ratio - Total Debt divided by Total Equity

, ,		(' ' ' ' '
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Total Debt	3,47,588	3,83,359
Total Equity	4,19,605	4,24,513
Debt Equity ratio	0.83	0.90

B. Financial Risk management and Policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The risk management policy is approved by the Company's Board. The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations in select instances. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations and investments. The company is exposed to market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk etc. The objective of the Company's financing policy are to secure solvency, limit financial risks and optimise the cost of capital.

Company has exposure to following risk arising from financial instruments:

Credit risk

Market risk

Liquidity risk

i) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investments in units of mutual funds, other balances with banks, deposits and other receivables.

a) Trade Receivable

Customer credit risk managed by Company's established policy, procedure and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

b) Financial instruments

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by investing mainly in units of debt funds issued by mutual funds and that too have higher credit rating. The Group monitories changes in credit risk by tracking published external credit ranking.

ii) Market Risk

market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments and derivative financial instruments. The Company has designed risk management framework to control various risks effectively to achieve the business objectives. This includes identification of risk, its assessment, control and monitoring at timely intervals.

The company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to us Dollar.

The carrying amount of the Company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Amount in foreign currency (in '000)	Amount (₹ in '000)	Amount in foreign currency (in '000)	Amount (₹ in '000)
Receivable USD	12.00	904.40	720.00	50,076.00

Foreign currency sensitivity:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 5% increase/decrease in foreign currencies exchange rates, with all other variables held constant.

5% increase or decrease in foreign exchange rate will have the following impact on before profit before tax and impact on equity.

Particulars	As at March	As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 201		1 31, 2019
	5% Increase	5% Decrease	5% Increase	5% Decrease
Impact on Profit and Loss				
USD	(45.22)	45.22	(2,503.80)	2,503.80

a) Equity Risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than purposes. The Company does not actively trade these investments. Profit for the year ended march 31, 2020 and march 31, 2019 would have been unaffected as the equity investments are FVTOCI and some investments were disposed off during the year and resulting profit/(loss) on sale of investment is recorded in Other Comprehensive Income.

iii) Liquidity Risk

liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The Company maintains a cautious liquidity strategy, with a positive cash balance throughout the year. management monitors the Company's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows. Cash flow from operating activities provides the funds to service and finance the financial liabilities on a day-to-day basis.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of Company's financial liabilities.

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at March	31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
	Less than 1 Year/ on Demand	1-5 years	More than 5 ears	Total	
As at March 31, 2020					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	33,585.08	-	-	33,585.08	
Trade Payables	7,146.76	-	-	7,146.76	
Other financial liabilities	33,880.37	-	-	33,880.37	
	74,612.20	-	-	74,612.20	
As at March 31, 2019					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	37,256.74	-	-	37,256.74	
Trade Payables	5,565.69	-	-	5,565.69	
Other financial liabilities	30,903.40	-	-	30,903.40	
	73,725.83	-	-	73,725.83	

Note 40:

Information on Segment Reporting as per Ind AS 108 on "Operating Segments"

Operating segments are those components of the business whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision making body in the company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation.

The Company has identified two reportable primary segments, Investment activities and Advisory and Consultancy services in term of Ind As 108 on 'Operating segment'.

i. operating segment

i. Operating segment

(₹ in '000)

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
A.	segment Revenue (sales / services to external customers):		
	a. Investment Activities	49,802	46,191
	b. Advisory and Consultancy services	5,700	5,825
	c. Advisory Export	2,909	53,355
	total Revenue	58,411	1,05,371
B.	segment Results :		
	Profit/ (loss) before Tax and Interest		
	a. Investment Activities	(4,429)	23,031
	b. Advisory and Consultancy services	5,627	49,509
	total	1,199	72,540
	Add: unallocable Income	5.46	3,834
	less: Interest Expense	11,643	40,126
	Profit/(Loss) before Tax	(10,439)	36,249

Particulars	As at year ended March 31, 2020	As at year ended March 31, 2019
Other information :		
Segment Assets		
a. Investment Activities	7,99,100.31	784,005.51
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	1,456.24	50,368.40
c. Others – unallocated	10,504.81	12,970.05
total	8,11,061.36	847,343.96
Segment Liabilities		
a. Investment Activities		421,168.63
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	3,90,152.26	11.47
c. Others – unallocated	1,303.84	1,650.49
total	-	422,830.59
Capital Expenditure during the year	3,91,456.10	
a. Investment Activities		
- Tangible fixed Assets		396.13
- Intangible fixed Assets		
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	-	
c. Others – unallocated	-	
total	-	396.13

Notes to Financial Statements:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at year ended March 31, 2020	As at year ended March 31, 2019
depreciation during the year		
a. Investment Activities	13,397.80	13,053.69
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	286.09	643.97
c. Others – unallocated	-	-
total	13,683.89	13,697.66

- i. The Company has Geographical segment in terms of Ind As 108 on "Operating segments".
- ii. segment wise and Customer wise revenue comprising 10% or more of respective segment of revenue:

(₹ in '000)

Revenue from	As at marc	ch 31, 2020	As at march 31, 2019		
	Revenue		Revenue	No. of Customers	
Investment Activities	31,695.00	2.00	31,376.00	2.00	
Advisory services	5,500.00	1.00	53,355.00	1.00	
total	37,195.00	3.00	84,731.00	3.00	

ii Geographical information (₹ in '000)

Particulars	As	at march 31, 2020		As	s at march 31, 2019	
	Customers by location of segment as- to Fixed assets		Revenue from Customers by location	Carrying amount of segment as- sets by Location	addition to Fixed assets	
Domestic	55,502.02	8,10,156.96	-	52,015.88	7,97,267.96	396.13
Overseas	2,909.34	904.40	-	53,355.00	50,076.00	-
total	58,411	8,11,061	-	1,05,370.88	8,47,343.96	396.13

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 41:

COVID- 19 IMPACT AND DISCLOSURE

I. In early 2020, a new corona virus originated from China triggering Disease COVID-19. The Virus has spread across the globe. The World Health Organization (WHO) declared it a global pandemic. Every country was forced to declare part/Full Lockdown to arrest its spread. The

Pandemic has caused severe disruption to businesses and economic activities. Various governments have introduced a variety of other measures to contain the spread of the virus.

The Government of India also announced a country wide lockdown which still continues in large part of the country with some variations.

II. The Rental income of the company is likely to be impacted due to possible reduction in demand for commercial office space in the face of preference for work from home by staff. The Investment banking and advisory activities are also likely to be impacted due to slowing down of economic activities. The Company is in the process of engaging Leading international property consultants to rent out the vacant space in the company property in Mumbai.

Notes (Including significant Accounting Policies)

1 to 41

forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

for Chandrakant & sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

firm reg. No: 101676w

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora
Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

(Kiran C. shah) Partner membership No. 032187

Place : Mumbai Date : 31st July 2020

Consolidated Financial Statements (2019-20)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

Report on the audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated Ind AS financial statements of **ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED** ("the Company") and Its subsidiaries (the Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "Group"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at **31**st **March 2020**, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended (Ind AS), and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31st March, 2020, the consolidated loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in Equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the "Code of Ethics" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the independence and ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's "Code of Ethics". We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Material Uncertainty related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note No.43 to the Consolidated Ind AS Financial statements, inter alia, with respect to Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited ("NITES") the Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) whose net worth has got eroded as at 31st March, 2020 and as at the year-end NITES's current liability exceeds its current assets. These indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on NITES's ability to continue as a going concern. However, the financial statements of NITES's have been prepared on a going concern basis for the reasons stated in the said Note. The independent auditors of NITES's have commented on the material uncertainty related to going concern in respect of its abilities to continue as a going concern in their audit report without modifying their audit report in this respect.

Our opinion on Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements is not modified in respect of this matter.

Emphasize of Matter

We further draw the attention to the said Note No.43 to the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements explaining the Group's management's assessment of the lockdown and other restrictions and conditions due to COVID -19 pandemic on future performance of the group.

Our opinion on Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of the current period. We, based on our professional judgement, have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon (Other information)

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation of other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including annexures thereto, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance Report, but does not include the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management and those charged with governance for the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated total comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.

The respective Board of directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated Ind AS financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of the Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates and jointly controlled entities to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of Holding company included in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matter

We did not audit the consolidated Ind AS financial statements/financial information of Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited ("ACMIIL") a controlled subsidiary and of Asit C. Mehta Comdex Services, DMCC ("Comdex"), the overseas wholly owned subsidiary of ACMIIL, whose standalone financial statements/financial information, which were unaudited, were consolidated with standalone unaudited Ind AS financial statements of ACMIIL; and the standalone Ind AS financial statements of Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited ("NITES"), the wholly owned subsidiary ("WOS") (together "entities"),both these financial statements/financial information, considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, as at 31st March,2020(before elimination of intra-group transactions)which reflect:-

(Rs. in thousand)

Total assets of Rs. 10,94,051.16, total revenues of Rs. 2,87,279.99 and net cash in-flows as per consolidated cash flow statement amounting to Rs. 1,15,543.40, excluding cash flows of Comdex, if any, the cash flows statement of which has not been prepared.

The standalone financial statements of ACMIIL are audited by the other auditor under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2014, who have furnished unmodified auditor's report thereon, and these audited financial statements have been further restated by the Management in compliance with the Ind AS requirements, furnished to us, duly certified by the Management, which are unaudited. The said restated standalone Ind AS financial statements have been consolidated by the Management with the financial statements of Comdex, which have been prepared by the Management in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in India by converting the financial statements and financial information from the home currency of the Comdex into the Indian currency, which have not been further restated as per Ind AS requirements. These consolidated Ind AS financial statements (of ACMIIL with Comdex), duly certified by the Management, have been considered by us in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Further, the Ind AS standalone financial statements of NITES are audited by the other auditor in compliance with the Ind AS requirements and they have furnished the unmodified auditor's report thereon. These Ind AS financial statements have been considered by us in consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

Our audit report on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of consolidated Ind AS financial statements of ACMIIL with Comdex and standalone Ind AS financial statements of NITES, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) and (11) of section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the said entities, is solely based on audited financial statements by the other auditors and such certified consolidated financial statements/financial statements and financial information, as the case may be, by the Management, and the reports by such auditors, wherever available.

Our opinion on the consolidated Ind AS financial statements and our Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the Reports of the other Auditor, wherever available, and the financial statements/financial formation certified by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Group so far as it appears from our examination of those books:

- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Consolidated Statement of changes in Equity and the Consolidated Cash Flows Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated Ind AS financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding company as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over reporting of the Holding company and its subsidiaries incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A, which is based on the auditors' reports of The Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India. Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements of those companies, for the reasons stated therein.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:
 - In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as per the records, the Holding Company's Board consists of non-executive directors and independent directors only. These directors are paid only sitting fees for attending the Board meetings and Committees meetings plus reimbursement for actual travel expenses incurred to attend the said meetings. In our opinion, such payments by the Holding Company to the said directors during the year are in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act. With regard to remuneration paid to directors by its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, as per the audit reports of the respective subsidiary Companies' auditors, are in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Group has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its consolidated Ind AS financial statements Refer Note 33to the consolidated Ind AS financial statements:
 - (ii) The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as required under the applicable law or accounting standards; and
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

For CHANDRAKANT & SEVANTILAL & J. K. SHAH & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 101676 W

(Kiran C. Shah), Partner Membership No.: 032187 UDIN:20032187AAAAAG1145

Mumbai Dated:31st July,2020

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED IND AS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED

[Referred to clause (f) of paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date]

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated Ind AS financial statements of ASIT C. MEHTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), as at and for the year ended 31st March, 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries. One of the subsidiaries (i.e. Comdex, the overseas wholly subsidiary of ACMIIL) is incorporated outside India and accordingly, this report does not cover the audit of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements in respect of the said subsidiary.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, which are incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the "Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting" (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of Group's business, including adherence to respective Group's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of The Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of The Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of The Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Group's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, considering the reports of other auditors on the internal financial controls of the subsidiaries incorporated in India, nature of activities, size of operation and organizational structure of the Holding Company and Subsidiary companies incorporated in India and exercise of controls through personal supervision by the management, the Holding Company and Subsidiary companies incorporated in India, has maintained, in all material respect, internal financial controls with reference to the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2020, based on the internal controls with reference to the financial statements criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

Other Matter

We did not audit the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements in so far as it relates to subsidiaries whose financial statements (excluding amounts of Comdex) as at 31stMarch,2020 (before elimination of intra-group transactions) reflect:-(Rs. in thousands)

total assets of Rs.10,94,051.16, total revenues of Rs. 2,87,279.99 and net cash in-flows as per consolidated cash flow statement amounting to Rs. 1,15,543.40, excluding cash flows of Comdex, if any, the cash flows statement of which has not been prepared as considered in the consolidated Ind AS financial statements.

The internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements, so far it relates to such subsidiaries audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us by the management and our report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements for the Group under section 143(lof the Act, in so far it relates to such subsidiaries, is solely based on the reports of the auditors of such subsidiaries. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter with respect to our reliance on the work done and on the Report of the other Auditors.

For CHANDRAKANT & SEVANTILAL & J. K. SHAH & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 101676 W

> (Kiran C. Shah), Partner Membership No.: 032187 UDIN:20032187AAAAAG1145

Mumbai Dated:31st July,2020

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS ON MARCH 31,2020

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Note No.	As on	As on		
		March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019		
I. ASSETS					
(1) Non-current assets					
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	3A	18,379.57	23,158.09		
(b) Capital Work-In-Progress (Intangible)	3B	15,498.17	16,478.65		
(c) Investment Property	3C	6,00,834.07	6,14,231.87		
(d) Goodwill		40,012.01	40,012.01		
(e) Other Intangible Assets	3D	15,213.37	7,880.34		
(f) Financial Assets		, , , ,	,		
(i) Investments	4	68,688.47	1,16,397.86		
(ii) Loans	5	8,480.69	12,407.42		
(iii) Others	6	214.80	150.00		
(g) Non-Current Tax Assets	7	30,743.33	19,639.87		
(h) Other Non-Current Assets	8	6,919.71	6,978.98		
(i) Deferred Tax Assets (net)	9	4,998.81	0,970.90		
Total Non Current Assets		8,09,983.00	8,57,335.09		
(2) Current assets		0,03,303.00	0,57,333.03		
(a) Financial Assets					
(i) Trade Receivables	10	22,390.53	1,04,326.69		
	11	1,36,976.72			
(ii) Cash and Cash Equivalents			21,433.33		
(iii) Bank balance Other Than (ii) Above	12	2,99,939.74	3,94,645.58		
(iv) Loans	13	1,63,875.94	1,16,786.49		
(v) Others Financial Assets	14	2,78,712.53	4,69,104.13		
(b) Other current assets	15	9,693.18	6,428.72		
Total Current Assets		9,11,588.65	11,12,724.94		
Total Assets		17,21,571.65	19,70,060.03		
II FOULTY AND LIABILITIES					
II. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity	40	40.005.75	40.005.75		
(a) Equity Share Capital	16	48,335.75	48,335.75		
(b) Other Equity	17	2,00,718.12	2,83,917.87		
Equity Attributable to Owners		2,49,053.87	3,32,253.62		
(c) Non Controlling Interest		13,681.15	41,825.77		
Total Equity		2,62,735.02	3,74,079.39		
Liabilities					
(1) Non-Current Liabilities					
(a) Financial Liabilities					
(i) Borrowings	18	3,14,969.60	3,47,411.72		
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities					
(b) Provisions	19	38.61	111.07		
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	20	-	16,661.15		
(d) Other Non-Current Liabilities	21	-	118.75		
Total Non- Current Liabilities		3,15,008.21	3,64,302.69		
(2) Current liabilities					
(a) Financial Liabilities					
(i) Borrowings	22	4,37,466.49	5,51,054.05		
(ii) Trade payables	23	3,91,146.70	3,69,986.62		
(iii) Other financial liabilities	24	2,53,430.75	2,44,609.00		
(b) Other Current Liabilities	25	60,310.60	63,946.74		
(c) Provisions	26	1,473.87	1,882.99		
(d) Current Tax Liability	27	-,	198.55		
Total Current Liabilities		11,43,828.42	12,31,677.95		
Total Liabilities		14,58,836.63	15,95,980.64		

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 43

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187 Place: Mumbai Date: 31st July 2020

Firm reg. No: 101676W

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	note no.	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
inCome		2 = 2 2 2 2 2 2	1.00.110.00
revenue from operations Other Income	28 29	2,79,609.38 31,255.17	4,30,149.98 27,129.06
total income		3,10,864.55	4,57,279.04
eXPenses			
Employee benefits expense	30	1,32,728.25	1,28,396.05
finance costs	31	84,755.37	69,670.70
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3A to 3C	23,465.82	23,587.16
Other expenses	32	1,66,743.78	2,02,725.58
total expenses		4,07,693.22	4,24,379.49
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(96,828.67)	32,899.55
Tax expense: - Current tax		_	4,825.77
- Deferred tax (Assets) / liability		9,844.57	4,053.92
- mAT Credit Entitlement			(3,869.83)
- Prior year tax adjustment (Cr) / Dr		(127.13)	80.77
total tax expense		9,717.44	5,090.63
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(87,111.23)	27,808.92
other comprehensive income			
i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
a) re-measurement gains/ (losses) on defined benefit plans		875.28	526.29
b) Effect of measuring Equity Instruments on fair Value		(45,807.35)	764.86
c) Income Tax on (a) and (b)		11,682.34	(328.24)
other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		(33,249.73)	962.91
total comprehensive income for the year (net of tax)		(1,20,360.96)	28,771.83
Net Profit attributable to:			
a) Owners of the Company		(58,226.49)	16,092.36
b) Non Controlling Interest		(28,884.74)	11,716.56
other Comprehensive income attributable to:			
a) Owners of the Company		(32,031.20)	1,232.71
b) Non Controlling Interest		(1,218.53)	(269.79)
total Comprehensive income attributable to:			
a) Owners of the Company		(90,257.70)	17,325.07
b) Non Controlling Interest		(30,103.26)	11,446.76
earnings per equity share of face value of Rs.10 each		(40.00)	
Basic		(18.02)	5.75
Diluted		(18.02)	5.75

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 43

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm reg. No: 101676W Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187 Place : Mumbai Date : 31st July 2020

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2020	For the Year ended March 31, 2019			
A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net Profit / (loss) before Tax	(96,828.67)	32,899.55			
Add / (Less):- adjustments for :					
Depreciation and Amortisation	23,465.82	23,587.16			
Interest Income	(25,875.36)	(24,685.90)			
Dividend Income	(132.50)	(118.34)			
Provision for Bad & doubtfull debts / Bad debts	-	1,900.04			
Withdrawal from provision for bad debts	(1,976.49)				
Provision for Gratuity written back	-	(1,986.00)			
Finance Costs	84,755.37	69,670.70			
Fixed Assets Written Off	-	429.43			
Foreign Exchange Gain / loss	(1,924.35)	1,752.10			
Operating Profit Before Changes in Working Capital	(18,516.18)	1,03,448.72			
adjustment for Changes in Working Capital	85,837.00	(86,074.93)			
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade receivables	1,90,391.60	(1,26,988.46)			
(Increase) / Decrease in Other financial Assets	(3,264.46)	3,896.01			
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	3,921.21	8,713.90			
(Increase) / Decrease in financial and Other Non Current Asset	(34,294.52)	4,794.22			
(Increase) / Decrease in financial Assets loan	17,392.21	2,434.18			
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables, Other Current liabilities and short-term Provisions	(17,434.68)	4,996.56			
Increase / (Decrease) in security deposit	8,821.75	6,808.28			
Increase / (Decrease) in Other financial liability	(191.21)	37.42			
Increase / (Decrease) in long term provision	2,32,662.73	(77,934.09)			
Cash Generated from operations	(11,103.46)	(7,392.94)			
less: Direct taxes refund/(paid) [net]	2,21,559.26	(85,327.04)			
NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY (A)	25,875.36	24,685.90			
B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	94,705.84	(1,13,492.48)			
Interest received	132.50	118.34			
Placement of Bank fixed deposits (net)	(12,794.93)	(30,722.69)			
Dividend received	(11,642.05)	(15,251.54)			
Inter Corporate loan Given (net)	-				
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment	2,041.21	(4,058.04)			
Sale of fixed Assets	98,317.92	(1,38,720.51)			
Purchase of Investment (net)	(84,755.37)	(69,670.70)			
NET CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY (B)	9,016.58	-			
C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY					
finance Costs	(32,442.12)	(28,125.40)			
(repayment) / Proceed on Term loan	(96,152.88)	1,87,711.31			
(repayment) / Borrowing of short Term loan	(2,04,333.78)	89,915.20			

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	For the Year ended march 31, 2020	For the Year ended march 31, 2019
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A) + (B) + (C)	1,15,543.40	(1,34,132.34)
Cash on hand	413.26	268.35
Balances with scheduled banks on current accounts	21,020.06	1,55,297.31
OPENING BALANCE OF CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS	21,433.33	1,55,565.66
Cash on hand	341.63	413.26
Balances with scheduled banks on current accounts	1,36,635.09	21,020.06
CLOSING BALANCE OF CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,36,976.72	21,433.33
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,15,543.40	(1,34,132.34)

^{1.} Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the indirect method as set out in Ind AS 7 specified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

As per our report of even date attached For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm reg. No: 101676W

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187

Place : Mumbai
Date : 31st July 2020

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

^{2.} Figures in brackets represent outflows / deductions.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

A. Equity Share Capital

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Amount
Balance as at March 31, 2018	48,335.75
Add: Changes in Equity share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2019	48,335.75
Add: Changes in Equity share Capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	48,335.75

B. Other Equity

(₹ in '000)

		Rese	erves & sur	plus		Total Other	otal Other	
Particulars	Capital Reserve	Other Equity	Securities Premium	Retained Earnings	Equity instru- ments through oCi	Equity attributable to equity holder of the company	Non Controlling interest	Total
Balance as at march 31, 2017	759.50	-	41,043.96	1,51,125.58	73,015.18	2,66,592.80	32,125.35	2,98,718.15
Addition during the year		-	648.58			-	-	
Profit for the period				16,092.36		16,092.36	11,716.56	27,808.92
Other Comprehensive Income for the year				-	1,232.71	1,232.71	(269.79)	962.92
Adjustment for the year due to Ind As transition				(222.02)		-	(1,746.33)	(1,746.33)
Balances as at march 31, 2018	759.50	-	41,692.54	1,67,217.94	74,247.89	2,83,917.87	41,825.79	3,25,743.66
Addition during the year		9,016.58				9,016.58		-
Profit for the period				(58,226.49)		(58,226.49)	(28,884.74)	9,016.58
Other Comprehensive Income for the year					(32,031.20)	(32,031.20)	(1,218.53)	(87,111.23)
Adjustment for the year				(1,958.65)		(1,958.65)	1,958.65	(33,249.73)
Balances as at march 31, 2019	759.50	9,016.58	41,692.54	1,07,032.80	42,216.69	2,00,718.11	13,681.17	2,14,399.29

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 43

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached

For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm reg. No: 101676W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187

Place : Mumbai Date : 31st July 2020

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

1 Corporate information

The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the financial statements of Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited ('the Holding Company'), Asit C Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited ('the Subsidiary') and Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited ('the Wholly owned Subsidiary'), hereinafter together referred to as Group.

The Holding Company is a Public Limited Company Incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office in Nucleus House, Saki Vihar Road, Andheri (East) Mumbai - 400072. The shares of the Holding Company are listed on BSE Limited.

The Holding Company is engaged in the business of Renting of immovable properties . The Holding Company has classified the aforesaid business as an 'investment activities'. The Holding Company is also rendering 'Advisory and Consultancy Services'.

The Wholly owned Subsidiary is mainly engaged in information technology enabled services and provides services to clients both domestic and abroad. The Wholly owned Subsidiary is also engaged in Debt Recovery Business.

The Subsidiary is a member of BSE Ltd., The National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. ("NSE") and is engaged in shares and securities broking in cash, derivative including currency derivative segment, debt m arkets and mutual fund along with other fund mobilization. The Subsidiary is a Category- I Merchant Banker registered under the Securities & Exchange Board of India (Merchant Bankers) Regulations, 1992 and is also engaged in providing services of Investment Banking, Corporate Finance & Advisory. It has also started providing the services of Portolio Management Services and has obtained the Insurance Business and PFRDA licenses during previous year.

2 Significant Accounting Policies

a. Statement of Compliance

The Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended and notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act') and other relevant provisions of the Act.

b. Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the following basis:

- The Financial Statement of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries have been combined on line-byline basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after fully eliminating intra group balances and intra group transactions resulting in unrealised profits / losses as per Ind AS 110.
- The difference between the group costs of Investments in the subsidiaries, over its portion of equity at the time of acquisition of shares is recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements as Goodwill.
 The Goodwill recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements is tested for impairment, if any.
- Non-controlling interest in the net assets of the consolidated subsidiaries consist of the amount of equity attributable to the Non-controlling shareholders at the date on which investments in the subsidiary companies were made and further movements in their share in equity, subsequent to the dates on investment. Net profit / loss for the year of the subsidiaries attributable to Non-controlling interest is identified and adjusted against the profit after tax of the Group in order to arrive at the income attributable to shareholders of the Holding Company.
- Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the
 consolidated statement of profit and loss, consolidated statement of changes in equity and balance
 sheet respectively.
- For the purposes of consolidation, unaudited financial statements of the foreign subsidiary for the period 1st April 2019 to 31st March, 2020 has been prepared and certified by the management and the same has been considered for consolidation.
- The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Holding Company's separate financial statements.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

The subsidiary companies considered in the Consolidated Financial Statements are:

Name of the Company	Country of incorporation	% of voting power held as at 31.3.2019
1. Nucleus IT Enabled services ltd (NITEs)	India	100
2. Asit C mehta Investment Interrmediates Itd (ACmIII)	India	44.09
3. Asit Cmehta Comdexservices, DmCC (100%wholly Owned subsidiary of Asit C mehta Investment Interrmediates limited)	UAE	44.09

The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the consolidation are drawn upto the same reporting date as that of the Company i.e. 31.3.2019.

ii Historical cost convention

The Consolidated financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis under the historical cost convention or amortised cost, except for the following assets and liabilities, which have been measured at fair value:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities
- Defined Benefits Plans- Plan assets

iii Functional and presentation currency

These Consolidated financial statements are presented in Indiamupees (INr), which is also the Group's functional currency excepting overseas wholly owned subsidiary whose functional currency is Arab Emirates Dirham (AED) and which is converted into INr and accordingly all amounts are in INr and all amounts are rounded off to the nearest thousand (INr '000) upto two decimals, except when otherwise indicated.

2.1 Property, Plant and equipment (PPE)

PPE is recognised when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, non-refundable purchase taxes and any costs directly attributable to bring the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any. Cost includes, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

If significant parts of an item of PPE have different useful lives, then those are accounted as separate items (major components) of PPE.

material items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and service equipment are classified as and when they meet the definition of PPE, as specified in Ind As 16 on "Property, Plant and Equipment".

The carrying amount of an item of PPE is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefit is expected to arise from its continued use. Any gain or loss arising on the derecognition of an item of PPE is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and is recognised in Consolidated statement of Profit and loss.

2.2 Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant and Equipment is provided on the Straight-Line Method in accordance with requirements prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The Group has assessed the estimated useful lives of its PPE and has adopted the useful lives and residual value as prescribed therein. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any change in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

In respect of ACmIII - the subsidiary of the Company:

In respect of each item of the fixed Assets, existing on the date of the applicability of the requirements of the schedule II, i.e. on 01.04.2014, the Company has got evaluated technically by the Valuation Advisor, by examining physically each such items of fixed Assets, as to their possible total useful lives from the respective dates of purchases, acquisition, etc. and based thereon, the balance remaining useful lives. In respect of additions during the year, the Company has adopted the useful lives of respective item of fixed assets as specified in Part C of schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.

These useful lives, as determined by the Valuation Advisors, are different from the useful lives as specified in Part C of the schedule II, and the details of which are as under:

Assets	As per Valuer's report	As per Part C of Schedule ii
Furniture and fixture	12 years	10 years
Computer - End users	8 years	3 years
Computer - server, huB, router	10 years	6 years
Office Equipment	11 years	5 years
Other Equipments	14 years	5 years
Electrical Installation	14 years	10 years
Vehicles	10 years	8 years

Justification for adopting longer useful lives

- i) Due to regular maintenance through Qualified Technicians onsite.
- ii) maintenance Contract from specialist or Original manufacturer of the product, this ensures quality of services to get longer economic benefit from the product.
- iii) Turn around and quality of the spares used which serve the purpose without need for changes to higher or newer technologies.

2.3 Investment Property

Property that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, is classified as an Investment Property. It is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. Subsequently, it is carried at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses (Refer Note 3B). Any gain or loss on disposal of investment property is determined as the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the property and is recognised in the Statement of profit and loss. Transfer to, or from, investment property is done at the carrying amount of the property.

Depreciation on Investment property is provided on a pro rata basis on straight line method over the estimated useful lives. Useful life of assets, as assessed by the management, corresponds to those prescribed by the schedule II - Part 'C'.

2.4 Intangible Assets and Amortisation

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortised as per Ind AS 38. Software is being amortised over a period of ten years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an Intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

2.5 Non-current Assets held for sale

Assets held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. The determination of fair value less cost to sell includes use of managements estimates and assumptions. The fair value of the assets held for sale has been estimated using valuation techniques (mainly Income and Market approach), which include unobservable inputs.

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets may have been impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount, which is the higher of its value in use or its fair value less costs of disposal, of the asset or cash-generating unit, as the case may be, is estimated and impairment loss (if any) is recognised and the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but upto the amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognized for that asset or cash generating unit. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.7 Statement of Cash Flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby net profit or net los for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

For the purpose of presentation in the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at banks, other short-term deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturity of three months or less that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.8 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the asset. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing costs also include exchange differences if any to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

2.9 Segment Reporting

The company identifies primary segments based on the dominant source, nature of risk and returns and Internal organisation and management structure. The operating segments are the segments for which separate financial information is available and for which operating profit/loss amounts are evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker (CODM) in deciding how to allocate resources in assessing the performance.

The accounting policies adopted for segment reporting are in the line with the accounting policies of the Company.

Segment revenue, segment expenses, segment assets and segment liabilities have been identified to segments on the basis of their relationship to activities of the segment.

Revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities which relate to the Company as a whole and are not allocable to segments on reasonable basis have been included under "unallocated revenue/expenses/assets/liabilities" respectively.

2.10 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets

Provision is recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provision is measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. If the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of provision is discounted using an appropriate pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

A Contingent liability is disclosed in case of a present obligation arising from past events, when it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made. A Contingent Liability is also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Contingent Assets are not recognised but where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets are disclosed in the financial statements.

2.11 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits of a transaction will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Rental income

Rental Income is accounted as and when accrues.

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised on a timely basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of that financial asset.

Dividends

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Company's right to receive dividend is established, which is generally when shareholders approve the dividend.

Advisory

Revenue from advisory, brokerage and consultancy services is recognised on rendering of services / work performed and reported net of taxes.

2.12 Operating Leases

Leases are classified as operating leases whenever the terms of the lease do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership.

Lease rentals on assets under operating lease are recognized or charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Assets leased out under operating leases are continued to be shown under the respective class of assets. Rental income is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Where the rental are structured solely to increase in line with expected general inflation to compensate for the lessor's expected inflationary cost increases, such increases are recognised in the year in which such benefits accrue.

2.13 Employee Benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Employee benefits such as salaries, wages, short term compensated absences, expected cost of bonus and ex-gratia falling due wholly within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits and are recognised as an expense at the undiscounted amount in the statement of profit and loss of the year in which the related service is rendered.

(ii) Long-term employee benefits:

Defined Contribution Plan:

Provident Fund:

The eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive post-employment benefits in respect of provident, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the employee's eligible salary (currently 12%). The contributions if any, are made to the Central Provident Fund under the State Pension Scheme. Provident Fund is classified as Defined Contributions Plans as the Company has no further obligation beyond making the contribution. The Company's contribution if any, is charged to the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Defined Benefit Plan:

a. Gratuity:

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefits retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement or death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The cost of providing benefits is determined using the Projected Unit Credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at each Balance Sheet date. The Company pays these benefits as and when due based on its own liquidity.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses is reflected immediately in the Balance Sheet with a charge or credit recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognised in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and is not reclassified to profit or Loss. Past service cost is recognised immediately for both vested and the non-vested portion. The retirement benefit obligation recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

b. Compensated absences:

The Company provides for encashment of leave or leave with pay subject to certain rules. The liability is recognized based on number of days of unutilized leave at each balance sheet date on the basis of an independent actuarial valuation. Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to the Statement of Profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

2.14 Taxes on Income

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the Statement of Profit and Loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated as per the applicable provisions and tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other tax laws, as applicable.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to the income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net or simultaneous basis.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.15 Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary items denominated in foreign currency at the year end are translated at year end rates. In respect of monetary items which are covered by forward exchange contracts, the difference between the year end rate and the rate on the date of the contract is recognized as exchange difference and the premium on such forward contracts is recognized over the life of the forward contract. The exchange difference arising on settlement/ translation are recognized in the revenue accounts.

2.16 Earnings Per Share

The basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity and dilutive equity equivalent shares, if any, outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

2.17 Financial Instruments

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued by the Group are initially measured at their fair values and are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with impairment requirements of Ind AS 109; and
- the amount initially recognized less, when appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognized in accordance with the principles of Ind AS 18

When guarantee in relation to loans or other payables of subsidiaries are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognized as cost of investment.

Derecognition of financial liabilities:

The Group derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired. The Group also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows under the modified terms are substantially different.

Offsetting:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.18 Critical accounting Judgements and Key sources of estimation Uncertainty

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements requires the management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on reported amounts of assets, liabilities, incomes and expenses, and accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as the Management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which the changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the Consolidated financial statements.

Key estimates, assumptions and judgements

The key assumptions concerning the future and other major sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below:

Income taxes

Significant judgements are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions as also to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits.

Property, Plant and Equipment/Intangible Assets

Property, Plant and Equipment/ Other Intangible Assets are depreciated/amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Group's historical experience with similar assets and taking into account anticipated technological changes or commercial obsolescence. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The depreciation/amortisaion for future periods is revised, if there are significant changes from previous estimates and accordingly, the unamortised/depreciable amount is charged over the remaining useful life of the assets.

Employee Benefit Plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other-post employment benefits and the present value of gratuity obligations and compensated absences are determined based on actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, attrition and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, these liabilities are highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

Impairment of Financial Assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Recoverability of Trade Receivables

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

Fair Value measurements of Financial Instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets (Net Assets Value in case of units of Mutual Funds), their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Impairment of Assets

The Group has used certain judgements and estimates to work out future projections and discount rates to compute value in use of cash generating unit and to access impairment. In case of certain assets independent external valuation has been carried out to compute recoverable values of these assets.

Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

2.19 Ind AS 116: Lease

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116-Leases effective 1st April, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company has applied the standard to its leases with the cumulative impact recognised on the date of initial application (April 1, 2019).

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a Lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Company applies Ind AS 115 to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Company recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'Other Operating Revenue under Revenue from Operations in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

The accounting policies applicable to the Company as a lessor in the comparative period were not different from Ind AS 116.

2.20 Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expect to receive in exchange for those products or services.

Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes

- -Appendix C, Uncertainty over Income Tax. Treatment This amendment is to be applied while performing the determination of taxable profit (or loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments under Ind AS 12. According to the Appendix:
- (1) the entity needs to determine whether each tax treatment should be considered separately or whether some can be considered together. The decision should be based on the approach which better predicts of the resolution of the uncertainty;
- (2) the entity is to assume that the taxation authority will have right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations; and
- (3) entity has to consider whether it is probable that the taxation authority will accept the tax treatment and accordingly, determine taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates would depend upon the probability.

The Group does not expect any significant impact of the amendment on its financial statements.

- Consequences of Dividend

The amendments are in connection with accounting for dividend distribution taxes. The amendment clarifies that an entity shall recognise the income tax consequences of dividends in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or equity according to where the entity originally recognised those past transactions or events.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

Note 3A: Property, Plant and Equipment:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Computers	electric Fittings	Furni- tures and fixtures	motor Vehicles	Office and other equip- ments	solar system	air Con- ditioners	Projector	total
(i) Gross Carrying Value									
Balance as at march 31, 2017	8,947.01	904.81	11,682.83	3,963.94	10,493.35	2,182.96	17.59	7.43	38,199.92
Additions during the year	4,301.23		695.43	2,000.58	1,340.11		36.13		8,373.49
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	(2.71)	(29.39)	(197.16)		(70.14)		(2.40)		(301.80)
Balance as at march 31, 2018	13,245.53	875.41	12,181.10	5,964.53	11,763.33	2,182.96	51.32	7.43	46,271.62
Additions during the year	1,714.91	-	375.12		1,021.46	-	-	-	3,111.49
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	(288.49)				(288.49)				
Balance as at march 31, 2019	14,960.44	875.41	12,556.22	5,964.53	12,496.30	2,182.96	51.32	7.43	49,094.62
(ii) accumulated depreciation	2,610.53	799.35	5,874.94	797.90	4,377.11	122.96	-	-	14,582.79
Balance as at march 31, 2017	3,264.26	4.94	2,357.48	662.41	2,152.13	138.27	0.25		8,579.73
Depreciation expense for the year	(2.10)		(7.83)		(39.05)				(48.98)
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	5,872.68	804.29	8,224.59	1,460.32	6,490.18	261.23	0.25	-	23,113.53
Balance as at march 31, 2018	5,872.68	814.79	8,224.09	1,460.32	6,490.18	261.23	0.25	-	23,123.54
Depreciation expense for the year	-	(10.51)	0.50	-	-	-	-		
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	3,905.05	4.94	1,402.42	758.87	1,650.79	138.27	6.88	-	7,867.21
Balance as at march 31, 2019	9,777.73	809.23	9,627.01	2,219.18	7,875.27	399.50	7.12	-	30,715.04
Net Carrying Value (I-II)					-				
Balance as at march 31, 2018	7,372.85	71.13	3,956.51	4,504.21	5,273.15	1,921.73	51.08	7.43	23,158.09
Balance as at march 31, 2019	5,182.71	66.19	2,929.21	3,745.34	4,621.02	1,783.47	44.20	7.43	18,379.57

Note 3B: Capital work-in-progress (intangible)

Capital work-in-progress represent software for online trading of shares and securities and mobile application under development . Total amount of rs.16,479.65 (in'000) [previous year Rs.9,601.60 (in '000)] represents amounts given as advances.

Note 3C: Investment Property:

Particulars	Office Premises
(i) Gross Carrying Value	
Balance as at march 31, 2018	653,735.00
Additions during the year	-
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-
Other Adjustments during the year	-
Balance as at march 31, 2019	653,735.00
Additions during the year	
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	
Other Adjustments during the year	
Balance as at march 31, 2020	653,735.00
(ii) Accumulated depreciation	
Balance as at march 31, 2018	26,105.34

Particulars	Office Premises
Depreciation expense for the year	13,397.79
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-
Balance as at march 31, 2019	39,503.13
Depreciation expense for the year	13,397.79
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	
Balance as at march 31, 2020	52,900.93
Net Carrying Value (I-II)	
Balance as at march 31, 2018	6,14,231.87
Balance as at march 31, 2019	6,14,231.87

The holding Company has, inter alia, leased some of its immovable property to two of its subsidiaries, that is leased to entities within the Group and therefore, in terms of the relevant provisions of Ind As 40 on "Investment Property" such leased immovable property to the extent so leased, would not be regarded as Investment Property from the perspective of the Group, being in nature of "owner occupied property" as so defined in the said Ind As and accordingly, such immovable property needs to be presented as Property, Plant & Equipment ("PPE") in consolidated financial statements ("Cfs") of the Group. however, it is not practicable or possible to ascertain or find out the cost or deemed cost of such immovable leased property for presenting as PPE in CFS. In view of this, in Cfs, the Group has not separately presented the amount pertaining to such leased immovable property as PPE and has continued to disclose under Investment Property only.

Notes:

The Company has pledged above Investment property as security against the borrowings.

Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 40 "Investment Property"

a. Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss from investment property:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended march 31, 2019
Rental income derived from investment property	49,802.02	46,190.88
Direct operating expenses arising from investment property that generated rental income	(54,085.68)	(21,971.54)
Profit from investment properties before depreciation	(4,283.66)	24,219.34
Depreciation	(13,397.80)	(13,397.79)
Profit from Investment property	(17,681.45)	10,821.54

b. Fair Value of invesment Property

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Fair Value of Investment Property	10,16,701	9,54,454
total	10,16,701	9,54,454

Valuation is based on the report of an accredited independent valuer fair value is based on market value approach where ever available.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

c. Contractual obiligations

There is no contractual obligation to purchase, construct or develop investment property.

d. Leasing arrangements

Certain identifiable portions of investment properties are leased out to tenants under cancellable operating lease.

Note 3D:

Intangible Assets:

Particulars	Computer Software
(i) Gross Carying Value	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	12,060.22
Additions during the year	9,533.84
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-
Other Adjustments during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	21,594.06
(ii) accumulated depreciation	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	4,179.88
Depreciation expense for the year	2,200.81
Deductions/Adjustments during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2020	6,380.69
Net Carrying Value (I-II)	
Balance as at March 31, 2019	7,880.34
Balance as at March 31, 2020	15,213.37

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

Note 4:

Investments: Non-current

	description	as on march 31, 2020	as on march 31, 2019
	nts measured at Fair Value through other Comprehensive income n equity shares		
Quoted			
	7,000 (As on 31st March 2019 - 7,000) Equity shares of Rs.10 each fully paid in Omnitex Industries (India) Limited	119.00	74.20
	694 (As on 31st March 2019 - 694) Equity shares of Re.1 each fully paid in BSE Limited	148.83	424.14
	1,72,600 (As on 31st March 2019 -1,58,234) Equity Shares of IRIS Business Services Limited	3,072.28	-
	Investment in shares and securities * (As per Annexure -A)	3,868.91	4,758.52
	51200 (As at March 31 2019 -51200) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each of sarveshwar Foods Ltd	527.55	1,856.00
	NIL(As at March 31, 2019 - 800) Equity shares in Delta Corp Limited	-	203.84
	NIL(As at March 31, 2019 - 4,500) Equity shares in DCB Bank Limited	-	921.15
	NIL (As at March 31, 2019 - 5000) Equity shares in Jaypee Infratech Ltd	· -	12.25
Unquoted			
	1,82,500 (As atmarch 31, 2018 - 1,80,000) Equity shares ofs. 10 each of Pentation Analytics Private limited	58,544.18	100,375.00
	2139 (As on 31st March 2019 - NIL) Equity shares in Kintech Renewable Ltd	229.73	18.43
	270(As on 31st March 2019-NIL) equity shares of Rs. 10 each in Chargein Kiosk Pvt Ltd fully paid	2.70	200.00
investmer	nts measured at amortised cost in Preference shares		
Unquoted			
	2,750 (As on 31st March 2019 - 2,750) Equity shares of Re.1 each fully paid up in Vippy Industries Limited	18.43	1,675.95
	2,00,000 (As on 31st March 2019 - 2,00,000) shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up in Asit C. Mehta Commodity Services Ltd.	200.00	1,675.95
In Prefer	ence Shares		
Unquoted			
	8,25,000 (As at March 31, 2019 - 7,50,000) Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in Omniscience Capital Advisors Private Limited (rate of Dividend 0.01%)	1,956.87	1,675.95
Total		68,688.47	1,16,397.86

Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	60,951.90	1,02,269.38
Aggregate amount of quoted investments	7,736.57	14,128.49

Annexure A

(₹			(₹ in '000)
No of shares & securities	name of shares and securities	Fair Value as on 31.03.2020 (per script)	Total FV on 31.03.2020
78	ACC LIMITED	967.50	75.47
4	Adani enterprises Limited	137.55	0.55
598	AMBUJA CEMENT	155.70	93.11
	Aurobindo Pharma Limited	413.05	78.07
42	Bajaj Auto Limited	2,024.90	85.05
	BAJAJ HOLDING LIMITED	1,799.55	64.78
	BANK OF BARODA	53.55	53.55
	Bharat Dynamics Ltd	185.35	37.63
	Bharat Electronics Ltd	74.35	41.26
2,367	BHARAT HEAVY ELECTRICALS LIMITED -	7 1.00	11.20
2,007	New Equity Shares Of Rs.2/- After Sub-division	20.80	49.23
975	Birlasoft Limited	61.50	59.96
	BOSCH Limited	9,409.75	47.05
	BSE Limited # New Equity Share	296.80	32.05
	CARE RATINGS LTD	329.55	32.30
100		214.40	21.44
	Cochin Shipyard Ltd	264.25	46.24
13		23.10	0.30
152	- ,	229.65	34.91
657		131.25	86.23
	GAIL INDIA LIMITED	76.45	69.57
431		59.45	25.62
	HCL Technologies Ltd	436.75	146.75
66	Hero motor corp	1,594.20	105.22
478	HINDUSTAN PETROLEUM CORPORATION LTD.	190.15	90.89
1,729	HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION LTD	19.95	34.49
25	HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION LIMITED-		
	NEW EQUITY SHARES OF RS. 2/- AFTER SUB-DIVISION	1,630.45	40.76
267	INFOSYS LIMITED	640.30	170.96
155	IRCON INTERNATIONAL LIMITED	381.15	59.08
	ITC Limited	172.00	85.31
39	Larsen & Toubro Infotech Limited	1,430.65	55.80
19	Maruti Suzuki	4,287.75	81.47
443		101.65	45.03
	NMDC Limited	80.00	159.92
447	Petronet LNG Limited	199.85	89.33
	Power Finance Corporation Ltd	92.15	56.58
	PTC India Financial Service Ltd	7.83	38.01
	PTC India Ltd	38.60	40.65
	RAIL VIKAS NIGAM LTD	12.90	35.02
	REC Limited	88.75	117.06
	RELIANCE CAPITAL	4.49	22.45
	Reliance ETF Liquid BeES	1,000.00	503.44
	RELIANCE HOME FINANCE	0.75	3.75
	RELIANCE INDUSTRIAL INFRASTRUCTURE LIMITED EQUITY SHARES	208.15	10.41
	RITES LTD	245.95	52.88
2	1 7	196.95	0.39
1	STOVEC INDS. LTD	1,585.70	1.59
	Tata Consultancy Services Limited	1,823.05	103.91
	Tata Elxsi Ltd	629.10	44.67
	Tech Mahindra Ltd	564.95	141.24
1,000	VA TECH WABAG-EQ 2	82.75	82.75
1		152.45	0.15
727	WIPRO	196.60	142.93
12,100	YES BANK LTD-EQ2/-	22.45	271.65
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			3,868.91
	1	ı	•

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

Note 5:

Loans: non-current

(₹ in '000)

	Description	As on march 31, 2020	As on march 31, 2019
	Unsecured, considered good		
(i)	Security Deposits	1,260.24	1,136.97
(ii)	Membership and Other Deposits with stock Exchanges and securities Clearing Corporations		
	The National securities Clearing Corporation limited	5,400.00	4,400.00
	BSE ltd.	-	5,125.00
	Central Depository services (India) ltd	840.00	840.00
(iii)	Other loans / Deposits		
	Deposits for Premises and Other Deposits	980.45	905.45
	Total	8,480.69	12,407.42

Note 6:

Financial asset - Others

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on march 31, 2020	As on march 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
Margin money with Bank for Bank Guarantee	-	50.00
(100% margin money for BG favouring custom department of EOu bonding dated April 4, 2009 maturity beyond 12 month)		
fixed deposit with bank (maturity beyond 12 months)	214.80	100.00
total	214.80	150.00

Note 7:

Non Current Tax Assets (net)

Description	As on march 31, 2020	As on march 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
Income Tax	26,873.50	15,770.03
MAT Credit Entitlement	3,869.83	3,869.83
total	30,743.33	19,639.87

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements:

Note 8: Other Non-Current Assets:

(₹ in '000)

	Description	As on march 31, 2020	As on march 31, 2019
	Unsecured, considered good		
(i)	Prepaid amount on Preference shares		
	Prepaid component of 7,50,000 (7,50,000 as on 31 mar 2018)redeemable Preference shares of `10 each of Omniscience Capital Advisors private limited (redeemable within 20 years)	5,074.49	5,378.96
	Prepaid component of 75,000(As at March 31,2019- NIL) redeemable Preference Shares of `10 each of Omniscience Capital Advisors private Limited (redeemable within 20 years from 31-03-2020)	619.91	5,378.96
(ii)	Prepaid Expenses	631.56	1,006.27
(iii)	Receivable on Accounts of financial Guarantee given to bank	593.75	593.75
	Total	6,919.71	6,978.98

Note 9: Deferred Tax Assets (Net):

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on march 31, 2020	As on march 31, 2019
Deferred Tax Assets (Net)	4,998.81	-
total	4,998.81	-

Note 10: Trade Receivables

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on march 31, 2020	As on march 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good	22,390.53	1,04,326.69
Unsecured, Considered doubtful	-	1,900.04
Less:provision for doubtful debts	-	(1,900.04)
Total	22,390.53	1,04,326.69

In case of Wholly owned subsidiary (WOS), it has made provision for doubtful debt for the amount due from a debtor of Rs. 1,900.04/-(in'000).A disputed debt of Rs. Nil [Prev year Rs. 1,900.04/-(in '000)]was due to the said WOS from a debtor.The said WOS had provided certain services to the debtor and since the debtor did not make the payment and disputed the same the WOS referred the disputed matter to arbitration and an award in favour of WOS was received on 17/04/2012 and hence provision was not made at that time by the said WOS. However the debtor challenged the arbitration order in Bombay high court in july 2012. The said Arbitration application of debtor was allowed by the Bombay High court vide its order dated 17 Aug ,2015 thereby setting aside the award dtd 17.04.2012. The WOS challanged the order of Bombay High court before division bench, which did not accept the WOS's appeal but allowed to make application for appointment of Arbitrator subject to right of Debtor to raise objection for the same. As per order of Division bench of high court at Bombay, the WOS approached the Nagpur bench of the Bombay High court and filed a petition for appointment of Arbitrator. On 08-01-2018 the Nagpur bench of Bombay HC appointed an Arbitrator. This order was challenged by the Debtor in the SC . The Hon'able SC vide its order dtd 16th March 2018 directed that the question whether there was an agreement between the parties for Arbitration has to be first decided before the appointment of an arbitator and thus HC may determine the same. In reference to aforesaid order of SC, the Debtor approached Bombay HC Nagpur bench, pursuant to which on the basis of a judgement produced by the Debtor, dismissed the application of the WOS for appointment of an Arbitrator reasoning that the said Hon'able court has no jurisdiction to decide application as seat of arbitration will be at Mumbai/Delhi and court at Nagpur has no jurisdiction to entertain application of the WOS. Further, the WOS had also filed winding up petition before Delhi High court and the said petition has been dismissed by the said HC. Therefore, the WOS made provision for doubtful debt of the same.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements:

Note 11:

Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Balances with Banks On Current Accounts	1,36,635.09	21,020.06
Cash on hand	341.63	413.26
Total	1,36,976.72	21,433.33

Note 12:

Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Fixed Deposit With Banks having Maturity of not more than Twelve months (refer note a to e)	2,91,170.22	3,85,876.06
Fixed Deposit having Maturity of more than Twelve months	676.52	676.52
Fixed Deposits pledged with Bank against Bank guarantee [Having maturity of not more than 12 months] (refer note f & g)	8,093.00	8,093.00
Total	2,99,939.74	3,94,645.58

Notes:

- a. Fixed Deposits with Banks include Rs.2,00,000/-(in '000) (Previous Year Rs.NIL) pledged against Term Loan given by ICICI BANK Ltd.
- b. Fixed Deposits with Bank of India include Rs.60,000/- (in '000) [Previous Year Rs.60,000/- (in'000)] pledged with Bank of India as Security against Overdraft facilities granted in the year 2014-15 to Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited., the wholly owned subsidiary of the Holding company, for its business purpose.
- c. Fixed Deposits with Bank of India include Rs.62,500/-(in '000) [Previous Year Rs.62,500/-(in '000)] pledged with Bank of India as Security against Overdraft facilities granted in the year 2014-15 to Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Ltd., for its business purpose.
- d. The aforesaid entities in respect of whom Fixed Deposits have been pledged with Bank of India have duly complied with the Interest obligation. (note b & c)
- e. Fixed Deposits with Bank of India include Rs.27,125/- (in '000) [Previous Year Rs.1,30,000/-(in '000)] pledged against gurantee given by the Bank
- f. Fixed Deposit of Holding Company, with Bank of India include Rs.1,343(in '000) [(Previous year Rs.1,343 (in '000)] towards Custom matter pending with Bombay High Court.
- g. Fixed Deposit of Holding Company, with Bank of India include Rs.6,750(in '000) [Previous year Rs.6,750 (in '000)] towards FEMA matter pending at Appellate Tribunal of Foreign Exchange (ATFE) New Delhi.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

Note 13:

Loans : Current

(₹ in '000)

		(< III 000)
Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Advances other than Capital Advances		
Unsecured, considered good		
Deposits		
Deposit for premises	43,318.00	43,323.00
Deposit with Clearing house	14,560.24	6,647.23
Deposit with Stock Exchange	32,635.00	6,994.00
Deposit with Dubai Gold & Commodities Exchange(DGCX)	6,624.94	6,624.94
Deposits - Other	61.61	56.67
Inter corporate loan	61,691.91	-
Inter corporate Deposit	3,425.70	52,322.69
Loans to staff	143.27	817.97
Gratuity Fund	1,415.27	-
Total	1,63,875.94	1,16,786.49

Note 14:

Other Financial Assets: Current

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated		
Interest receivable	400.08	353.77
Receivable on TDS accounts from NBFC	1,070.97	1,017.39
Advances recoverable in cash or in kind	-	20.25
Income Receivable	1,927	-
Shares Received As Margin From Business Associates	68.08	13,275.76
Shares Received As Margin From Constituents	2,18,500.79	2,13,208.07
Balances with Stock Exchanges (Net)	-	45,192.80
Other Advances	2,681.65	2,970.43
Amounts Due from Business Associates		
Secured against Base capital Deposits, considered good	7,548.73	1,311.16
Unsecured, considered good	6,060.80	3,153.67
Amounts Due from Constituents		
Secured against Shares , considered good	22,597.89	1,75,458.38
Unsecured, considered good	17,856.53	13,142.45
Total	2,78,712.53	4,69,104.13

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements:

As per the terms and conditions of the Agreements executed by one of the subsidiaries with Business Associates, the said subsidiary has an absolute right to recover all the dues from them in respect of Stock broking and allied services. However, as a good business practice, the said subsidiary has adopted cordial and amicable means for recoveries of dues in most practical and fair manner and therefore, it is confident that the amounts classified as Unsecured, would be recovered in due course. The said subsidiary has also filed the cases against the Clients whose dues are adjusted in Business Associate Ledgers

Amounts due from Business Associates, Constituents and Advances are subject to confirmation.

The amounts due from Constituents represent amounts receivable on account of Securities broking transactions. These accounts comprise the running transactions by the constituents.

Note 15:

Other Current assets

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Unsecured, considered good		
a) Balances with Government Authorities		
(lexcise Duty / Service Tax / GST	5,587.01	935.61
b) Others		
I Prepaid Expenses	3,427.98	3,756.12
ii) Prepaid amount on Preference Shares	304.47	304.47
Prepaid component of 7,50,000 (7,50,000 as on 31 Mar 2019) redeemable Preference Shares of `10 each of Omniscience Capital Advisors Private Limited (redeemable within 20 years from 29-11-2017)		
iii) Deposit for Service Tax Appeal	339.92	339.92
iv) Others	33.80	330.92
v) Accrued Income	-	761.68
Total	9,693.18	6,428.72

Note 16:

Equity Share Capital

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
10,000,000 Equity shares at ₹ 10/- par value	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
	1,00,000.00	1,00,000.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up :		
4,952,560 Equity shares at ₹ 10/- par value	49,525.60	49,525.60
less : 1,18,985 Treasury shares (Nucleus stock Trust)*	(1,189.85)	(1,189.85)
	48,335.75	48,335.75
Total	48,335.75	48,335.75

Terms/Rights attached to Equity Shares

- I. The Holding Company has only one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share.
- II. Dividend, if any, is declared and paid in Indian Rupees. Final dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting except in case of Interim Dividend. However, no dividend is declared on equity shares for the year ended March 31, 2020 and March 31, 2019.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements:

III. In the event of liquidation of the Holding company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the holding company after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to number of equity shares held by shareholders.

* Treasury Shares

Treasury shares are held by Nucleus Stock Trust which represents 1,18,985 Equity Shares of `10/- each fully paid-up of the Company issued, pursuant to a Scheme of Arrangement approved by the Hon'ble High Courts of Bombay vide their Order dated February 10, 2006, to the Nucleus Stock Trust, created wholly for the benefit of the Company and is being managed by trustees appointed by it.

a. Reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020		As at Marc	h 31, 2019
	No. of Shares	(₹ in '000)	No. of Shares	(₹ in '000)
Equity shares Outstanding at the beginning of the year	4,833,575	48,335.75	4,833,575	48,335.75
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	4,833,575	48,335.75	4,833,575	48,335.75

b. Shareholders having more than 5% holding

Name of the Shareholder	As at Marc	As at March 31, 2020		h 31, 2019
	No. of Shares	% Holding	No. of Shares	% Holding
Mr. Asit C. Mehta	2,291,638	46.27%	2,291,638	46.27%
Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	900,358	18.18%	900,358	18.18%
Asit C Mehta Commodity services Itd	400,470	8.09%	400,470	8.09%

c. Details of forfeited shares :

Class of shares	As at March 31, 2020		as at Marcl	n 31, 2019
	No. of Shares	Amount origi- nally paid up (₹ in '000)	No. of S hares	Amount orig- inally paid up (₹ in '000)
Equity shares with voting rights	1,47,700	7,38,500	1,47,700	7,38,500
Equity shares with voting rights*	4,200	21,000	4,200	21,000

^{*} these shares were originally issued by erstwhile Nucleus Netsoft And GIs (India) limited which was amalgamated with the Company.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

Note 17: Other Equit

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Capital Reserve		
As per last Balance sheet	759.50	759.50
	9,776.08	759.50
Securities Premium		
As per last Balance sheet	41,692.54	41,692.54
	-	
Retained earnings	41,692.54	41,692.54
Balance as at the beginning of the year	9,000.00	-
Add : Net Profit after Tax transferred from the statement of Profit and loss	16.58	-
"Other Comprehensive Income for the year - remeasurement gain/ (loss) on Defined Benefit Plans (Net of tax)"	9,016.58	-
loss on Equity Instruments through OCI Transferred	1,67,217.95	1,51,125.59
Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income	(58,226.49)	16,092.36
Balance as at the beginning of the year	(1,958.65)	-
Add : Net Profit after Tax transferred from the statement of Profit and loss	1,07,032.81	1,67,217.95
Less : Transferred to Retained Earning	74,247.89	73,015.18
	(32,031.20)	1,232.71
	42,216.69	74,247.89
	2,00,718.12	2,83,917.88

Description of the nature and purpose of other equity

Capital Reserve: Capital reserves created by the Holding Company due to forfeiture of Equity Shares of the Holding Company on occasion of Amalgamation

Other Equity: at the year ended our Subsidiary company Asit C Mehta Investment Intermediate Limited Issued Equity share to Mrs Deena A Mehta and represent the equity component of convertible debenture into Equity

Securities Premium: Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

Retained Earnings: Retained Earnings are the profits that the Group has earned till date and is net of amount transferred to other reserves such as general reserves etc., amount distributed as dividends and adjustments on account of transition to Ind AS.

Equity Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income: This represents cumulative gains/(losses) arising on the measurement of equity instruments at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income.

Notes Forming Part Of The Consolidated Financial Statements :

Note 18:

Borrowings: Non-current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Secured loans		
A. From Bank		
a. Term loan from ICICI Bank (refer note (i) below)	15,288.74	17,592.82
b. Car Loan from bank	966.83	1,309.20
B. From NBFC		
a. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (i) below)	23,528.56	25,021.86
b. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (ii) below)	52,173.34	64,084.17
c. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (iii) below)	40,434.61	44,769.64
d. Term loan from NBfC (refer note (iv) below)	1,82,577.52	1,94,634.04
Total	3,14,969.60	3,47,411.72

Nature of Security and Term of Repayment of Long-term Borrowing :

Name of Security	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
I Mortgage of commercial property on 4thfloor, 5th floor and 6th floor of 'B' wing at 'Nucleus house' Andheri E, mumbai (commencing from Apr'2016.) (tenure 120 months)	17,592.82	19,666.12
Rate of Interest : [31.03.2020 10.60%, 31.03.2019 10.60%]		
ii) Mortgage of commercial property situated at Nucleus house, saki Vihar road, Andheri (East), mumbai, bearing nos 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th & 7th floor 'A' wing, (commencing from Feb'16) (tenure 108 months)	64,084.17	74,743.79
rate of Interest : [31.03.2019 11.15%, 31.03.2018 9.75%]		
iii) secured by Equitable / registered mortgaged of the properties located at Nucleus house "B" wing, 2nd and 7th floor. (commencing from may'2014) (tenure 180 months)	44,769.64	48,649.28
Rate of Interest : [31.03.2020 11.15 % , 31.03.2019 11.15%]		
iv)- secured by Equitable mortgage of the properties located at Nucleushouse A wing 102, 201,202, 203 B wing 801 and 301. (commencing from March 2017) *[Bullet payment upto 15.02.2019 and thereafter payable at monthly installments) (tenure 156 months)	2,19,502.73	2,31,840.57
Rate of Interest : [31.03.2020 10.35% and 10.20 % , 31.03.2019 10.10%]		
v)Secured by hypothecation of Motor Car	1,309.20	1,622.04
Rate of Interest : [31.03.2020 8.86% , 31.03.2019 8.86%]		
Total	3,47,258.55	3,76,521.81
Less: Current maturities of Long-term debt (Refer note 23)	32,288.95	29,110.09
Total	3,14,969.60	3,47,411.72

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 19:

Provisions : Non-current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Provision for employee benefits		
Gratuity (unfunded)	9.80	11.29
Total	9.80	11.29

Note 20:

Deferred Tax Liabilities (net):

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Deferred Tax liabilities (net)	-	16,661.15
Total	-	16,661.15

Note 21: Other Financial Liabilities: Non-Current

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Unamortised amount of Guarantee commission	-	118.75
Total	-	118.75

Note 22: Borrowings : Current

	۷ in ۶)		
	Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
	Repayable on demand		
a.	From Banks- Secured		
(Overdraft from Bank of India	56,648.54	56,967.67
	Secured against the FDR pledged with Bank of India, Stock Exchange Br, Security provided by The Subsidiary M/s. ACMIIL (Rate of Interest 3.8%) (P.Y. 3.7%) above Term Deposit rate.		
(Overdraft from Bank of India	12,837.33	12,994.87
; i ([secured by (i) Mortgage of office unit no.101 A wing and Unit No.103 A wing situated at Nucleus House, Saki Vihar Road, Andheri (East), Mumbai-400072. in the Name of Asit C. Mehta Financial Services Limited - The Holding Company, and (ii) personal guarantee of the Managing Director and of whole time director of a subsidiary; by Holding company and of Asit C. Mehta Commodity Services Limited]		
	Overdraft from Bank of India		
	[secured against 50% Banks TDR, personal guarantee of the Managing Director and of whole time director of a subsidiary; by Holding company and of Asit C. Mehta Commodity Services Limited]	49,755.04	49,975.00
(Overdraft from State Bank of India	148,462.52	149,897.10
[[secured by hypothecation and first charge on present and future fixed assets, like computers & peripherals, furniture, electrical fittings, interior works, etc and further collaterals by (i) registered mortgage of residential premises owned by Managing director and one of the whole time directors; (ii) registered mortgage of office premises owned by one of the whole time directors; and (iii) personal guarantee of the Managing Director and of whole time director of a subsidiary]		
	ICICI Bank - Short Term Ioan	0	100,000.00
l i	[secured by all the current assets of the groups subsidiary with 50% Cover. personal guarantee of the Managing Director and of whole time director of a subsidiary]		
b .	From Others- unsecured		
	Inter Corporate Deposit	58,000.00	52,200.00
	(Repayble on Demand and Rate of Interest- 11% to 16% Loan from Directors	178.34	
	Redeemable Preference Shares		
- 4	4,500,000, 9% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.10 each	45,000.00	45,000.00
	1,500,000, 4% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.10 each	15,000.00	15,000.00
1	2,000,000, 4% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs.10 each	20,000.00	20,000.00
	14% Compulsory Convertible Debentures	-	480.10
	NIL 14% Compulsory Convertible Debenture (400,000 14% Compulsory Convertible Debentures of Rs.30 each as on 31-03-2019); convertible into one equity share of Rs.10 each at premium of Rs.20/- per share, on or before 31/01/2020.		
	Others		
I	Base Capital deposits from Business Associates	26,429.74	42,034.31
;	Security Deposits	5,155.00	6,505.00
-	Total	437,466.49	551,054.05

Note 23: Trade Payables

(₹ in '000)

Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
(a) Outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		-
(b) Outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	391,146.70	369,986.62
Total	391,146.70	369,986.62

The Group has not received any intimation from the suppliers regarding their status under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2002 ("MSMED Act"), and therefore no such disclosures is made. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

Amounts payable to Micro and Small Enterprises	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
(i) the principal amount and the interest due thereon	Nil	Nil
(ii) interest Paid during the year	Nil	Nil
(iii) the amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment	Nil	Nil
(iv) the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid	Nil	Nil
(v) the amount of further interest remaining due and payable	Nil	Nil

Note 24: Other Financial Liabilities: Current

(₹ in '000)

	Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Current Ma	turities of Long Term borrowings	32,288.95	29,110.09
Other Final	ncial Liabilities		
	Interest payable on borrowings	2,641.01	2,290.84
Other Payal	bles		
	Shares received as Margin from Constituents	218,500.79	213,208.07
	Total	253,430.75	244,609.00

MARGIN FROM CONSTITUENTS OF SUBSIDIARY

- a. The Group, in the course of business activities by one of its subsidiaries as stock broker, as per the terms and conditions with Clients, has received initial margin in the form of shares and securities (which are transferred to and held in the name of the said subsidiary of the Group).
- b. Initial margin so received in the form of shares or securities is accounted in the books at the market value thereof prevailing at the end of the year.
- c. As per the terms and conditions, the said subsidiary of the Group has an absolute right to appropriate and realize against the unpaid dues from the Clients and the balance, if any, is refunded in the form of cheques or its equivalent and/or shares, as the case may be.
- d. Initial Margin received in the form of shares and securities as above are classified and reflected under the head "Other Financial Assets Current" in Note No.13 and stated at the market value as at the end of the year.
- e. The amounts due to Constituent Clients represent amounts payable on account of security broking transactions. These accounts comprise the running transactions carried out by the Constituent Clients.
- f. Amounts due to Constituents, Creditors/Other Liabilities are subject to Confirmation.

Note 25: Other Current Liabilities

(₹ in '000)

	Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
(i)	Income Received in advance	1,219.84	433.23
(ii)	Others		
	Statutory dues	5,171.45	8,234.13
	Other Liabilities	6,294.04	8,729.39
	Escrow Deposit	46,550.00	46,550.00
	Salary Payable	1,075.27	-
	Total	60,310.60	63,946.74

Note 26: Provisions : Current

(₹ in '000)

	Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Provision for	or employee benefits :		
(i)	Gratuity - (Unfunded)	352.32	1,482.03
(ii)	Leave Encashment	1,121.55	400.96
	Total	1,473.87	1,882.99

Note 27: Tax Liabilities (Net): Current

(₹ in '000)

		(\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Current Tax provision	-	198.55
	-	198.55

Note 28: Revenue from Operations

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
A) Income from ITES Services		
- Domestic	4,287.10	13,406.31
B)Debt Recover services	16,821.16	13,465.83
C) Rental Income	18,107.02	14,814.88
D) Advisory charges		
- Domestic	4,293.46	8,985.00
- Exports	2,909.34	105,862.50
E) Stock broking and allied services	230,609.26	273,615.46
F) Talk Delta Algo	2,582.03	-
Total	279,609.38	430,149.98

Note 29: Other Income

(₹ in '000)

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Interest Income		
on Bank Deposits	22,489.13	19,715.20
on Income Tax Refund	58.18	409.96
on Inter-Corporate Deposit	3,386.23	4,133.68
Interest - Preference Shares	150.83	138.38
Interest on Electricity Security Deposit	70.58	67.45
Interest on Security Deposit with clearing Corporation	67.18	221.23
Dividend	132.50	118.34
Bank Guarantee Commission	232.75	118.75
Other Non Operating Income		
Foreign Exchange Difference (net)	1,924.35	-
Amortisation of Financial Guarantee	126.00	-
Provision for Gratuity written back	417.85	-
Withdrawal from provision for Bad Debts	-	1,986.00
Recovery of Bad Debts	1,976.49	-
Expenses Write Back	176.04	-
Miscellaneous Income	47.06	220.06
Total	31,255.17	27,129.06

Note 30: Employee Benefit Expenses

(₹ in '000)

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Salaries ,Wages & Bonus	120,090.77	113,345.40
Contribution to PF and Other funds	5,827.00	5,579.98
Staff Welfare	1,695.18	2,000.38
Leave Encashment	464.14	224.34
Directors' Remuneration	4,482.00	4,482.00
Training Expenses	83.35	792.27
Gratuity Expenses	85.81	1,971.69
Total	132,728.25	128,396.05

Note 31: Finance Cost

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
a) Interest Expense		
- Intra day	3,544.10	387.89
- Cash Credit	30,124.95	38,158.62
- Term Loans / CC	38,624.10	25,025.58
- Others	5,192.45	533.70
- Interest Preference Shares	304.47	304.47
- On Car Loan	132.73	158.70

- On Inter corporate Deposits	3,191.68	3,300.15
- On Unsecured Debentures	782.19	196.37
b) Other borrowing cost		
- Bank Guarantee Commission	1,665.29	-
- Bank Guarantee Commission-ACMFSL	126.00	1
- Loan processing ,registration fee and stamp duty	859.03	1,395.23
- Annual Maintenance Charges for loan account to NBFC	201.04	210.00
Bank Charges	7.36	
Total	84,755.37	69,670.70

Note 32: Other Expenses

Description	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Business Associates Expenses	86,562.93	109,407.69
Service Charges Demat	2,773.91	3,227.22
Marketing Expenses	9,523.68	9,107.30
Electricity charges	6,470.17	7,175.40
Legal and Professional fees	8,567.17	10,553.45
Rates and Taxes	7,017.90	7,032.14
Insurance	826.93	779.68
Leave and License Fees for Premises	3,010.99	2,509.73
Office Maintenance	1,921.79	2,373.02
Membership & Subscription	3,162.65	3,254.69
Communication, Connectivity & Telephone Expenses (Net)	5,109.69	4,687.26
Postage and Courier Expenses	1,590.66	1,756.17
Printing and Stationery (Net)	974.65	2,278.26
Fixed Assets Written Off	-	429.43
Directors sitting fees	230.00	345.00
Auditors' remuneration –		
Audit fees	1,585.00	1,635.00
Tax Audit	250.00	200.00
Other Services	942.61	502.61
Conveyance & Travelling	2,488.14	4,206.87
Other Expenses	-	925.46
Repairs and Maintenance – Building / Equipments	6,704.68	7,528.85
Repairs and Maintenance – Other	4,843.80	3,403.79
Bad Debts	-	2,796.74
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	-	1,900.04
Exchange difference on Consolidation	-	(35.24)
Bank Guarantee Commission	-	4,232.72
Brokerage /Commission	2,222.43	401.93
Foreign Exchange rate difference	-	1,752.10

Software Expenses	713.97	404.16
Arbitrage Income Sharing expenses	1,407.00	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	7,843.05	7,954.11
Total	166,743.78	202,725.58

Note 33: Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

(₹ in '000)

	Description	As on March 31, 2020	As on March 31, 2019
Α.	Contingent Liabilities		
a.	Claims against the Company/ disputed liabilities not acknowledged as debts		
i	Income-tax matters under appeal (AY 16-17)	589.87	589.87
ii	Service Tax matters under appeal (refer footnote 3)	10,197.58	10,197.58
iii	FEMA matter (refer footnote 2)	16,186.00	16,186.00
iv	Income-tax matters under appeal (AY 17-18) (refer foot notes- 5)	11,676.02	-
٧	Disputed Claims against the Group not provided for	1,274.37	1,274.37
vi	Disputed tax demanded under various assessment proceedings due to disallowance of various expenses, tax rebates, etc and contested by the Company at appellate authorities	20,693.52	11,766.73
vii	Income-tax matters under appeal (AY 10-11)	19.91	19.91
viii	Interest on Escrow Deposit (Note 6)	5,993.85	3,022.50
		66,631.12	43,056.96
b.	Guarantee given (refer footnote)	16,186.00	16,186.00
c.	Arrears of Dividend by subsidiary:		
	a) On 9% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	32,400.00	28,350.00
	b) On 4% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares, Redemable with Premium of 5% per year or part of year	3,608.22	3,008.22
	c) On 4% Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares	4,214.79	3,414.79
		40,223.01	34,773.01

Footnote:

The Holding Company received pay orders valuing to \mathfrak{T} 5,072 (\mathfrak{T} in '000) from a customer in the financial year 1994-95 in respect of Money Changing business which were dishonored by a nationalized bank as per the instructions of Directorate of Revenue & Intelligence. The Company had challenged the proceeding before the Customs, Excise and Gold (Control), Appellate Tribunal, Mumbai (CEGAT) which gave the ruling in favour of the Holding Company for which the Holding Company has furnished a bank guarantee of \mathfrak{T} 2,686 (\mathfrak{T} in '000) [(Previous year \mathfrak{T} 2,686 (\mathfrak{T} in '000)]. The Customs Department filed a reference petition before the Hon'ble High Court of Judicature at Bombay and the same is pending for disposal.

During the financial year 2007-08, the Holding Company received an order imposing a penalty of ₹ 16,186(₹ in '000) from the Office of the Special Director of Enforcement holding it guilty in respect of defiance with the instructions contained in the FLM Memorandum. The Holding Company contends that it has complied with the relevant regulations of the Reserve Bank of India as contained in FLM – Memorandum of Instructions to Full-Fledged Money Changers. The Holding Company filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal for Foreign Exchange (ATFE) contesting the order, which is pending.

The Service Tax Department had raised a demand of ₹10,197.58/-(₹ in '000), reflected above in contigent liability, by passing an Ex parte order dated 11th April 2008. The Holding Company's appeal against this Order was dismissed by Commissioner (Appeals). Against this Order, the Holding Company has filed appeal before CESTAT Mumbai. The Management, based on expert advice, is confident that the demand is not sustainable and hence no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts.

The Company had received assessment order for financial year 2015-16 (Assessment year 2016-17) raising demand of Rs. 589.87/- (₹ in '000). The said demand had arisen on account of disallowance of part of business expenditure by treating expenditure against house property income. The Company has deposited Rs 1,18.00/- (₹ in '000) against the said demand and had filed an appeal against the same. The Department has adjusted pending Refund for Previous years Amounting to Rs 4,25.54/-(₹ in '000) of A.Y. 2018-19 and Rs 72.28/-(₹ in '000) of AY 2017-18 against the said demand.

The Company had received assessment order for financial year 2016-17 (Assessment year 2017-18) raising demand of Rs. 116,76.02/-(₹ in '000). The said demand had arisen on account of disallowance of part of business expenditure by treating expenditure against house property income. The Company has deposited Rs. 12,15.00/- (₹ in '000) against the said demand and had filed an appeal against the same.

"The Subsidiary Company Asit C Mehta Investment Intermediates Limited has entered into agreement with Real Gold LLP (Purchaser) and Kohinoor Planet Construction Pvt Ltd. (seller) on 28.03.2018 becoming Escrow Agent for the deal. As per Agreement, Purchaser has kept deposit with Escrow Agent (i.e. Company) of Rs. 4.65 crore as Escrow deposit. As per Agreement, it was decided to handover the Escrow Deposit to either Purchaser or seller based on outcome of deal as mentioned in Point no.4.1 of the agreement. It was also decided as per Point no.4.7 of the agreement that Escrow agent May keep the Escrow deposit in Fixed deposit form with Nationalized Bank. And interest if any will be passed on to either party on closure of the deal. It was discretionary for the Company so Company has kept the Money in bank only and not in Fixed Deposit form. As on Balance sheet date, Status of the deal is not yet clear therefore Liability pertaining to interest on Fixed deposit of Rs. 29,71,350/- is shown as Contingent Liability for 2019-20 and Rs.30,22,500/- for 2018-19.

In respect of items above, it is not possible for the Group to estimate the timings of cash outflows which would be determinable only on receipt of judgements pending at various forums/authorities.

The management, based on the expert's advice, is confident that the said tax demands are not sustainable and hence no provision for the same is made in the books of accounts.

The Group does not expect any reimbursement in respect of above contingent liabilities.

B Commitments NIL

Note 34: Disclosures of transactions with related parties required under Ind AS 24 on "Related Party Disclosures"

A. List of Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year

(I) Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Asit C Mehta - Director and Chairman
Mrs. Deena A. Mehta - Non-Executive Director
Mr. Kirit Vora - Non-Executive Director
Mr. Vijay Ladha - Independent Director
Mr. Radha Krishna Murthy - Independent Director
Mr. Pundarik Sanyal - Independent Director

Ms. Mamta Gautam - Chief Financial Officer-(upto 05th July 2019)

Mr. Pankaj J Parmar - Manager

Ms. Meha Sikarwar - Company Secretary and Compliance officer upto 16th Feb,2020

Mr. Akshay Jain - Chief Financial Officer (from 13th August 2019)

(II) Relatives of Key Management Personnel:

Mr. Aditya A Mehta - Son of Chairman
Mr. Aakash A Mehta - Son of Chairman

(III) Related parties where significant influence exists and where transactions have taken place:

Asit C Mehta Forex Private Limited

Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited

Edgytal Digital Marketing Pvt Ltd

Pentation Analytics Pvt Ltd (Upto 20th May, 2016)

Tipstop Software Private Limited Omniscience Capital Advisors Pvt Ltd

(iv) Public Charatable Trust in which two KMP are Trustees

Gajaraben Nanubhai Desai public Trust

B. Transactions With Related Parties

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
	Rental Income		
i.	Asit C Mehta Forex Private Limited	-	60.00
ii.	Edgytal Digital Marketing Private Limited	720.00	720.00
ii.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited	120.00	120.00
V.	Lasoon Live- Aakash	-	60.00
	Interest Received		
i.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited	2,563.46	3,220.51
	Rental Expenses		
i.	Mr. Asit C Mehta	720.00	720.00
i.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	1,440.00	1,440.00
	Interest Paid		
i.	Edgytal Digital Marketing Private Limited	-	2.14
i.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	269.74	_
	Balance Write off		
i.	Omniscience Capital Advisors Pvt Ltd	133.70	-
	Advertising / Marketing Expenses Paid		
i.	Edgytal Digital Marketing Private Limited	3,732.88	4,138.50
	Donation	3,732.55	1,100100
i.	Gajaraben Nanubhai Desai Public Trust	250.00	_
	Brokerage paid		
i.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited	1,407.00	781.30
	Interest paid on Debentures	1,101.00	701.00
i.	Mr. Asit C Mehta	946.72	1,260.00
i.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	315.57	420.00
	Remuneration to KMP	010.07	120.00
i.	Mr. Asit C Mehta	2,160.00	2,491.97
ii.	Mr. Kirit Vora	2,322.00	2,322.00
ii.	Mr. Pankaj Parmar	2,505.11	2,290.76
v.	Ms. Meha Sikarwar	150.00	2,200.70
v. V.	Ms. Mamta Gautam	319.03	1,101.15
v. Vi	Mr. Akshay P Jain	714.13	1,101.15
VI	Sitting Fees to KMP	714.10	
i.	Mr. Asit C Mehta	40.00	40.00
i. ii.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	40.00	40.00
ii. ii.	Mr. Kirit Vora	60.00	60.00
V.	Mr. Vijay Ladha	30.00	55.00
v. V.	Mr. Radha Krishna Murthy	30.00	50.00
v. ∕i.	Mr. Pundarik Sanyal	30.00	40.00
V1.	Loan Received	30.00	40.00
:			4 050 00
i. ::	Edgytal Digital Marketing Private Limited	10 400 00	1,050.00
ii.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	10,400.00	-
:	Loan Repaid		4.050.00
i.	Edgytal Digital Marketing Private Limited	-	1,050.00

	Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
	Loan Given		
i.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited	33,020.50	120,241.70
ii	Mamta Gautam	-	100.00
	Loan Received back		
i.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited	54,224.60	106,919.02
ii	Mamta Gautam	80.00	20.00

(₹ in '000)

Compensation of Key Management Personnel of the Holding Company	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
Short-term employee benefits	8,170.27	8,205.27
Total	8,170.27	8,205.27

C. Outstanding Balances

(₹ in '000)

	PARTICULARS	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
	Closing balance Receivable:		
i.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited (incl Interest)	1,925.70	20,822.69
ii.	Mamta Gautam	-	80.00
	Closing Balance Payable:		
i.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta (Interest on Loan)	178.34	-
	Property Deposit Receivable		
i.	Mr. Asit C Mehta	17,500.00	17,500.00
ii.	Mrs. Deena A. Mehta	25,500.00	25,500.00
	Property Deposit Payable		
i.	Asit C Mehta Commodity Services Limited	1,500.00	1,500.00

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances on account of trade receivable, trade payable, other receivable, other payable and interest receivable on loan at the year end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received in respect of outstanding receivables or payables from/to any related party. This assessment is undertaken in each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

Note 35:

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in '000)	27,808.91	(7,042.98)
Total Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	48,33,575	48,33,575
Face Value per Equity Share	10.00	10.00
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share	(18.02)	5.75

Note 36: Lease

Where the Group is a lessor

The group has given premises under operating lease. These lease agreements range for a period between 12 months to 9 years and all are cancellable leases. Most of the leases are renewable for further period on mutual agreeable terms and also includes escalation clauses.

Rental Income Related to operating leases:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Rental Income recognised in statement of profit and loss	18,107.02	14,814.88
Total	18,107.02	14,814.88

The Holding Company has, inter alia, leased some of its immovable property to two of its subsidiaries, that is leased to entities within the Group and therefore, in terms of the relevant provisions of Ind AS 40 on "Investment Property" such leased immovable property to the extent so leased, would not be regarded as Investment Property from the perspective of the Group, being in nature of "owner occupied property" as so defined in the said Ind AS and accordingly, such immovable property needs to be presented as Property, Plant & Equipment ("PPE") in consolidated financial statements ("CFS") of the Group. However, it is not practicable or possible to ascertain or find out the cost or deemed cost of such immovable leased property for presenting as PPE in CFS. In view of this, in CFS, the Group has not separately presented the amount pertaining to such leased immovable property as PPE and has continued to disclose under Investment Property only.

(₹ in '000)

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
i	Lease rental Income		
	Total of lease rent Income for a period :		
	Not later than one year	6,708.00	18,870.00
	later than one year but not later than five years	17,348.00	36,576.00
	later than five years	-	2,182.00
	Total	24,056.00	57,628.00

Note 37: Employee Benefits

The Group has classified various employee benefits as under:

A. Defined Contribution Plans

Provident Fund

The Provident Fund are operated by the Regional Provident Fund Commissioner. Under the schemes, the Group is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost to the retirement benefit schemes to fund the benefits. These funds are recognised by the Income Tax Authorities.

The Group has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
Contribution to Provident Fund	4,643.73	5,150.05
TOTAL	4,643.73	5,150.05

B. Defined Benefit Plans Gratuity

Valuations in respect of above have been carried out by independent actuary, as at the balance sheet date, based on the following assumptions:

	PARTICULARS	Valuation as at				
		March 31,2020	March 31,2019			
i.	Mortality	IALM(20	06-08)Ult.			
ii.	Discount Rate (per annum)	6.80%	7.64%			
iii	Rate of increase in Compensation levels (per annum)	4.00%	5.00%			
iv	Attrition Rate	1% for all ages	0.8% for all ages			
V	Retirement Age	58 years	58 years			
Vi	The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Government of India securities as at the balance sheet date for the estimated term of the obligations.					
vii	The estimate of future salary increases considered, takes into account the inflation, seniority, promotion, increments and other relevant factors.					

Note on other risks:

Investment risk - The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit. Currently, for the plan in India, it has a relatively balanced mix of investments in government securities, and other debt instruments.

Interest Risk - A fall in the discount rate which is linked to the G.Sec. Rate will increase the present value of the liability requiring higher provision. A fall in the discount rate generally increases the mark to market value of the assets depending on the duration of asset.

Salary risk - The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of members. As such, an increase in the salary of the members more than assumed level will increase the plan's liability.

Asset Liability Matching Risk: The plan faces the ALM risk as to the matching cash flow. Since the plan is invested in lines of Rule 101 of Income Tax Rules, 1962, this generally reduces ALM risk.

Mortality risk: Since the benefits under the plan is not payable for life time and payable till retirement age only, plan does not have any longevity risk.

Particu	lars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
		Gratuity funded	Gratuity funded	Gratuity unfunded	Gratuity unfunded
i. Changes in Present valu	ue of Obligation				
Present value of defined beginning of the year	enefit obligation at the	13,289.66	12,320.10	11.47	
Current Service Cost		1,927.15	1,985.85	11.90	
Interest Cost		937.95	890.80	0.88	10.76
Actuarial (Gains)/Loss on	obligation	674.95	(495.13)		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses in financial assumption	arising from changes	-	-		
Actuarial (gains)/ losses in experience adjustment		-	-	(14.45)	0.71
Past Service cost - Vester	d Benefits	-	-		
Benefits Paid		(2,025.66)	(1,411.97)		

	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
		Gratuity funded	Gratuity funded	Gratuity unfunded	Gratuity unfunded
	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the end of the year (PVO)	14,804.06	11,154.73	9.80	11.47
ii.	Fair value of Plan Assets				
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	11,807.80	11,154.73	-	-
	Adjustment to Opening Fair Value of Plan Assets	2,498.22		-	-
	Interest Income	1,099.73	846.96	-	-
	Return on Plan Assets excl. interest income	284.46	30.46	-	-
	Actuarial Gain/(Loss)	-	-	-	-
	Employer's Contributions	2,202.45	1,187.62	-	-
	Benefits Paid	(2,025.66)	(1,411.97)	-	-
	Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	15,867.01	11,807.80	-	-
iii.	Amount to be recognised in the Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss				
	PVO at end of period	14,804.06	13,289.66	9.80	11.47
	Fair Value of Plan Assets at end of period	15,867.01	11,807.80	-	-
	Funded Status	1,062.95	(1,481.86)	(9.80)	-
	Net Assets/(Liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	1,062.95	(1,481.86)	(9.80)	(11.47)
iv.	Net Benefit (Asset) /Liability				
	Defined benefit obligation at beginning of period	13,289.66	12,320.10	11.47	-
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of period	11,807.80	11,154.73	-	-
	Net Benefit (Asset) /Liability	1,481.86	1,165.38	11.47	-
V.	Net Interest Cost for Current Period				
	Interest Expenses	937.95	890.80	11.90	10.76
	Interest Income	1099.73	846.96	-	-
	Net Interest Cost for Current Period	(161.78)	43.84	11.90	10.76
vi.	Return on plan assets				
	Actual Return on plan assets	1,384.19	877.42	-	-
	Interest income included in above	1,099.73	846.96	-	-
	Return on plan assets excluding interest income	284.46	30.46	-	-
vii.	Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss				
	Current Service Cost	1,927.15	1,985.85	11.90	
	Interest cost on benefit obligation (net)	(161.78)	43.84	0.88	10.76
	Past service cost (vested Benefits)	-	-		
	Total Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	1,765.37	2,029.69	12.77	10.76
viii.	Remeasurement Effects Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income for the year				
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in financial assumption	1,030.82	(381.33)	-	-

	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
		Gratuity funded	Gratuity funded	Gratuity unfunded	Gratuity unfunded
	Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from changes in experience adjustment	(355.87)	(113.80)	(14.45)	0.71
	Return on plan asset excluding net interest	(284.46)	(30.46)	-	-
	Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income	390.50	(525.58)	(14.45)	0.71
ix.	Movements in the Liability recognised in Balance Sheet				
	Opening Net Liability	1,481.86	1,165.38	11.47	
	Adjustment to opening balance	(2,498.22)	-		
	Expenses as above	1,765.37	2,029.69	12.77	10.76
	Contribution paid	(2,202.45)	(1,187.63)		
	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	390.50	(525.58)	(14.45)	0.71
	Closing Net Liability	(1,062.95)	1,481.86	9.80	11.47
x.	Cash flow Projection: From the Fund				
	Within the next 12 months (next annual reporting period)	3,828.27	3,754.62	0.02	0.36
	2nd following year	155.84	192.11	0.02	0.54
	3rd following year	481.71	182.28	0.02	0.73
	4th following year	405.13	586.00	0.02	0.92
	5th following year	1,385.74	750.92	0.17	1.11
	Sum of Years 6 To 10	4,075.20	4,909.16	0.99	8.71
xi.	Sensitivity Analysis				
	Projected Benefit Obligation on Current Assumptions				
	Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Discounting	13,592.99	12,254.49	7.62	-
	Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Discounting	16,245.54	14,513.57	12.70	-
	Delta Effect of +1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	16,227.25	14,506.83	12.71	-
	Delta Effect of -1% Change in Rate of Salary Increase	13,586.67	12,242.42	7.59	-
xii.	The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of total				
	Insurer managed funds	-	-	-	-

Note on Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumptions of the Group which are discount rate and salary assumptions as of the end of the reporting period, showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes is called out in the table above.

The method used to calculate the liability in these scenarios is by keeping all the other parameters and the data same as in the base liability calculation except for the parameters to be stressed.

There is no change in the method from the previous period and the points /percentage by which the assumptions are stressed are same to that in the previous year.

Note 38: Financial Instruments

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Valuation

- i. The fair values of investment in quoted investment in equity shares is based on the current bid price of respective investment as at the Balance Sheet date.
- ii. The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost in the Consolidated financial statements are a reasonable approximation of their fair values since the Group does not anticipate that the carrying amounts would be significantly different from the values that would eventually be received or settled.

Fair Value measurement heirarchy

The fair value of financial instruments as referred below have been classified into three categories depending on the inputs used in the valuation technique.

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The categories used are as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical instruments in an active market;
- Level 2: Directly or indirectly observable market inputs, other than Level 1 inputs; and
- Level 3: Inputs which are not based on observable market data.

The carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments by class are as follows:

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020					As at March	31, 2019		
	Carrying	arrying Fair Value			Carrying		Fair Value		
	Amounts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Amounts	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial Assets									
Measured at Amortised Cost									
Investment in Unquoted Preference shares	1,956.87	-	-	-	1,675.95	-	-	-	
Loans	172,356.62	-	-	-	129,193.91	-	-	-	
Trade Receivable	22,390.53	-	-	-	104,326.69	-	-	-	
Cash and cash equivalents	136,976.72	-	-	-	21,433.33	-	-	-	
Other Bank Balance	299,939.74	-	-	-	394,645.58	-	-	-	
Others	278,927.33	-	-	-	469,254.13	-	-	-	
	912,547.82				1,120,529.59				
Measured at FVTOCI									
Investment in equity instruments	66,513.17	7,736.57	-	58,776.60	114,503.49	14,128.49	-	100,375.00	
Total Financial Assets	979,061.00	7,736.57	-	58,776.60	1,235,033.08	14,128.49	-	100,375.00	
Financial Liabilities									
Measured at Amortised Cost									
Borrowing	752,436.10	-	-	-	898,465.77	-	-	-	
Trade Payables	391,146.70	-	-	-	369,986.62	1	-	-	
Others	253,430.75	-	-	-	244,609.00	1	-	-	
Total Financial Liabilities	1,397,013.55	-	-	-	1,513,061.39	-	-	-	

Note 39: Capital Management and Financial Risk Management Policy

A. Capital Management

For the purpose of Group's Capital Management, Capital includes issued Equity Capital and all Other Reserves attributable to the Equity shareholders of the Company. The Primary objective of the Company's Capital Management is to maximise the shareholders' value. The Group's Capital Management objectives are to maintain equity including all reserves to protect economic viability and to finance any growth opportunities that may be available in future so as to maximise shareholder's value. The Group monitors capital using debt-equity ratio as its base, which is total debt divided by total equity.

2. Debt Equity Ratio - Total Debt divided by Total Equity

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19
Total Debt	752,436.10	898,465.77
Total Equity	249,053.87	332,253.62
Debt Equity Ratio	3.02	2.70

B. Financial Risk Management and Policies

The Group's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The risk management policy is approved by the Company's Board. The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loans and borrowings, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations and to provide guarantees to support its operations in select instances. The Company's principal financial assets include trade and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations and investments. The company is exposed to market risk, credit risk, liquidity risk etc. The objective of the Company's financing policy are to secure solvency, limit financial risks and optimise the cost of capital.

Group has exposure to following risk arising from financial instruments:

Credit risk

Market risk

Liquidity risk

i) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises primarily from financial assets such as trade receivables, investments in units of mutual funds, other balances with banks, deposits and other receivables.

a) Trade Receivable

Customer credit risk managed by Group's established policy, procedure and control relating to customer credit risk management. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

b) Financial instruments

The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by investing mainly in units of debt funds issued by mutual funds and that too have higher credit rating. The Group monitories changes in credit risk by tracking published external credit ranking.

ii) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits, investments and derivative financial instruments. The Group has designed risk management framework to control various risks effectively to achieve the business objectives. This includes identification of risk, its assessment, control and monitoring at timely-intervals.

The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US Dollar

The carrying amount of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Particulars	As at March 3	31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
	Amount in Foreign currency (in '000)	Amount (in '000)	Amount in Foreign currency (in '000)	Amount (in '000)
Receivable USD	672.00	46,695.07	1,380.00	95,866.67

The carrying amount of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

Particulars	As at March	31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
	Amount in Foreign currency (in '000)	Amount (in '000)	Amount in Foreign currency (in '000)	Amount (in '000)	
Payable USD	672.00	46,695.07	1,380.00	95,866.67	

Foreign currency sensitivity:

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a 5% increase/decrease in foreign currencies exchange rates, with all other variables held constant.

5% increase or decrease in foreign exchange rate will have the following impact on before profit before tax and impact on equity.

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at March	31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
	5% increase	5% decrease	5% increase	5% decrease
Impact on Profit and Loss				
USD	(2,334.75)	2,334.75	(4,793.33)	4,793.33
Total	(2,334.75)	2,334.75	(4,793.33)	4,793.33

a) Equity Risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than purposes. The Group does not actively trade these investments. Profit for the year ended March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 would have been unaffected as the equity investments are FVTOCI and some investments were disposed off during the year and resulting profit/(loss) on sale of investment is recorded in Other Comprehensive Income.

iii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value The Group maintains a cautious liquidity strategy, with a positive cash balance throughout the year. Management monitors the Group's liquidity position through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows. Cash flow from operating activities provides the funds to service and finance the financial liabilities on a day-to-day basis.

The table below provides details regarding the remaining contractual maturities of Group's financial liabilities.

Particulars	Less than 1 Year/ On Demand	1-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2020				
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Borrowings	437,466.49	966.83	314,002.77	752,436.10
Trade Payables	391,146.70			391,146.70
Other payables	253,430.75			253,430.75
	1,082,043.94	966.83	314,002.77	1,397,013.55
As at March 31, 2019				
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Borrowings	551,054.05	1,309.20	377,500.85	929,864.10
Trade Payables	369,986.62			369,986.62
Other payables	244,609.00			244,609.00
	1,165,649.67	1,309.20	377,500.85	1,544,459.72

Note 40: Information on Segment Reporting as per Ind AS 108 on "Operating Segments

Operating Segments are those components of the business whose oprating results are regularly reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision making body in the company to make decisions for performance assessment and resource allocation.

The Group has identified following four reportable primary segments, in terms of Ind AS 108 on 'Operating Segment':

- a. Investment Activities
- b. Advisory and Consultancy services
- c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)
- d. Stock Broking and allied Services

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019
A. Segment Revenue (Sales / Services to external customers):		
a. Investment Activities	18,107.02	14,814.88
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	8,609.34	105,862.50
c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)	23,690.30	132,734.64
d. Stock Broking and allied Services	229,202.72	176,737.96
Total Revenue	279,609.38	430,149.98
B. Segment Results:		
a. Investment Activities	(3,651.54)	(8,344.94)
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	4,349.77	92,918.64
c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)	(12,074.24)	(5,003.19)
d. Stock Broking and allied Services	(31,952.46)	(4,129.33)
Total	(43,328.47)	75,441.18
Add: Unallocable Income	31,255.17	27,129.06
Less: Interest Expense	84,755.37	69,670.70
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	(96,828.67)	32,899.54

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Other Information :		
Segment Assets		
a. Investment Activities	623,749.80	627,378.44
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	3,289.50	96,277.07
c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)	74,342.44	116,898.74
d. Stock Broking and allied Services	979,330.49	1,091,646.00
Others – Unallocated	10,504.81	12,970.05
Total	1,691,217.04	1,945,170.30
Segment Liabilities		
a. Investment Activities	361,481.63	392,372.23
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	-	11.47
c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)	127,841.30	131,085.76
d. Stock Broking and allied Services	977,819.30	1,080,584.95
e. Others – Unallocated	1,303.84	1,650.49
Total	1,468,446.08	1,605,704.91
Capital Expenditure during the year		
Investment Activities		
- Tangible Fixed Assets	-	396.13
- Intangible Fixed Assets	-	-

b. Advisory and Consultancy services	-	-
c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)	695.39	2,665.46
d. Stock Broking and allied Services	10,946.66	13,217.23
e. Others – Unallocated	-	-
Total	11,642.05	16,278.82
Depreciation during the year		
a. Investment Activities	13,538.74	13,458.20
b. Advisory and Consultancy services	145.15	250.60
c. Information Technology Enabled Services (IT)	2,034.15	1,618.89
d. Stock Broking and allied Services	7,747.78	8,259.47
e. Others – Unallocated	-	-
Total	23,465.82	23,587.16

Segmentwise and Customer wise Revenue comprising 10% or more of respective segment of Revenue:

(₹ in '000)

Revenue from	As at March 31, 2020		As at Marc	h 31, 2019
	Revenue	No. of Customers	Revenue	No. of Customers
Investment Activities	14,266.40	2.00	-	-
Advisory Services	5,500.00	1.00	105,862.50	1.00
Total	19,766.40	3.00	105,862.50	1.00

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020			As at March 31, 2019		
	Revenue from Cus- tomers by location	Carrying Amount of Seg- ment Assets by Location	Addition to Fixed Assets	Revenue from Customers by location	Carrying Amount of Seg- ment Assets by Location	Addition to Fixed Assets
Domestic	276,700.04	1,674,876.57	695.39	324,287.48	1,874,193.36	2,665.46
Overseas	2,909.34	46,695.07		105,862.50	95,866.67	
Total	279,609.38	1,721,571.65	695.39	430,149.98	1,970,060.03	2,665.46

Note 41:

Disclosure pursuant to Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 112 "Disclosure of interest in other entities"

- a. Change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary (without ceasing control)
- i) On account of Dilution

During the year 2019-20, the group's continuing interest has been reduced by 5.07 % on account of Issuing 900000 Equity share of Rs 10 to Mrs Deena Asit Mehta on 31-03-2020 and Converting 14% compulsory convertible Debentures into 400000 equity share of Rs 10 to convertible Debenture holder as on 31-12-2020.

- b. Disclosure of subsidiary having material non-controlling interest :
- (i) Summarised Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Asit C. Mehta Investm	ent Intermediates Ltd
	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Revenue	262,888.88	352,738.67
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(52,042.01)	16,056.86
Other comprehensive income	(1,610.03)	(530.78)
Total comprehensive income	(53,652.04)	15,526.09
Profit/(Loss) allocated to non-controlling interest	(30,103.26)	7,891.91
Dividend to non-controlling interest	-	-

(ii) Summarised Balance Sheet

(₹ in '000)

Particulars	Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates		
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Current assets (a)	921,278.26	1,072,550.07	
Current liabilities (b)	(977,148.18)	(1,079,043.00)	
Net current assets (c) = (a) - (b)	(55,869.93)	(6,492.93)	
Non-current assets (d)	96,411.42	92,244.99	
Non-current liabilities (e)	(2,936.83)	(3,511.95)	
Net non-current assets (f) = (d) - (e)	93,474.59	88,733.04	
Net assets (g) = (c) +(f)	37,604.66	82,240.11	
Accumulated non-controlling interest	21,021.00	41,802.65	

(iii) Summarised Cash flows

Particulars	Asit C. Mehta Investment Intermediates Ltd		
	2019-20	2018-19	
Cash flows from operating activities	227,284.39	(253,139.00)	
Cash flows from investing activities	20,164.78	10,580.05	
Cash flows from financing activities	(131,023.50)	105,994.60	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	116,425.67	(136,564.35)	

Notes to Financial Statements:

Note 42:

Additional information pursuant to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013

	Net assets i.e., total assets minus total liabilities		sets minus total Share of Profit or (Loss) Comprehensive income Comprehensive income					
Name of the Entity in the Group	As % of Consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of Consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of Consolidated Other compreh- ensive Income	Amount	As % of Consolidated Other compreh- ensive Income	Amount
Parent Company Asit C. Mehta Financials Services Limited	126.36	3,14,770.65	8.69	(5,059.14)	0.03	(10.69)	5.62	(5,069.83)
Indian Subsidaries Nucleus IT Enabled Services Ltd Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited Total	(21.48) 0.61 105.49	1,511.19		(30,010.08) (52,042.01) (87,111.23)	98.74 5.03 103.80	(31,629.01) (1,610.03) (33,249.73)	59.44	(61,639.09) (53,652.04) (1,20,360.96)
Less: Non-controlling Interest in: Asit C. Mehta Investment Interrmediates Limited Total	5.49 100.00	13,681.15 2,49,101.82	49.61 100.00	(28,884.74) (58,226.49)	3.80 100.00	(1,218.53) (32,031.20)		(30,103.26) (90,257.70)

Note 43:

COVID- 19 IMPACT AND DISCLOSURE

1. The Corona Pandemic has not impacted the operations of the group significantly for the year ended March 31,2020. However, the rental income of the holding Company will be impacted due to its effect on overall demand for rental premises as well as on current occupants. The Business Process outsourcing, Financial advisory and Investment Banking activities are also adversely impacted due to the Pandemic. However, stockbroking related activities have improved due its digital nature of operations. The holding Company is in the process of finalizing a sole mandate to engaging Leading international property consultants to rent out the vacant space in the holding company property in Mumbai.

Based on the Financial Statements of the wholly owned subsidiary (WOS) company, the networth of WOS has got eroded as of March 31, 2020 and it resulted in negative networth of Rs.7,97,82,109/- and Current Liabilities exceeded its Current assets by Rs. 13,57,31,108/-. However, WOS has taken support letter from the group Companies for Financial Assistant till the year end 31.03.2021.

The above figures are after eliminating intra group transcations and intra group balances as at 31.3.2020.

Notes (Including Significant Accounting Policies) 1 to 43

Forming Part of the financial statements

The above Balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

As per our report of even date attached

For Chandrakant & Sevantilal & J. K. shah & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm reg. No: 101676W Asit C mehta Kirit Vora Chairman Director

DIN: 00169048 DIN: 00168907

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(Kiran C. shah) Partner Membership No. 032187 Place : Mumbai Date : 31st July 2020

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries (rs. In lakhs)

Sr. No	Name of the Subsidiary	Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited (NITES)	Asit C Mehta Investment Intermediates Limited (ACMIIL)
1.	Reporting period for the Subsidiary	March 31,2020	March 31,2020
2.	Reporting Currency	Indian Rupees (INR)	Indian Rupees (INR)
3.	Exchange Rate (as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries)		
4.	Share Capital	300.00	1261
5.	Reserves & Surplus	-1097	-885
6.	Total Assets	763	10177
7.	Total Liabilities	1561	9801
8.	Investments	592	88
9.	Turnover	244	2629
10.	Profit Before Tax	-354	-564
11.	Provision for Taxation	54	44
12.	Profit After Tax	-300	-520
13.	Proposed Dividend	-	
14.	% of shareholding	100%	44.10%

Part "B": Associates -Not Applicable

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors

 Asit C. mehta
 Kirit h. Vora

 Chairman
 Director

 DIN: 00169048
 DIN: 00168907

mumbai 31st July, 2020

Note:-

- Nucleus IT Enabled Services Limited., is wholly owned Subsidiary as per the Section 2(87) of the companies Act, 2013 of Asit
 C. Mehta Financial Services Limited.
- 2. Asit C Mehta Investment Intermediates Limited., is controlled subsidiary as per Ind AS 110 (Indian Accounting Standard) of Asit C Mehta Financial Services Limited.